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Am

By ROBERT LONDON
Special to The New York Times

ment of prices in Greece talk forever, calculate you Paris it will Vienna's D. Opa's the Soviet, the sultry.

is also an instrument of tyranny, a mechanism of Medusa, at once irresistible and fiendish, that Greece causes divorce, in elitism, in West Germany insomnia. And in Britain it will connect you to all sorts of people you had no intention of speaking to in the first place.

One other broad finding that emerged from a recent sampling of the curiosities, cost and culture of the telephone in a half-dozen nations is that Americans, despite their own complaints about rising costs, are still better off than they think they are.

U.S. Fares Well
On the whole, telephones in the United States while not appreciably less expensive to run, are easier to get hold of, cheaper to install, and a good deal more reliable in connecting caller to callee than they are in most other parts of the world.

It is not entirely clear why this is so—why, for example, there should be long waiting lists in West Germany and not in America—but one probable cause is that the telephone disease gripped the United States at an earlier age, that living standards rose to a higher level at an earlier point and that efficient mass production was developed to meet the demand. The surge to own a telephone is in other nations a more recent phenomenon, and it has outstripped the available systems of supply and distribution.

According to a recent survey by the Organization of Economic Cooperation and Development, for example, the United States leads the world with 657 telephones per 1,000 inhabitants.

as only per 1,000 inhabitants is suffering from acute national embarrassment over the subject, especially since the Ministry of Post and Telecommunications employs nearly 2 percent of the national work force. France plans to spend over \$20 billion over the next five years to double the number of phones in the country from seven to 15 million.

But what other nations lack in numbers they compensate for in sheer excitement. Telephones in America are more or less faultless—and often tedious—appellages of everyday life. Elsewhere they perform a higher function, testing character and probing the limits of the human spirit.

Britain is a case in point. Like the United States, it is one of the few nations in the world where a phone can be ordered and installed in a week. Its operators are unfailingly polite, and its costs (despite a threefold increase since 1969) are still relatively modest—nine cents for a three-minute call, four cents from a pay phone.

But the bleeps, the whirring, the chance encounter of a woman in suburban Wimbledon. They discussed the drought. Then a third party came on the line. She was interested in the drought, too.

Then all three found a second area of common interest: the telephone system. As it turned out, each person's phone needed repair in the previous month, a random confirmation of another recent survey that showed that

nearly half of all telephones in Britain had been out of order at some point during the last 18 months.

The French, too, suffer from crossed lines, but mainly they suffer from obsolete circuitry, which sometimes requires a caller to try the same number 20 times.

Even then, in many big organizations, all extensions may be busy. Music has been offered to soothe the savage caller: Renault, the automobile maker, plays pop tunes, while others perter classical music.

The Greeks, meanwhile, suffer from their own success and generosity. Only one in five Greeks owns a phone, but the system works well. Businessmen in Cairo have been known to fly to Athens to make their overseas calls, and—according to one account—Prime Minister Constantine Caramanlis cut short an official visit to Egypt last January after trying vainly to reach his Defense Minister in Athens. He started feeling so "uncomfortable" that he took the next plane home.

Installation of a telephone in Greece takes at least a month, and probably longer. This is the standard waiting



African tourists in Moscow trying to talk on a public phone. Long distance calls are fraught with adventure.

notes on Greece. It is a doctor's note certifying trouble. Italy, where there exists a traditional "telephone elite" favors doctors, journalists, public officials with sufficient rank and—

Installation fees in Greece and Italy are also high—\$140. But both countries compensate for these high costs by charging a flat rate of about three cents for all domestic calls, no matter how long.

Yet even in Greece there is trouble. A wave of very high telephone bills swept Athens a year ago, and nearly 2,000 people found themselves paying 18 times the normal charges. Unable to prove they did not make the calls, all of them lost their money.

The government added insult to injury by advising irate husbands to check on the telephone activities of their wives. At least one did, discovered that his wife had a foreign lover, and promptly disconnected not only the phone but the marriage.

On the great scale of frustration, few countries rate as high as the Soviet Union, where only 1 in 15 citizens owns a telephone.

Costs are low—\$27 for installation, \$40 in annual services (less than half what, on average, the Americans, Britons or French would pay), and a mere three cents for all local calls—regardless of length.

Yet waiting lists are long, in part because so much new housing is being built in urban areas.

Long-distance calls are fraught with adventure. A new direct-dial system, for example, assumes strong fingers and a clear mind: To Leningrad from Moscow, one must dial a four-digit prefix, then a seven-digit number for Leningrad, and then, for some reason, the caller's own seven digits. The call does not always go through.

Perhaps it is just as well to fail to get through, for Russians employ a tele-

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American Priest Arrested At Seminary in Argentina

By JUAN de ONIS
Special to The New York Times

BUENOS AIRES, Aug. 5—An American Roman Catholic priest has been arrested in Córdoba Province, in central Argentina, apparently for political reasons, according to the United States Embassy here.

A spokesman said the embassy had been informed of the arrest Tuesday of the Rev. James Martin Weeks, of the LaSalette Novitiate in Hartford.

Five seminarians—four Argentines and a Chilean—were also arrested, the spokesman said.

Father Weeks, who has been working in religious teaching in Argentina since 1967, is the second American to be arrested under security investigations since the military took power here March 24, overthrowing President Isabel Martínez de Perón.

Gwendolyn Mae Loken López, who is married to an Argentine, has been held since April 30 by military authorities in Rosario.

Father Weeks is the 11th Roman Catholic priest to be arrested.

Progressive sectors of the Roman Catholic clergy and lay organizations are the object of investigation by security forces, which consider that some priests have encouraged the growth of left-wing revolutionary groups.

Communist Leader in Portugal Opens Attack on Socialist Plan

By MARVINE HOWE
Special to The New York Times

LISBON, Aug. 5—Alvaro Cunhal, the Portuguese Communist leader, said in Parliament today that the Socialist Government of Prime Minister Mario Soares and its program "do not correspond to the needs of the present situation."

The Communist leader, opening a five-day debate in the National Assembly on the new Government's program, did not say whether his party would present a motion rejecting the program. Such a motion could be approved only if it won an absolute majority of the 263 deputies, which is considered unlikely. It would require a coalition of the three main opposition parties—the Communist, the liberal Popular Democratic Party and the conservative Social Democratic Center.

Both the Communist Party and the Social Democratic Center accused the Government of ambiguity in defining the roles of public and private enterprise, and of overdependence on foreign debts to cover the huge budgetary deficit.

Diogo Freitas do Amaral, president of the Social Democratic Center, conveyed to the Soares Government doubts that many business people were expressing, on "competitive coexistence" between the public

Big Ben Halts Briefly; Chimes Need Repair

LONDON, Aug. 5 (Reuters)

—The clock in the tower above Parliament rattled, banged and stopped early today.

Engineers got the hands moving again, but a Government spokesman said it would take two to three months before the familiar chiming Big Ben, the bell that gives the clock its name, could sound again.

Since 1859 Big Ben has run almost nonstop, its deep chiming a regular feature of British radio at home and abroad, were heard against the background of air-raid sirens in World War II.

Chief Engineer Geoffrey Buggin, who tramped up the 330 steps to inspect the clock at 4:45 A.M., reported that metal fatigue might have caused the breakdown.

British Legislator Who Faked Death Guilty on 4 Counts

Special to The New York Times

LONDON, Aug. 5—John Stonehouse, the former Labor Government Minister who faked death so that he could start a new life in Australia, was found guilty at the Old Bailey tonight of 4 of the 21 charges against him.

The jury, out for more than nine hours, told Sir Edward Eveleigh, the presiding judge, that it could not agree on the remaining counts. Nor could it agree on a verdict on the six charges against his former secretary, Sheila Buckley, aged 30, who was planning to disappear with him.

The jurors have been hearing the case for over 15 weeks. The judge asked the jurors to resume consideration of their verdicts tomorrow and said he would accept majority verdicts.

Mrs. Buckley was released on bail. Mr. Stonehouse, aged 51, who is still a Member of Parliament, was held in custody.

Mr. Stonehouse, deeply involved in floundering business ventures, took out large life-insurance policies, then faked drowning in Miami. He was accused of using forged passports of dead men, and forgery was one of the charges on which he was found guilty.

Whale-Quota Talks Begin
TOKYO, Aug. 5 (AP)—Representatives of Japan, the Soviet Union, South Africa and Brazil opened discussions today to set quotas for next year's catch of sei and minke whales in the Southern Hemisphere.

The quotas for 1978, adopted last August, were 1,331 sei whales and 3,017 minke whales for Japan, 895 sei whales and 3,017 minke whales for the Soviet Union, four sei whales and 642 minke whales for Brazil, and 134 minke whales for South Africa.

Court Rules Japanese Military Is Legal

By ANDREW H. MALCOLM
Special to The New York Times

TOKYO, Aug. 5—In the latest legal decision in Japan's long-est-running controversy, a High Court panel of judges ruled today that this country's maintenance of military forces is legal.

The decision, which reverses a District Court ruling made 35 months ago, sets the stage for a continuation of nationwide legal arguments over Japan's Self-Defense Forces, which were established in 1950 despite a postwar constitutional provision barring the maintenance of land, sea or air forces.

The plaintiffs in the case, a group of farmers from Hokkaido, Japan's northern island, vowed to appeal today's ruling to Japan's Supreme Court.

It will probably be several months before the definitive legal ruling is handed down.

Earlier legal efforts by opponents of Japan's military forces were thwarted when judges dodged the constitutional issues. The legal confrontations began in 1952.

Imposed by U.S.
The fight's focus is the now-famous Article 9 of Japan's Constitution. Imposed by the United States during the occupation after World War II, the article states that "the Japanese people forever renounce war as a sovereign right of the nation and the threat or use of force as means of settling international disputes."

To accomplish this, the same article states, "land, sea, and air forces as well as other war potential, will never be maintained. The right of belligerency of the state will not be recognized."

Nonetheless, beginning 26 years ago during the Korean War, Japan established its Self-Defense Forces. Over the years, this conventionally armed mili-

tary has grown to include 179,000 ground troops, 44,575 in the air force and 41,388 in the navy on more than 200 bases with a total annual budget in excess of \$6.3 billion.

The money represents less than 1 percent of Japan's gross national product compared with almost 10 percent allotted to defense in the United States.

"Education" Program
Today's ruling, which was hailed by the Liberal Democratic Party and denounced by the opposition, comes at a time when the Self-Defense Forces were quietly mounting a long-term "education" program designed to convince the Japanese public of the need for further armament and larger defense budgets.

That campaign is likely to be aided by today's court decision, although much of the Japanese public retains a pacifist outlook and has difficulty seeing any potential military enemies.

Sometimes prodded by defense officials, Japanese papers, magazines and television networks have given heavy coverage to the activities of Soviet intelligence and patrol ships in the Sea of Japan.

The latest legal case over the Japanese for 1969 when the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry permitted the military to build a Nike missile base on the island of Okinawa and to use forest lands in Nagasaki.

More than 350 local residents, claiming that the military use was not in their national interest and that the Self-Defense Forces were a potential "war potential," filed lengthy hearings.

In lengthy hearings, the Government asserted that its forces were defensive in nature and self-defense was an "inherent right of every nation."

CANADIANS REPORT SOVIET PLANE CRASH

HALIFAX, Nova Scotia, Aug. 5 (UPI)—A long-range Soviet military plane apparently has crashed off the coast of Newfoundland, the Canadian maritime command announced today.

Vice Adm. D. S. Boyle said an oil slick and debris had been sighted 230 miles southeast of St. John's, Newfoundland. Authorities said no distress call had been sent by the aircraft, although a Russian fishing trawler went to the scene.

Admiral Boyle said the aircraft was similar to Canada's long-range Argus patrol planes or the American P-3 patrol planes, which normally carry a crew of 10 or 12 men. The aircraft was one of two traveling

from Cuba to the Soviet late yesterday, the admiral said and was outside air space.

He said that as the command's response, the surveillance approaches to Canada came aware that one aircraft was having difficulty.

"We put out an air first light today and debris and an oil slick," he said.

U.S. Aide in Manila
MANILA, Aug. 5 (UPI)—Deputy Secretary of State Charles W. Robinson from Australia today with President Ferdinand Marcos on renegotiating United States-Philippine treaty bases treaty.

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سكرا من الاصل

Greeks and Turks Approach a Crisis Again

By STEVEN V. ROBERTS
Special to The New York Times
ATHENS, Aug. 5—Relations between Greece and Turkey have again approached the boiling point, this time over the dispatch of a Turkish research vessel into the Aegean Sea, which separates these two ancient enemies. Both countries seem reluctant to turn up the heat any higher but to prefer to keep the battle on a verbal level. In such an emotionally charged atmosphere, however, the danger of a mistake or miscalculation remains high.

The core of the dispute is that both countries claim the right to explore for minerals in the same areas of the Aegean. Last week Ankara sent out a converted research boat, Sismik 1, to make seismic studies of the seabed, while threats and counterthreats whistled across the waters.

So far, the vessel has stayed clear of the regions considered sensitive by the Greeks. As one Western diplomat here put it,

"Obviously, neither side wants war over a silly little boat." But that boat symbolizes a wide range of issues dividing these two nations, which have been squabbling over this corner of the world for centuries. These divisions have led directly to Greece's withdrawal from the military wing of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, the continuing deterioration of the alliance's southern defenses and a costly arms race that neither country can afford.

The Greco-Roman empire of Byzantium ruled this region for more than 1,000 years until the Turks captured Constantinople (now Istanbul) in 1453 and established the Ottoman empire. This dynasty dominated the region for the next 450 years or so, and the modern remnants of those two great empires are still scrapping over the remains of lost glory.

Cyprus the Key Issue
The most explosive issue is Cyprus, where Turkish troops have occupied 40 percent of the territory for last two years. The Turkish Cypriot minority says that it cannot live with the Greek Cypriot majority and must have its own state. The ethnic Greeks say the ethnic Turks are demanding too much territory and independence, and negotiations have collapsed. Athens has long controlled the air space over the Aegean, but during the Cyprus crisis Ankara claimed the right to supervise half the region. The Greeks then closed the air space to international traffic. While recent talks have made some progress, it remains closed.

If Greece follows the current international trend and extends its territorial waters from 6 to 12 miles, many passages be-

tween Aegean islands would become exclusively Greek. Turkey warns that such an act might be cause for war, and while Athens asserts the right to claim 12 miles it has not done so.

Greece has armed many of the islands—in violation of international treaties—and Turkey has created a new "Army of the Aegean." As usual, each side blames the other for starting the trouble, and as usual, both are right.

The dispute over mineral rights began in 1973, when Greece discovered oil near the island of Thassos and aroused Ankara's interest. Today, Turkey occupies the mainland of Asia Minor but Greece owns almost all the islands in the eastern Aegean, some only a few miles from the Turkish coast.

The Geneva Convention of 1938 gives any country the right to explore for minerals on its continental shelf, but Greece and Turkey obviously occupy the same shelf.

Athens, which signed the convention, justifies its claims by asserting that islands have continental shelves. Ankara, which did not sign, retorts that the Aegean is a special case and that any interpretation that gives Greece dominant rights is unfair and unacceptable.

Greek officials say that Turkey may eventually make territorial claims over the islands themselves. Some of this rhetoric is clearly for propaganda purposes, but Athens was concerned enough to elicit a letter in April that pledged Washington to oppose the use of force to settle the Aegean dispute.

Many Turks felt cheated and suffocated by having Greek islands off their western shore.

Greek politicians and newspapers have been similarly aggressive. Andreas Papadopoulos, the Socialist leader, said that the Aegean belonged to Greece and accused Prime Minister Constantine Karamanlis of "losing the psychological war" with Turkey.

In recent days Ankara backed down a bit, saying that the Sismik 1 mission was purely scientific and would not prejudice any nation's legal claims.

Athens then said that it would not bother the vessel as long as it did not try to drill for oil.



chant and wave fists as they march through Soweto near Johannesburg. Shortly afterwards, they were dispersed.

Police Shots Halt March of 5,000 on Johannesburg

ed From Page A1, Col. 1
a reference to the r of Justice and Police, T. Kruger. The demonstrators clenched their fists in lack power" gesture and staccato songs. r an initial order to disad been given over louds, the police fired tear-ells. When some of the rs continued to advance, g shots were fired over eads and they scattered e streets.

March, also barred under-ncy measures adopted he Government after ay's disturbances, was ed to protest the deten-ithout trial of scores of ts arrested during the overment upheaval weeks ago, in which 176 died.

Students' objective was Vorster Square, the police x named after the Prime er, where some students eived held. The students e Government. has d to release all students as part of an agreement d to the reopening of : in Soweto two weeks

township encountered no hostility. The township has a million residents and they appear to have resumed normal activities.

For the second day, large numbers of residents stayed away from work in response to student demands for a boycott. Youths with handkerchiefs across their faces, apparently an attempt at protection against tear gas, went out at dawn manning roadblocks and picket lines at the township's rail stations, urging commuters to return home.

Absenteeism in Johannesburg's factories, which rely on black labor, ranged from a quarter to three-quarters of the work forces. Student leaders cited all this as a demonstration of the potential that black workers have to cripple the economy of Tembisa, in the township of Tembisa,

oorth of the city, policemen with staves charged a crowd of 1,000 youths after a liquor store and a beer hall, both Government buildings, were burned. The youths pulled tiles off roofs to hurl at trains and attempted to march on a white-owned store outside the township, where, during the June rioting, a looter was shot dead.

At Kalebog and Phoshoorus, east of the city, there were sporadic incidents of stone-throwing and arson. But the police reported that quiet had been restored by mid-afternoon. In all townships where there were disturbances, absenteeism from schools was high.

During the day a black man in Soweto was shot to death by policemen who said he had been fleeing after a robbery in a store. The incident appeared

unrelated to the student uprisings.

Cape University Damaged
CAPE TOWN, Aug. 6 (Agence France-Presse) — Administration buildings at the University of the Western Cape reportedly suffered more than \$75,000 in damage today after gasoline bombs were thrown through windows by students.

The students had demonstrated in a gesture of solidarity with high school students at Soweto. The university, the only one in South Africa for people of mixed ancestry was closed Monday after students began a week's boycott of classes.

Books, notes and equipment worth about \$30,000 were also reported destroyed by fires in the offices of two senior lecturers. "They are just trying to imitate what happened in the north," said one lecturer.

Five Slain in Attack By Gang in Ethiopia On a Tourist Hotel

NAIROBI, Kenya, Aug. 5 (UPI)—A gang of heavily armed desert bandits stormed a tourist hotel near the Kenyan-Ethiopian border, killing five persons and taking a Freochman hostage, Kenyan officials said today.

More than 20 persons were wounded in the raid early yesterday in Moyale, half a mile inside Ethiopia, the officials said.

"They ransacked the hotel, firing machine guns and lobbing grenades," one official said. "They then fought it out with Ethiopian troops before retreating, apparently with a Frenchman."

"The dead included a French

Sudan Executes 17 More in Coup Attempt

Special to The New York Times
CAIRO, Aug. 5—Seventeen persons accused of having taken part in the July coup attempt against President Gaafar al-Nimeiry of the Sudan were executed by firing squad at dawn today, the Sudanese Government announced. Yesterday, 81 were executed and 216 persons are still on trial.

Among those executed today was Brig. Gen. Mohammed Nur Saed who allegedly confessed to having been the military leader of the coup attempt and to having planned it in London with two exiled Sudanese politicians. However, he pleaded not guilty to the charges.

In London, one of the politicians, former Prime Minister Sadik al-Mahdi, admitted yesterday that he had planned the attempted coup. Denying the executions, described by some as the largest number reported by an African state in recent years, Mr. Mahdi said there is a "mounting dialogue of bloodshed in our country."

Trouble for Nimeiry Seen
He is a descendant of Ahmad ibn Abdullah, the Mahdi, or Guided One who led the Sudanese in a revolt against British and Egyptian rule and killed Geo. Charles Gordon in 1885.

however, is said to have executed 33 after coup attempts, beginning in 1966.

He is a member of the conservative Moslem Ansar sect.

The July uprising, the second coup attempt within a year, and the tough reaction by General Nimeiry, are indications that his leadership may be in trouble, sources in Cairo say.

Normally, the Sudan has a fair system of justice that avoids the spilling of blood, one source said. General Nimeiry,

educated at Oxford, Mr. Mahdi was Prime Minister for a year beginning in 1966.

According to reliable reports, the Sudan's population appears to have stood by and watched while the fighting took place. Nearly 800 people were killed.

There were no indications of significant support for the rebels from the military, it was said. And General Nimeiry appears to have the solid support of soldiers from the south, whose black Christian and pagan tribesmen fought the Moslem northern Sudanese until President Nimeiry granted them a measure of regional autonomy in 1972.

General Nimeiry, a moderate who strongly supports the Government of President Anwar el-Sadat in Egypt, has been the focus of coup attempts from both right and left. Last month's attempt was less a matter of ideology than a "power grab," according to people here well informed on the events in Khartoum.

They say there is little doubt that the Libyan leader, Col. Muammar el-Qaddafi, gave support to the rebels as alleged by the Sudan and Egypt. Libya, however, issued a statement saying the trials of the rebels had not produced any evidence of Libyan involvement.

BBC, Citing Restraint, Closing Office in India
LONDON, Aug. 5 (AP)—The British Broadcasting Corporation announced today that "with reluctance" it was closing its office in New Delhi because of censorship by the Indian Government.

A statement from the public finance corporation said that since the imposition of censorship last summer, the New Delhi office "has been unable either to contribute to our programs or act as agent for program makers—and the BBC does not think it would be right to maintain the office in these circumstances."



The New York Times/Aug. 4, 1974
Attack took place at Moyale on Ethiopian side of border. There is also a Moyale on Kenyan side.

Some Peking Residents Returning to Their Homes

ROSS H. MUNRO
Tobes and MAIL, Toronto
G, Friday, Aug. 6—c fell last night in capital, a man and s were carrying parts across the road from tent shelters toward ment block. "Coming home?" a strange bicycle asked bing home," he replied affirmative smile. an and his family are small but increasing e Peking residents e leaving the post-ke shantytowns and ack to their apart-

a five-mile bicycle and part of the city signs were seen being torn was clear that majority of residents sleeping outside.

Other Signs
ople are returning to arguments for longer to cook, wash, relax, few cases, to sleep, as half the lights in blocks were at 8 P.M. and count- could be seen in levels of the four- rison in Pe-

ere other signs of a relaxation of period that bled last week ter the earthquake tered on the Tang- . Almost two days sed without any from the Foreign summarizing after-ctivity and asking s in Peking to re-

main vigilant. Meanwhile some foreigners who had been scheduled to visit Peking at this time have now reportedly been told that they will probably be able to come at the end of this month.

In the shantytowns at night, life seemed to be relaxed. People were demonstrating that, apart from just sitting and talking, the most popular way to spend a quiet evening in Peking is playing cards. On a five-mile bicycle ride one passes hundreds of clusters of men and boys and—something not seen outdoors before the emergency—woman and girls slapping cards onto a playing surface that is often nothing more than a piece of paper placed on the pavement.

For the women and girls the most popular pastimes seem to be knitting, crocheting and embroidery. A few men and boys play checkers and Chinese chess.

Some people listen to portable radios. Some read books and newspapers by street-lamp or flashlight. Quite a few of them are looking at Reference News, a limited-circulation publication forbidden to foreigners that carries items from Western news agencies and newspapers.

Despite two days of warm, sunny weather, public hygiene still doesn't appear to be a problem. There are hardly any piles of refuse and odors are still at a minimum.

People are using the usual toilets in or near their apart-

ment blocks or special privies set up in buses or occasionally dug in the ground.

With the appearance during the last two days of posters reading "Beware of fire and theft," oil lamps have almost disappeared from inside the highly flammable shelters. But authorities continue to demonstrate their concern about theft and rowdiness, although no direct signs of these have been detected by foreigners.

The militia patrols that were becoming increasingly evident in past weeks have been augmented by soldiers, often armed with fixed bayonets in the evenings, patrolling in twos in areas of the city where they were rarely if ever seen before the emergency.

Koreans Exchange Fire Along the Truce Front

PANMUNJOM, Korea, Aug. 5 (UPI)—South and North Korean soldiers exchanged gunfire today along the eastern sector of their 151-mile truce front. No casualties were reported.

The incident was reported by both the United Nations Command and North Korea at the 378th meeting of the Korean Military Armistice Commission held later at this truce village.

A United Nations Command official said the commission considered the clash "certainly a serious incident" but added, "We are not alarmed." Communist officials were not immediately available for comment.

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CHINA'S PRIME MINISTER VISITS QUAKE AREA: Hua Kuo-feng talking to survivors of the July 28 earthquake in Tangshan. He urged them to restore industrial production and rebuild their homes.

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Lebanese Truce Hopes Dashed Again

U.S. Says Soviet Nuclear Tests May Violate the Spirit of Treaty

By HENRY TANNER
Special to The New York Times

BEIRUT, Lebanon, Aug. 5—Hopes for an immediate cease-fire in Lebanon, which had sprung up overnight, were dashed today when Interior Minister Camille Chamoun, one of the main right-wing Christian leaders, accused Iraq of having sent troops into Beirut to fight on the side of the Palestinians.

A meeting of the Lebanese-Syrian-Palestinian cease-fire commission, which had been set for this afternoon, was abruptly canceled after Mr. Chamoun made his accusations. No new date was set.

Mr. Chamoun charged that two soldiers of the Iraqi People's Army were taken prisoner last night during fighting on the front of Ain Rummaneh, a Christian suburb south-east of Beirut. He said they had confessed that they were part of an Iraqi force sent to Egypt and from there to southern Lebanon by ship a few days ago.

Iraq and Egypt are involved in a bitter feud with Syria, which is playing the predominant role here.

The Iraqi People's Army is the militia of the ruling Iraqi Baath Party. The Syrian-Iraqi feud had its roots in the split of the Baath Party into Syrian and Iraqi wings. Mr. Chamoun's charges thus seemed calculated to disturb the political leadership in Damascus.

Moslem and Palestinian officials were quick to say that Mr. Chamoun had made his charges to gain time for Christian militias to press their attack on the beleaguered Palestinian camp of Tell Zaatar and to try to force the surrender of the Palestinian garrison in Nabaa, an isolated Moslem slum area in eastern Beirut.

All through the night, Tell Zaatar and Nabaa were subjected to one of the most intensive artillery bombardments of the war. Palestinian and leftist Moslem forces in turn fired on Christian positions and some of the



Moslem refugees flee from a Christian sector of Beirut.

Continued From Page A1, Col. 3

second part of his six-nation swing was one of irritation with those in the Administration who had divulged such information about the bias to reporters.

Initial reports described the Soviet detonations as definitely beyond the 150-kiloton limit. Reporters on the plane were told, however, that the intelligence community had not conclusively decided the 150-kiloton ceiling had been breached.

Intensity Range Cited

Whenever there is a Soviet explosion, reporters were told, the initial data can supply only a range of intensity. Mr. Kissinger was irked that while the Administration was still sifting the data, the top possibility of 200 kilotons was mentioned to reporters, but not the low possibility of 100 kilotons, which would be acceptable under the treaty.

This morning before leaving London, Mr. Kissinger conferred with Prime Minister James Callaghan on the Rhodesian situation and ways of promoting a settlement there.

Tomorrow, Mr. Kissinger flies to the summer home of Shah Mohammed Riza Pahlavi on the Caspian Sea for a visit to a caviar factory and for talks on the world situation generally, the Middle East and Iraq's own military and political situation.

Among the topics to be discussed is Iran's desire to barter surplus heavy crude oil for the military systems it has ordered from the United States. Discussions also will continue on a sale of six to eight nuclear power reactors to Iran.

Moscow Fire Destroys Australian Chancellery

MOSCOW, Aug. 5 (Reuters)—Fire today destroyed the chancellery offices of the Australian Embassy here and damaged part of the Ambassador's residence, an embassy spokesman said.

The fire, detected late last night, took more than 100 firemen about eight hours to extinguish. Damage was estimated at tens of thousands of dollars, the spokesman added.

There were no casualties, and confidential documents were recovered undamaged from fireproof safes in the embassy's registry he said.

The fire started between the ceiling of the first and second floors, the spokesman said, adding: "It was probably from an electrical fault, but we just don't know."

The alarm was raised by the Ambassador, Sir James Pimms, he alerted a Soviet policeman on duty outside the neighboring Finnish Embassy and then carried to safety his personal art collection.

Smith Sets Conditions

QUE QUE, Rhodesia, Aug. 5 (Reuters)—Prime Minister Ian D. Smith welcomed today any United States moves to help resolve his country's constitutional crisis; but said they would have to be supported by formal talks with his Government.



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and I do...
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residential areas with mortars, field artillery and rockets.

On some of the other fronts, the Arab League peace-keeping force here, Palestinian and Moslem and Palestinian officials were quick to say that Mr. Chamoun had made his charges to gain time for Christian militias to press their attack on the beleaguered Palestinian camp of Tell Zaatar and to try to force the surrender of the Palestinian garrison in Nabaa, an isolated Moslem slum area in eastern Beirut.

All through the night, Tell Zaatar and Nabaa were subjected to one of the most intensive artillery bombardments of the war. Palestinian and leftist Moslem forces in turn fired on Christian positions and some of the

the Arab League, announced after talks with Syrian Government leaders in Damascus that he would convene the first meeting of the mixed cease-fire commission this afternoon in the mountain village of Sofar, on the Beirut-Damascus highway.

This is the meeting that has now been postponed.

The mixed commission was to consist of officers of the opposing Lebanese factions, Syria and the Palestine Liberation Organization. Its chairman is Dr. D. Smith welcomed today any United States moves to help resolve his country's constitutional crisis; but said they would have to be supported by formal talks with his Government.

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Teamster Aide Resigning After Refusal to Testify

By LEE DEMBART

One of the most powerful men of the largest pension fund of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters is resigning after taking the Fifth Amendment before Labor Department investigators, well-known sources said yesterday.

The resignation of William Presser of Cleveland, who was instrumental in determining how loans from the Central Areas Pension Fund, was made at a meeting of trustees in Chicago earlier this week. The \$1.4 billion fund has been target of a year-long investigation by the Labor and Justice Departments and by the Internal Revenue Service, which revoked the fund's tax-exempt status because of mismanagement and questionable loan practices.

Expected to Resign

Presser is expected to resign as trustee of the fund, sources said. He is Frank Ranney, former official from Milwaukee and Coral Springs, Fla.

Like Mr. Presser, cited his reasons against self-incrimination in answering questions about the fund's operations.

A decision of the trustees to urge the two members was a clear indication of their strategy to project an image of themselves as clean-up the pension fund.

These guys realize that the pens are going to fall in on them if they don't do something," said Arthur L. Fox, executive director of PROUD, the teamster watchdog organization.

Presser, who is 69 years old, has been convicted three times of crimes stemming from union activities, but he remains a vice president of the teamsters and member of their central executive board.

Six Subpoenaed

The pension fund he had chaired, the loans committee, and, along with Dorffman, a Chicago income magnate with ties to organized crime, he decided to receive loans from the fund.

Between the two of them, Hoffa policy of giving loans buddies rather than to qualified applicants was perpetuated, Mr. Fox said.

James R. Hoffa, who has been missing for a year, was president of the teamsters for 17 years.

Five of the 16 trustees of the pension fund, including the

Our Mothers Charge Beech-Nut With 'False' Ads on Baby Food

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 5—A production suit was filed in court here today charging the Baker/Beech-Nut Nutrition, Canajoharie, N.C., manufacturer of commercial baby foods, with "false advertising."

The suit was brought by four mothers, Julie Eriks, Priscilla Barbara Lurie and Rárcó Urne-Young, who live in the area. It grew out of a mailing advertising campaign in which Frank C. Nicholson, the company president, wrote to 760,000 mothers that their children in 20 states "earn" them of the "danger" of home-prepared baby food.

The letter argues that the letter is a scare tactic with grossly misleading and false information about home made baby food designed to induce new mothers to buy Beech-Nut's products.

Public Advocates Inc., a local interest law firm, filed the suit, which also charged the company with "statutory and common law fraud."

Beech-Nut letter, mailed last fall, was said to include the following warnings:

"At home-made baby food such as spinach puree, carrot or carrot soup, all generally

S. Given Names Alleged Pushers New Drug Fight

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5 (AP)—Names of 200 suspected narcotics dealers have been turned over to the Internal Revenue Service for special audits as a major new Federal effort against illegal drug traffic, Commissioner Donald Brewer said today.

Federal Drug Enforcement Administration pulled the names from its files of people who have been unable to charge narcotics violations. Mr. Brewer said the revenue department would look for evidence of evasion.

The 200 are classified by the agency as Class 1 narcotics violators.

These are the organizers, financiers, the guys who touch the drug," a drug spokesman said.

An agreement between the agencies to cooperate was signed July 27. It is an apparatus of previous I.R.S. under Mr. Alexander, which I.R.S. was not a special investigating agency tax collector.

Alexander told a Ways and Means subcommittee that he had changed his policy to focus on looking for tax evaders. He said his agency is not investigating the imported

dividuals "because they are narcotics violators, but because they are tax evaders."

Although the 200 have not been accused or convicted of any drug crimes, the drug agency spokesman said the agency classified them as narcotics violators "because all the circumstances point to it."

"They have been in organized crime... indications of telephone calls, sometimes with various known violators or associates of them, plus when they are arrested with \$200,000 in cash in their pockets," he said.

Mr. Alexander said his agency's cooperation in the effort was not inconsistent with his previous statements against using tax laws to combat crime.

In an appearance earlier today before a Senate subcommittee, Representative Charles A. Vanik, Democrat of Ohio, discussed the new drug drive and noted that President Ford had directed the Secretary of the Treasury to work with the Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Service to develop a tax enforcement program aimed at high-level drug traffickers.

Florida Fall Kills Jerseyan

MIAMI BEACH, Aug. 5 (UPI)—David Marshall, 23 years old, of Haledon, N.J., fell four floors from the balcony of his room at a Miami Beach hotel as he climbed the balcony of his room to a room occupied by friends, the Miami Beach police reported.

Scientist Says Iron in Martian Soil Would Turn an Earth Desert Red

By VICTOR K. McELHENY

Special to The New York Times

PASADENA, Calif., Aug. 5—About 14 percent of the atoms in the red Martian soil being studied by the Viking lander's inorganic chemistry instrument are iron, a scientist announced here today.

Dr. Priestley Toulmin of the United States Geological Survey, head of the Viking inorganic chemistry team, said that the percentage was much higher than is needed to make a desert on earth appear red.

meat, flight controllers here were preparing for an active day tomorrow aboard the automated craft on Mars.

Both of its cameras are to take pictures of a malfunctioning soil-collection boom and an organic analysis instrument is to be operated.

Additional nutrients, containing radioactive carbon, is to be fed to a so-called labeled-release experiment in the Viking biology package laboratory.

The first readings from that experiment last weekend

showed a rate of chemical reaction in a sample of Martian soil so far above what was expected that some scientists had wondered if there was a biological cause.

Dr. Patricia Straat of the Viking biology team said in an interview that the reaction had virtually stopped, presumably because something that fueled it had run out.

If the reaction starts up again after nutrient is added, according to instructions already recorded in the Viking's computer, this would be evidence

that the missing factor is in the nutrient rather than in the Martian soil, Dr. Straat said.

At the Jet Propulsion Laboratory here, Dr. Toulmin said readings from the Viking lander's X-ray fluorescent spectrometer, which received its soil sample July 28, pointed to rocks of "a generally basaltic composition" mixed in with several types of iron oxides.

Basaltic rocks result from complete melting of their parent materials, as happens in the interior of a planet.

The iron content of the Mar-

tian samples, Dr. Toulmin said, was much higher than in basalt rocks found on the earth or on the moon.

17 Yugoslav Miners Killed

BREZZA, Yugoslavia, Aug. 5 (AP)—An explosion killed 17 miners 600 feet underground here early today, the official press agency Tanjug reported. Ten of the 101 miners who escaped were slightly hurt, doctors said.

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Senator Howard H. Baker Jr., Republican of Tennessee, getting into his car outside the White House after meeting with President Ford yesterday.

President to Delay His Choice For No. 2 Spot Until Convention

Continued From Page A1, Col. 4. H. Baker Jr. of Tennessee, who was a bit more enthusiastic calling Mr. Connally "an outstanding man."

Utah Democratic Leaders Urge Howe To Drop Re-election Bid

SALT LAKE CITY, Aug. 5 (AP)—Democratic Party officials from Representative Allan Howe's Congressional District voted 253 to 188 last night to ask him to stop seeking re-election.

'Knee-Jerk' View Barred By Reagan and Schweiker

By JON NORDHEIMER. Special to The New York Times. ELIZABETH, N.J., Aug. 5—it appears that in the initial stages of their alliance, he is told Richard S. Schweiker after not yet prepared to move quite the two men met in the living room of the Reagan home in California 12 days ago.

REAGAN GAINS SIX IN TOUR OF 2 STATES

Continued From Page A1, Col. 5. Brooklyn, where Mr. Reagan, escorted by a nine-car two-bus Secret Service, police and press caravan, met for an hour with three uncommitted delegates in the office of the Brooklyn Republican chairman, George L. Clark Jr.

Beer Drivers End Strike

BALTIMORE, Aug. 5 (UPI)—Beer truck drivers who went on strike more than a month ago ratified contracts today with the Winner, Terminal and Schlitz distributing companies.



New Jersey Republican delegates declaring their support for Ronald Reagan yesterday in Elizabeth. From left: Sears of Mr. Reagan's staff; Donald Katz, Walt Warner, speaking, Joe Iglesias and Tom Bruinooge, delegates.

Reagan Lags in Drive in Mississippi

Continued From Page A1, Col. 7. liberal measures because his Pennsylvania constituents expected him to do so. Ford supporters in the delegation seemed almost contented as they left the meeting.

5 Presidential Candidates To Get \$566,561 From

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5 (AP)—The Federal Election Commission certified today \$566,561 in matching funds for 11 presidential candidates who competed in the final spring primaries.

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Woomer Elected to Run Against Brock

ALBANY, Aug. 5 (UPI)—A former Tennessee legislator, Woomer, won his nomination for the State Senate today and to run against Sen. Brock, the Republican, in November.

Sasser, a 39-year-old lawyer making his bid for elective office, defeated John Jay Hooker Jr., a former legislator and a candidate in three previous elections.

Other candidates in the race were David Bolla, an industrial engineer in London and the son-in-law of the late Senator Sasser, and Harry Sad-Nashville automobile salesman from 1964, or 41 percent of the state's 2,306 pre-gave Mr. Sasser 137,868 or 44 percent, to Mr. Sasser's 97,529, or 31 percent. The other candidates had an 8 percent each.

Mr. Brock was unopposed in the Republican primary nomination to a second term. Many of his supporters urged a cross-over vote for Mr. Brock.

Cross-over voting is a Tennessee and the Rem saw Mr. Hooker as an opponent for the come Mr. Brock.

House primaries were

strenuously contested. Nine candidates were competing for the Democratic nomination to run for the seat of Representative Joe L. Evin, who is retiring after 28 years in the House.

The attention in this race focused on Albert A. Gore Jr., who was seeking the seat held by his father for seven terms before he was elected to the Senate and J. Stanley Rogers, the majority leader in the Tennessee House of Representatives and a friend of Jimmy Carter, the Democratic Presidential nominee.

In the Seventh District, Representative Ed Jones, a conservative Democrat, was challenged by an even more conservative State Representative, Larry Bates, who accused the incumbent of being "a liberal."

Democratic nominations in both these districts is equivalent to election since the Republicans did not have candidates in them.

In the other six Congressional Districts, three Democratic and three Republican incumbents were unopposed for re-nomination.

COSMETICS MAKERS TOLD TO BACK ADS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5 (AP)—The Food and Drug Administration has ordered cosmetics manufacturers to begin backing up claims that their products cause few adverse reactions.

Such claims cannot be made until scientific studies have been conducted showing that a product causes significantly fewer adverse reactions in human test volunteers than competing products, the agency said.

Cosmetics that made hypo-allergenic claims on or before June 6, 1975, do not have to produce such studies until the same date next year, however,

the order said.

The agency revoked a stay on the effective date of the order after two cosmetics manufacturers lost a suit in Federal District Court in which they challenged the validity of the regulation. The court ruled in the agency's favor last June 30 and Alexander M. Schmidt, Commissioner of Food and Drugs, refused the companies' request to continue the stay while they appealed.

Prelata's Garden Barrad MARSEILLES, France, Aug. 5 (AP)—Three gasoline bombs were thrown early today into the garden of Archbishop Roger Etchegaray, the president of the French conference of Roman Catholic bishops, the police reported.

Nominee for Chief of Staff Vows To Protect Lawyers for Cadets

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5 (UPI)—Gen. Bernard W. Rogers, President Ford's choice as Army Chief of Staff, promised Congress today that he would take "appropriate action" against any Army officers harassing the defense of West Point military cadets accused of violating the cadet honor code.

"We don't need that kind of action in our Army today," General Rogers told the Senate Armed Services Committee during a hearing on his nomination. "I can assure you appropriate action would be taken."

General Rogers, a former commandant of cadets at West Point and a Vietnam War veteran, said 182 cadets had thus far been accused of violating the honor code in the current cheating scandal.

He made his comments in response to concern voiced by Senator Sam Nunn, Democrat of Georgia, about charges that the cadets' defense lawyers, all regular Army officers, were being harassed. Senator Nunn's own subcommittee is currently holding formal hearings on the cadet honor code.

"The defense lawyers have said they are being intimidated by the Army with threats of transfers and bad personnel records," Senator Nunn said. "These allegations from regular Army officers assigned to de-

fect the cadets are a very serious matter."

Three defense lawyers had testified in a separate hearing yesterday before an informal Congressional panel that they had been subjected to pressures from superiors and derogatory statements that could hurt their careers as a result of their assigned defense of accused cadets.

One of the officers, Capt. Daniel H. Sharporn, said his personnel file contained derogatory statements about him that stemmed from his defense work.

Another defense lawyer, Capt. Burk E. Bishop, said his request to defer a transfer that would have removed him from the case was denied, even though such requests were usually granted. The third officer, Capt. Arthur F. Lincoln, also cited pressures from superiors.

General Rogers said he favored having some alternative to automatic expulsion as a punishment for violating the honor code, adding that the cadet who turns himself in, knowing it will end his career, really is the type of person the Army needs.

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Conquering a Phobia That Makes Healthy Women Stay Home

By JUDY KLEMESRUD

A little more than a year ago, Irene Fields was afraid to leave her house in Fort Washington, L.I. She couldn't go to the beach, "because it was so open, and crossing it made me feel like I was standing on top of the Empire State Building, ready to fall." She couldn't go shopping, she couldn't plant a garden, she couldn't play Bingo with her women friends.

"I couldn't do much of anything," the sandy-haired, 38-year-old mother of two said the other day. "I just stayed in the house, because it was the only place I felt safe and secure."

Today, however, Irene Fields (that's not her real name) can leave her house and do all of the things that she used to do. The reason: She successfully completed a 10-week program for victims of agoraphobia, the fear of open and public places that results in an inability to leave one's home.

"I don't think I'm cured; I think I'm arrested," Mrs. Fields says today. "I'm a nurse, and I know all the logic behind this. I still have to give myself an extra push whenever I cross an avenue. But I do go everywhere now."

Mrs. Fields is one of 80 persons—almost all of them women—who have been treated for agoraphobia at the Long Island Jewish-Hillside Medical Center in New Hyde Park, L.I., under

a four-year-old program funded by the National Institute of Mental Health. Of those treated, 80 percent have remained improved, said Dr. Charlotte Zitron, a psychiatrist who heads the hospital's phobia clinic, while 20 percent have had a relapse.

Why does agoraphobia strike more women than men? "It's more acceptable for women to be mentally ill than men," Dr. Zitron said. "Our culture allows them to stay home and be mentally ill while the men go out and work. If men ever do get the symptoms, they force themselves to go out and work."

Dr. Zitron said that agoraphobics commonly suffer not only the inability to leave their homes, but also from seemingly unrelated "panic attacks" that come suddenly and without warning. Symptoms of these attacks include shortness of breath, dizziness, dry mouth, confusion, trembling, fear, jelly legs, pounding heartbeat and sweats.

No Single Cause

"The most common onset of agoraphobia is a panic attack," Dr. Zitron said. "These attacks come almost out of the blue, and after a person has had one, they fear that another attack will strike them while they're away from home and that they're going to die or something terrible is going to happen to them."

There is no single or simple cause

of agoraphobia, she said, adding that some doctors speculate that the panic attacks could be caused by hormonal changes, possibly by over-stimulants such as coffee or by certain medications that the patient doesn't tolerate well.

Dr. Zitron estimated that six out of every 1,000 people are agoraphobic, and that four out of five of the victims are women. In England, she said, agoraphobia is called the "homebound housewives' syndrome," an organization called the Phobias Society has been founded there to help English women deal with the illness.

"It is the most serious phobia of all," she said, "because women can't do anything alone, like go out and shop, or ride a subway or bus, or pick up a child from school. It really interferes with lives, more than any other phobia."

Treatment in the Long Island Jewish-Hillside Medical Center program consists basically of individual and group therapy sessions, with some of the women receiving Imipramine, an antidepressant that is effective in curbing the panic attacks. Other women receive a placebo, a standard practice in research projects to measure the effectiveness of the medication.

So far, a 91 percent success rate has been reported with the patients that were treated with Imipramine and therapy, and a 71 percent success rate with placebo and therapy.

In the group sessions, the women first meet at the hospital and then make field trips to such places as a neighborhood shopping center, a restaurant, a New York City department store, and other public places where they were once afraid to go. At first they travel together, and walk through the area by themselves, and then make the trip home alone.

"One of the first places my group visited was Mays department store, about three blocks from the hospital," Mrs. Fields recalled. "It was a wide open area, and I still get the shivers thinking about it. Our therapist, Harold Ron, said we were going to walk back one by one. The avenue was so wide I couldn't cross it. I was bawling my eyes out, and Mr. Ron kept saying, 'You're going to cross it yourself,' and I said, 'I can't.' Well, I did, and it was kind of a turning point for me."

Mrs. Fields suffered from agoraphobia for four years; other patients in the program have had the illness for periods ranging from two months to 20 years. Some have had prior psychotherapy, which had not helped.

"I had my first panic attack a year ago, and it felt like I was having a heart attack," said Marie Dougherty, 33, of Long Beach, L. I., the wife of an accountant and the mother of three. "Since January, I've barely gone out of

the house. You remember that first attack you had, and after that, you just want to stay home."

Mrs. Dougherty was one of seven women who were attending their weekly group therapy session the other day at the hospital; the cost is anywhere from \$2 to \$50 a session, depending on their incomes. All appeared to be in their 20's, 30's and 40's, and all were married with children. And all said their husbands were "eager to have them cured of their agoraphobic conditions."

Effect of Husband

"This is not always the case," Dr. Zitron said. "Some husbands foster it, and are very uncooperative, and impede their wives' improvement. They like to keep their wives at home and dependent."

She added that when a woman was freed of her phobia, her marital relationship often changed, even to the point of separating from or divorcing her husband.

This was the seven women's fourth session, and most of them said they felt better already, after their trips to a restaurant, a shopping center, a department store and a bus ride to Forest Hills and back.

Almost all of the women said they were still afraid of fainting in public, but only one of them, a 41-year-old, 45-year-old housewife from Roslyn, L.I., said she had ever actually fainted.

"I passed out one night at the while Tom Jones was there," she said with a smile. "Everyone kidded me because they thought it was because I was terrified of being out in a place. In fact, every time I go out where, even with my husband, I pass out."

According to Dr. Zitron, 50 percent of agoraphobics have a history of separation anxiety, which means they were afraid to do such things as their mother to go to school, or to or to visit friends. She also said women from Jewish and Italian backgrounds often tend to be close-knit loving, suffer from agoraphobia often than women from other groups.

A Great Neck, L. I., woman, 46, of a housing contractor, is one of 80 percent of the program's graduates who have remained improved.

"I was lucky — I only [agoraphobia] for two months," she said. "I just couldn't function in the house and stand at the end stare at a pot. I really thought I was having a nervous breakdown. I considered having myself cut somewhere."

"Then I heard about this program and I took the course," she said. "It was like a really miracle in my life. I can go any place now

As a Fashion Show, It Was a Good Party

By ANGELA TAYLOR

"They didn't show any clothes!" exclaimed Lionel Lerner, a theatrical agent, who was one of the mob of 2,000 who turned up for a bash given by the men's clothing division of Yves Saint Laurent. "It was twice as long as World War II." Mr. Lerner, a former Londoner, added that you could look in the windows of that city's Jermyn Street and see more men's fashions than appeared on stage.

Well, they did show clothes, sort of. After a wait of over two hours at the rotunda at 79th Street and the Hudson River on Wednesday night, Alexis Smith and a dozen chorus boys presented a brief, Off-Broadway musical revue. About 90 percent of

the guests couldn't see the stage, those at the front tables got a look at some private-eye raincoats, a few suits, some leather jackets, sweaters and shirts, as the lads gyrated and did Rockette kicks.

Miss Smith, who seems to be vying for the late Judy Garland's crown as the darling of the camp followers, sang, threw silver balls at the chorus or tapped them with a riding crop. At one point, the number became a striptease, with the chorus flinging off jackets, shirts and sweaters and coyly threatening to remove their pants, to the howls of the crowd.

As a fashion show, as Mr. Lerner said, it was a bomb. But as a party, it must have set some sort of a record for liveliness and confusion. The host,

Yvon C. Dibe of the Saint Laurent organization, had expected 1,000. But despite the vigilance of an army of Pinkerton guards in resplendent uniforms (complete with fourragères) to keep out gate-crashers, everybody brought their best friends. Including, as Robert L. Green, the men's fashion expert, put it, the friends they had met 20 minutes before.

The food — mussels, cold chicken, cold cuts and salad — was good, but the buffet tables were constantly in a state of either food and no plates, or plates and no food. Normally well-behaved guests began acting like famine victims as the night wore on. They got hungry. They had, after all, been invited for 7 o'clock, and a good many had arrived on time, to Mr. Dibe's dismay. "I thought everybody would be late, we hadn't planned the show until after dark," he said, as he rushed around replacing wine bottles in the ice-filled flowerpots at the tables.

The invitations had read "Dress: fabulous." For Victor Hugo, the artist, fabulous meant a red undershirt, blue jeans and a red beret. Other male attire ranged from elegant three-piece suits to Greek sailors' houses or black silk overhouses which are a big thing at Saint Laurent for meo this season.

The women guests had been caught off-balance without new Saint Laurent peasant dresses. Several had found loose, flowered dresses in their closets and piled on jewelry to look like gypsy fortune-tellers. Many settled for tying up their pants at the ankle with shoestrings. Kehelah Harkness wore a simple baby pink and blue ombre dress and came with Geoffrey Holder, who wore black and an enormous hunk of jade as a pendant. Livia Weintraub's dress was a Giorgio Sant'Angelo affair of many colors, with a skirt that seemed to be made of twisted streamers.

As for the fashion show that hardly was, Mr. Green understood the problem. As a former fashion editor of Playboy magazine he had put on many shows: "When you have a limited number of clothes, you add a dance number," he remarked.

Mr. Lerner, who kept shaking his head when the display ended abruptly, added: "It's like a girl who teases you all night, and then slams the door in your face."

If anyone is really interested in

what the much-acclaimed designer is doing in men's fashions, they might just go look in the Saint Laurent boutiques around town.

Adolfo's party for his second men's collection, earlier this week, was a much more sedate affair. It was held at Sotheby Parke-Bernet, beginning in one of the display galleries and moving into the auction room for the show proper. In a sea of store executives and manufacturers dressed in sober suits, white shirts and "sincere" ties, the best man's tailoring turned up on women. Beverly Johnson, the model, in a navy blue and white pants, and Nancy Kaplan, of the Saks store in Houston, in a three-piece pants suit by Pierre Cardin, both looked nifty.

The guests milled around, drinking wine and stuffing on canapés, and a few looked at the paintings.

"Do you know anything about art?" blue suit asked gray suit. "No, but I like it," answered the man in gray.

A small, plump woman in a short, one-shouldered dress, stared at Andy Warhol, who was in a Brooks Brothers jacket and jeans and was photographing photographers snapping him.

"What's all this fuss about Warhol?" she muttered. "Is he a photographer or something? He goes to all the parties." (He does indeed, he was also at Saint Laurent's). The woman was much happier seeing Celeste Holm. Now, that was a real celebrity. And Gladys Solomon, one of the most loyal of the Adolfo groupies, certainly looked like a celebrity in her high straw hat.

Adolfo did a proper fashion show for his spring and summer collection, and it was a little like a wedding with something old, something new, something borrowed and something blue. Besides, the first model led off in a three-piece white suit piped in white satin and a white top hat, and looked like a bridegroom.

Then followed an idea so old that it was laughed off the map when it appeared in the mid-1950's: formal knee-length shorts. A black silk dinner suit with a vest above shorts and black silk socks made the model look as though he'd forgotten to put on his pants. A similar suit, all white, would be perfect for a belated First Communion.



Alexis Smith leads the chorus boys at Saint Laurent's splashy party and token fashion show.

Adolfo uses mattress ticking for suit, left. He also revived the idea of formal shorts.

The designer was infinitely better off with a dandy new idea—a group of sport things and a business suit in blue and white cotton mattress ticking. It's a welcome idea to replace drip-dry seersucker.

The least ostentatious new idea—the revival of natural fiber pure cotton and real silk after a decade of synthetics—should be Adolfo and his manufacturer, Les Paris, a vote of gratitude.

PARENTS/CHILDREN

The Pressure to Win, the Pain of Losing

By CLAIRE BERMAN

Watching the Olympic Games last week, witnessing a succession of athletes straining to outperform one another, the 5-year-old turned from the television set to her father and asked, "Why is there so much fuss over winning? Why can't they all just enjoy playing the games?"

This same child, in an informal ball game at the day camp she attends, repeatedly questions her counselor, "Am I winning?" and "How many points do I have?" Clearly, her reality is not based upon the concept she so precociously expounded to her father. There are some who would view the little girl's developing competitiveness with dismay, others who see it as "adjusting to real life."

Ideally, believes Dr. Lee Salk, professor of psychology in pediatrics and psychiatry at the Cornell University Medical College, children (and adults) ought to compete against themselves.

"One person's success shouldn't depend upon the failure of another," he said. "To strive to do a better job than you did before is the impetus to greatest growth. In dealing with my own children I son, 15, and daughter, 31, I've continually stressed the pleasure and importance of the process, of the activity itself."

This ideal is too seldom realized, however, Dr. Salk has found.

"Children tend to set up competitive situations early in life," he said. "I've worked

with groups of youngsters in camp situations, and I've seen them, like chicks establishing a pecking order, develop some structure in order to establish their leadership and the position of each child within the group."

The grownups who supervise the children can turn this competitive situation into a positive learning experience. "The attitude of the adult is the key to whether a child develops a sense of his own integrity," Dr. Salk said. "In his view, people have more difficulty cooperating rather than competing in life. Team play can offer a good framework for the teaching of cooperation."

Frequent Criticism

But problems of competition are exacerbated when adults (parents, coaches, counselors) allow themselves to become involved in the competition, when they see themselves as winning or losing through the success or failure of the youngsters. This has been a frequent criticism of such organized sports as Little League baseball and Pop Warner football.

"It's adult exploitation of children," Dr. Salk said. "Nobody can tell me that the little boy who comes to bat before an audience of his parents and his friends' parents and the team backers—and there's two out and the bases are loaded—isn't feeling terrible pressure that's inappropriate to his age and the activity."

Children of 8...9...10...11... should get together informally with friends, choose up sides and play a game. If the teams are unevenly matched, it may be

wise to realign the sides—not to produce a winning combination, but to increase the enjoyment of the participants.

A Needed Ingredient

"You can't have sports without competition," said Tom Costello, a former Giants linebacker. For the last 10 years, he and his brother, Jim, have owned and operated Tom Costello's Sports Camp in Millert, Pa. When the athlete describes his camp's program and policy, he sounds a lot like the child psychiatrist.

"We have color war," Mr. Costello said, referring to a traditional—and in recent years—controversial form of competition that pits one half of the campers against the other, each under a different color flag.

"It's a highlight of our program. But it's not a contest to see who's the biggest and the best. The staff has a very good idea of the abilities of our campers [130 boys aged 8 to 15], and we set up teams in such a way that they are fairly evenly matched. As a result, the team scores always are close and the competition generally is the other, each under a different color flag."

"It's a highlight of our program. But it's not a contest to see who's the biggest and the best. The staff has a very good idea of the abilities of our campers [130 boys aged 8 to 15], and we set up teams in such a way that they are fairly evenly matched. As a result, the team scores always are close and the competition generally is the other, each under a different color flag."

Why have color war then?

Where Trouble Lurks

"This may be the first time in their lives that many children get a healthy exposure to an organized type of athletic event," Mr. Costello said.

"We make it very clear to our counselors that they be wary of involving their own egos in the performances of their charges or in the out-

come of the game. That's the one area where there could be trouble: when a coach seeks fulfillment of his childhood dreams of glory through the kids. But that doesn't happen here. Our biggest concern during color war is to get each boy involved in a group effort. It's a positive experience."

The schedule also allows for every child to compete against himself. Individual programs in jogging and swimming permit campers to set their own goals, work to accomplish them. A log is kept of each boy's progress. At the end of his stay, each camper can receive a T-shirt proclaiming his achievement: 10-mile jogging champ; 7-mile swimming champion.

Losing a Problem, Too

"While it may not be advisable to stress winning," Mr. Costello said, "don't kid yourself. Too much losing isn't the healthiest thing in the world. Every child has something he can contribute to the group. Every child can be a winner."

Richard Beatty, 17, a six-year veteran of Mr. Costello's camp and this summer, a member of the staff, said, "The most important thing I learned at camp, is how to lose. That's something very few people realize is important, but when I first came here, at the age of 10, my whole life was sports. I was a bit spoiled by some early competence and I couldn't accept defeat."

"While a whole lot of winning takes place at a so-called competitive camp, you have to lose a lot of the time as well, because you're

always playing. Eventually, I stopped throwing tantrums. That was a big thing for me."

"There's a lot of competition in life. You try to win, but you have to learn how to pick yourself up and go on after you lose. Sports camp taught me that."

A Place for Fun

Patricia Becker, for the last eight years director of the Y.W.C.A.'s Camp Lenox in Bear Mountain, N.Y., said, "Camps shouldn't mirror life. Life is competition. That's why camps are places where kids should relax, have fun, develop talents and skills, have a chance to do what they want with some guidance."

Mrs. Becker and her husband are the parents of eight children.

"We try to find the areas that each excels in and let each shine in his or her own way," she said. "Some of our children swim very well, some sing, some run, some play football. Our 17-year-old son, Jeff, is a great cook. We think that's terrific, and so does he."

Not surprisingly, Mrs. Becker is opposed to color war. "Occasionally," she said, "we've had counselors who've suggested it, and I always managed to turn down that suggestion—with an explanation. Campers who want to become involved in athletic activities certainly can find enough going on to satisfy that interest, but the child who just wants some time to read has a right to find a quiet corner and read. They'll all be heading home soon, and going back to school. There's time enough for competition then."

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Dick Ciampa, right, at the site of the townhouse-condominium development that his company is building in Gramere on Staten Island.

ALAN S. OSER

development of attached townhouses that is rising on Staten Island end of the East River may be the future in housing in the city.

A ripple rather than a wave, the level of production is not expected to rise dramatically in Queens and the island open land sufficient for residential development. Economic, legal and other factors are working to encourage the development of townhouses built in a row.

In Queens, the direct result of the rise in the price of housing is the rise in the price of the land. At the Staten Island end, there are to be 277 one-family houses in 23 buildings. Each contains 8, 10 or 12 units. Each house has its own driveway from the street. The total site is 17 acres.

There are significant differences from past patterns. There is no parking, no swimming pool, no fenced all-weather court and more attached to a street system.

The townhouses are to be owned and built in a row. The land is to be divided into open spaces as an attempt to provide for people to live as the architect, Victor Marrero, put it.

Mr. Ciampa is the architect which is making its appearance in the growing acceptance of the townhouse and the of tax abatement. The so-called Section 87D, it would not be build any for-sale the city in development of substantial scale that makes it possible to provide land plan space and recreation.

To encourage just developments that the ad a planned unit

development ordinance and a large-scale zoning ordinance a few years ago. In planned unit development, builders can get a density bonus up to 20 percent for providing open space and various amenities in a large-scale project. Large-scale zoning permits waivers of various zoning requirements in large projects, and the builder can ask for larger densities.

The Ciampa Organization was the first to obtain city approval for a planned unit development, the award-winning Parsons Village in Whitestone, Queens. Later, Ciampa worked with the city's planners again to develop a proposal for 466 units of housing on a 13-acre site along the East River in the Beechhurst section of Whitestone.

Hearings were never held on that plan, to which community opposition was intense. Instead, the Beechhurst proposal has been revised to a call for a more conventional development of 80 attached two-family houses. That plan, which won a required rezoning from the City Planning Commission over community opposition, comes before the Board of Estimate on Aug. 19.

Whatever the outcome in Queens, the experience has left the Ciampa Organization disillusioned with the prospects for working with city government on development planning. "Communities are getting more militant, and they are negative to any development process whatever," said Dominick Ciampa, a 42-year-old engineering graduate of New York University and a partner in the family-run Ciampa Organization. Recent changes in the City Charter to require local hearings on all land-use changes will "make the process harder and slower still," he said.

That view, common among builders, is disputed by the chairman of the City Planning Commission, Victor Marrero. But in any event, Ciampa found in the Gramere site land that could be developed entirely "as of right"—with no city approvals required or sought—and spurred bonuses or waivers to develop it that way.

The land lies between the Staten Island Expressway and Fingerboard Road. It was formerly occupied by a Lutheran school for orphans. The Ciampa Organization took title in April 1975 and already has "delivered" 10 houses to buyers and sold all

57 units in the first section, Mr. Ciampa said. Sales contracts for the second section are being signed now.

The first section consists of three-bedroom and four-bedroom units. In the second section Ciampa has added two-bedroom houses selling at \$46,950. The larger models range in price from about \$53,000 to \$58,000. The estimated monthly carrying charges—\$333 for the two-bedroom and \$377 for the four-bedroom—are held down in the early years by the tax abatement program. Taxes move in stages to 100 percent over 10 years, going up 20 percent every two years. Thus, if a normal full tax for a unit of this sort is figured at about \$1,600 a year, the buyer saves about \$8,000 over 10 years.

The condominium form made it possible for Ciampa to build a private street system, obviating the need for the usual six-month to one-year delay in getting a system approved.

Furthermore, private streets permitted an increase in the normal density. City streets must be excluded from the land area used for calculating permissible density, but private streets need not be. "With city streets we would have lost about 15 percent of the units," said Mr. Warman, the architect.

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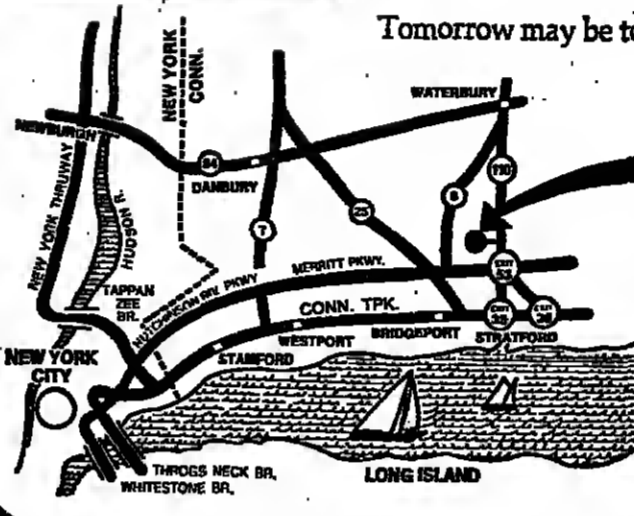


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Oronoque Village is a Connecticut Joint Venture. This advertisement is not an offering which can be made only by formal prospectus, N.Y. 704. Agent: Leonard J. Riccio Associates

Continuous Bargaining Due In 15-Week Rubber Strike

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5 (UPI)—Labor Secretary W. J. Usery Jr. today virtually ordered negotiators for the United Rubber Workers union and the industry to meet again in his office Saturday "prepared to remain in continuous bargaining" in an effort to end a 15-week-old strike.

He transmitted the request in strongly worded telegrams to the negotiators, who broke off talks in Washington last week. The strike against the Big Four of the industry began April 20 and is affecting 70,000 workers.

Mr. Usery said that he and James Searce, director of the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, would be present when the negotiations resumed Saturday morning.

"You are urged and expected to enter these negotiations with a determination to bring an end to this conflict," the wire said. "Come prepared to remain in continuous bargaining."

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Mystery Disease Called Not Contagious

By RICHARD D. LYONS
Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5—The Federal government's chief epidemiologist told a Senate hearing today that the number of new cases of the mysterious flu-like disease that has killed 23 persons in Pennsylvania was "diminishing rapidly" and that the ailment did not seem to be contagious.

Dr. David J. Sencer, director of the National Center for Disease Control, told a hearing of the Senate Health subcommittee that since the ailment was almost certainly not swine influenza, as had first been feared.

He testified that his scientists had determined several diseases that the mystery disease was not—such as plague and several other exotic ailments—but that they were still unsure of its identity and might never know its cause.

It is possible, Dr. Sencer said, that the disease is caused by either a virus or "a toxic substance."

Noting that more than 150 persons had been hospitalized, Dr. Sencer said, "We're still getting a few new cases but there is a down-slope on the curve of occurrence."

He added that there had been no secondary cases and that this lack of contagiousness had eliminated swine influenza as the cause because "in a typical outbreak of influenza we would be seeing secondary cases."

As to offering advice to the public, Dr. Sencer said that "until we know the etiology

there is nothing we could recommend to the public."

Mindful of the mystery disease, and the seeming possibility at first that it could have been swine influenza, both the Senate Health subcommittee of the Labor and Public Welfare Committee and the House Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee considered legislation to indemnify persons who might suffer side effects from swine flu vaccine that the government is seeking to use for mass immunizations.

At both hearings the four drug companies manufacturing the vaccine and the insurance companies that have failed to provide insurance coverage for the pharmaceutical houses were chastized for failing to act in the public interest.

Senator Edward M. Kennedy, Democrat of Massachusetts and chairman of the Health subcommittee, accused the insurance companies of falling "to assume a responsibility."

"It is extremely difficult to understand this position in view of the fact that over the past 10 years we have given some 20 million or more influenza immunization a year, with liability suits amounting to appreciably less than 1 per 10 million immunizations, and where settlements have been extremely modest in dollar amounts," he added.

At the separate hearing by the House panel, Representative Henry A. Waxman, Democrat of California, was even more emphatic, accusing both the drug houses and insurance

companies of attempting "to blackmail" the Federal Government into assuming all liability for the use of the anti flu vaccine.

At issue before the House Commerce Committee was a bill introduced with the cooperation of the Ford Administration that would have the government assume some of the legal liability for possible injuries suffered by persons who suffered violent reactions to the vaccine and filed lawsuits.

The bill would specifically have all suits alleging injury directed against the Government, rather than either the dispensers of the vaccine, or its manufacturers, or insurance companies.

Under the terms of the bill, if a person were injured or died as a result of immunization and a lawsuit against the Government were successful, the Justice Department would sue the manufacturer if it were found to be negligent.

This provision prompted sharp opposition from many members of the House panel, who argued that it would change the concept of liability in American law.

Expressing what appeared to be the committee consensus, Mr. Waxman said the members should not allow themselves "to be panicked into acting when we don't know what we're doing."

After members were informed that the Pennsylvania illness apparently was not linked to swine influenza they postponed further action until next Tuesday.



Mildred Ralph holds flag presented to her by members of the American Legion at the funeral for her son, held in Williamsstown, Pa. He died from the mysterious disease.

A Puzzled Town Buries Its Dead

By JAMES T. WOOLEN
Special to The New York Times

WILLIAMSTOWN, Pa., Aug. 5—In Fairview Cemetery today, an elderly caretaker tamped the dark hearth of a new grave.

"I never thought I'd be doing this," he said. "I buried his grandfather and his father, too, but I thought he'd bury me."

He paused to rest, mopping his face with a handkerchief and staring at the green mountains rising on both sides of him.

"The young ones ought to bury the old ones," he said. "That's the way it's supposed to be, isn't it?"

His question hung in the air, unanswered. From far across the broad Appalachian valley came the harsh laughter of a crow.

It was not the way it was supposed to be, not here in this village or in any of the other Pennsylvania communities struck by a mysterious, malevolent organism blamed for the death of at least 23 people linked in some way to an American Legion convention held in Philadelphia two weeks ago.

Two of Williams town's 1,570 citizens have died, and like most of the other victims, both of them were young.

James T. Dolan, a 39-year-old bachelor, was buried yesterday in the Sacred Heart of Jesus Cemetery on the eastern boundary of the village. Today, in Fairview, on the western boundary, John B. Ralph, a 41-year-old father of two boys, was buried.

"It just doesn't make any sense," Mr. Ralph's mother said today after his funeral. "It's just not the way it's supposed to be."

Still, this is a town whose rhythms were once measured by the shriek of a coal mine's blaxon, a town where irrational death is no stranger, and so there were no tears at Post 239 of the American Legion today.

"You live in a place like this, and you learn that life just goes on," said Richard M. Dolan, the post commander who had shared hotel accommodations in Philadelphia with both of the victims.

"This isn't the first time we can't figure it out, and it probably won't be the last time."

There were nods of agreement along the Legion hall's dimly lit bar where more than two dozen members and their wives repaired today after Mr. Ralph's funeral. Although the laughter was subdued, it was there, as abundant as the beer and the Canadian whisky.

"I don't think we're fatalists," James Schmitz said, "but if it had been one of us, Jimmy and J. B. would be here right now. They loved the Legion. There was hardly a day passed that they weren't in here."

That, at least, made sense.

for there is hardly a soul in Williamsstown for whom Post 239 is not the center of life—a place to drink, to swap gossip, to dance, to look to for civic leadership and charity.

After the coal mine closed in 1939, for instance, it was Post 239 that provided the capital and the land for an electronics factory that now employs 300 people and probably saved the town from extinction.

Because of its rich ethnic mix, this town rarely misses a holiday.

"We have the St. Patrick's Day Dance, and we have the Slavic Dance, and we have an Oktoberfest," Joseph F. Welch said, "and then, just in case we miss anybody, we have the Balk Ball, which gets just about everybody. Of course, everybody comes to all the other dances anyway."

And the festivities all take place at Post 239, a rambling, three-story, yellow brick building on Market Street adorned with flags outside and large reproductions of such combat scenes as the raising of the flag on Iwo Jima inside.

"My God, how they loved this place," said Joseph C. Flynn. "They'd both come in here—Jimmy and J. B.—and they'd drink beer and argue

about everything, and they really argue, you know, we all do, and we all have friends."

The houses in Williamsstown march up the narrow streets, ascending long mountain to a bare where the mine's slag burned for 50 years, and there, looking down into green valley, the visitor struck not only by the town's beauty, but by the flags.

There are flags on poles and flags on flower beds, and flags trailing from front porches and window sills, and affixed to the white ramic awnings that dot of Williamsstown's lawns.

And at the Sacred of Jesus Cemetery, a of flags decorated the g including James T. Dolan and at Fairview, until a bronze standard for old caretaker to fine work, was a flag for B. Ralph.

"I guess you could get more flags than the old man said, I around at the rows of and the dozens of little ones." "Yes, sir, I guess could say we got more here than anything else."

"But that's the way supposed to be, isn't it?"

Doctors Doubt Flu Virus Caused Mystery Deaths; Toll Rises to 23

Continued From Page A1, Col. 1

been a falloff in such cases on Monday and Tuesday.

"We are optimistic about this," Dr. Bachman said.

Victims of the illness have been discharged from hospitals after treatment, the health official said. Dr. Bachman, who practiced anesthesiology, said that some patients had improved after oxygen therapy, close nursing care and other supportive measures.

However, some patients have not responded as well to these general measures.

Dr. Bachman said that the possibility of swine influenza's being the problem was "much less now" and that other viruses and "some form of toxin" were the most likely causes.

Governor Shapp, who made his first appearance at these conferences, which have been held daily this week, said "some preliminary test data from our state laboratory indicates that the American Legion illness is probably not an influenza virus. At this time, however, it is too early to be entirely conclusive."

He also said, "Our laboratory is continuing its exhaustive tests to discover the nature of the disease and we are hopeful that the results of these tests and of those being conducted at the Center for Disease Control in Atlanta will give us a more definitive answer in the near future."

The evidence for Mr. Shapp's remarks came from tests that Dr. Jay Satz and his staff of virologists performed before

down today at the state laboratory in Philadelphia.

Hours after the outbreak was first recognized last Monday, virologists brought specimens of lung and other organs obtained at autopsies from fatal cases and also swabs of throat secretions and feces from living patients.

"They were excellent specimens" for virological testing, Dr. Satz said.

This material was injected into chick embryos, cells growing in tissue cultures in test tubes, and other biological systems as means of growing a virus, if such was the cause of the mysterious illness.

Portions of these specimens and others that arrived later were divided and flown to the Center for Disease Control in Atlanta where scientists began about 10 hours later.

After the injected material had harvested in the eggs for 48 hours, Dr. Satz staff removed tissue from the eggs and added it to red blood cells as a test to detect evidence of the possibility of incubating influenza virus.

Influenza virus has the capacity to make red cells aggregate or clump together.

But in today's testing, the red cells did not aggregate, which officials said tended to make them discount the possibility of influenza virus as the causative agent.

However, Dr. Satz cautioned that "many strains of influenza virus at times are very weak when they grow in the chick embryo and we must sus-

cept of inoculate new eggs with this egg fluid, which somehow can increase viral growth" if influenza virus is present. The new tests will take 48 more hours before the procedure is repeated.

Dr. Satz said that results of another series of tests involving tissue cultures showed that some type of virus might be growing from specimens obtained from three unidentified patients.

The virologist said that to begin to prove that the damage produced by the tissue culture cells in the test tubes was due to a virus his staff would have to remove the material and inject it into a fresh group of cells in another test tube.

The specimens from these three patients had produced cell damage in the test tube, which Dr. Satz noted could have resulted from a toxic effect of the pathological tissues.

The procedure will take another 48 hours.

On the basis of the nature of the outbreak and the preliminary tests, Dr. Satz observed "if this is a virus it is a very unusual virus."

"I am treating this organism in my laboratory as an extremely dangerous one," Dr. Satz said, and added: "I don't know how dangerous it is. I only know it has killed over 20 people. I have to consider my own life and the lives of my technical people, and we are using every precaution that we have available to us in studying this agent."

Dr. Satz also said that a fungus had been ruled out as a possible cause on the basis

of preliminary laboratory tests because "we do not know of any fungal disease that would cause this type of problem in just a few days. Fungal diseases are very serious and can kill, but it takes weeks for the pneumonitis [pneumonia] to develop."

Dr. Bachman said that psittacosis, which is also called ornithosis or parrot fever, had been ruled out by laboratory tests as a cause of the outbreak. The possibility of this diagnosis was raised by a Pennsylvania physician yesterday on the basis of his patients' recovery after treatment with tetracycline, an antibiotic that is effective against psittacosis.

Dr. Bachman stressed that the evidence to date showed that antibiotics had no known effect on the disease. The condition of many patients improved without antibiotic therapy and some patients died despite antibiotic therapy, Dr. Bachman said.

When Dr. Bachman was asked if the medical detectives had investigated whether researchers at a medical school, drug company or research laboratory were testing a highly virulent organism or doing genetic recombinations studies that might be a cause of the outbreak, he said:

"We haven't done that yet!"

because it was of a lower priority than other investigations now being conducted. "It's a very far-out possibility," he said.

Dr. Bachman said that technicians were testing for chemicals, poisons and other toxins that might be present in the brains, kidneys, livers, lungs and fat tissues sampled after postmortem examinations.

These tests, he said, "have yielded no results at the present time."

Dr. William E. Parlin, the state epidemiologist, said that on the basis of the epidemiological data thus far, "We do not have some one thing under a great deal of suspicion. This isn't ringing a clear bell for us."

Dr. Bachman said that though he had been "practicing long enough to be baffled by diseases people get," he believed some natural cause would be detected but that it might take some time.

When Dr. Bachman was asked the possibility that no cause might ever be found, he said: "I pledge that this investigation will continue if it takes a year or two. It is important that we get to the bottom of the outbreak."

ONE HUNDRED SUMMERS AID THE FRESH AIR FUND

Federal Disease Center Studies Victims' Tissues

By HAROLD M. SCHEMCK Jr.
Special to The New York Times

ATLANTA, Aug. 5—As they devoted largely to a search for have every day since Sunday, virologists, bacteria, fungi or any other conceivable cause of disease that might have brought samples of human tissues, clues to the mysterious outbreak of illness in Pennsylvania that has killed 23 persons so far.

The samples—blood, lung tissue, throat swabbings and other material—are being flown to the Federal Government's Center for Disease Control, where they are immediately put into dozens of different test systems. This is a key part of the effort to find out what it was that felled so many American Legionnaires who attended a convention in Philadelphia last month.

Officials at the center said that in addition to the deaths, more than 150 people had become acutely ill in the Pennsylvania outbreak.

The Center for Disease Control is one of the world's most sophisticated public health investigative organizations.

100 Join Investigation.

While specimens have been arriving here, the center has been sending investigators to Pennsylvania daily to help state and local experts determine the cause of the outbreak.

At a briefing today, Dr. H. Bruce Dull, an assistant director of the center, said more than 100 of its professionals, 26 of them now in Pennsylvania, were working full time on the investigation. Officers of the center have been unable to recall any previous investigation for which so many staff members were so quickly thrown into the effort.

The combined Federal, state and local investigation involves numerous activities, including interviewing patients and their families, examining the buildings and even checking weather reports for the last several months for patterns that might offer a clue.

The work at the center is

Parts of the first specimens, which arrived Monday night, and later ones were quickly prepared for viewing under the light microscope and the more powerful electron microscope.

Other samples were tested directly for the presence of virus or bacteria by other means.

At the same time, efforts were made to grow any bacteria in the samples on laboratory culture plates, and further samples were injected into fertile hens' eggs to promote growth of viruses. Laboratory animals were also injected with material from the Pennsylvania samples for the same purpose.

All Tests Negative

So far this effort to narrow down the cause of the outbreak seems to have eliminated many "easy" possible solutions, leaving large question marks.

The tests to date have been negative. Influenza or infection with some other virus seemed a likely possibility at the start, as did one or another bacterial infection. The common bacteria have now been largely eliminated as possible causes.

No evidence has been found of the fungus-like organisms that might cause illness of the types observed in the outbreak. And the theory that a common virus is responsible seems less and less likely as the days go by, experts here said.

These results seem to leave the field of possibilities more and more open to some unknown toxin, some specialists said, either a natural poison or some manmade chemical that might have contaminated the Legionnaires' environment during the convention. Dr. Dull stressed that there had been no evidence of intentional contamination.

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FRIDAY, AUGUST 6, 1976

Bear Bryant Yields to Ballet Formation



Matthew Diamond, above, displays his agility as a dancer. At left, he shares his knowledge of body motion with tackles, fullbacks and linebackers from the Alabama team.

By GERALD ESKENAZI

Maybe it was just as well that Bear Bryant never what his Alabama football players were doing...

training session in schools until late August. So the players had to volunteer to attend the dancing classes.

Since many of them were going to the school's summer session, it was easy to get 15 or 20 players for each day's hour-long workout.

"We did pliés and things like that," said Diamond. "A plié is a knee bend. It trains the muscles and stops the guys from rolling their ankles."

His players also walked on half-toes, pointing and flexing their feet. That was good for their Achilles tendons and calf muscles.

Diamond also spoke of teaching them grand batte-

Continued on Page A 12, Col. 4

Knicks Draft Denton, Center, As Barnes Is Taken by Pistons

By THOMAS ROGERS

Disappointed at not having been able to get a power forward, the Knicks picked up Randy Denton, a 6-foot 10-inch center, in yesterday's dispersal draft of American Basketball Association players.

Marvin Barnes, the 6-9 center from St. Louis, whom the Knicks had wanted, went to the Detroit Pistons.

A total of 12 players of 20 offered at pre-determined prices from the Spirits of St. Louis and Kentucky Chinoels was selected by 10 National Basketball Association teams.

The players were selected by a telephone hookup of all 22 N.B.A. franchises, including the four new ones from the A.B.A.—the New York Nets, Indiana Pacers, San Antonio Spurs and Denver Nuggets.

The Knicks had the sixth pick, and several players they were interested in had already been chosen.

The Chicago Bulls, picking first because they had the worst record in the league last year, selected Artis Gilmore, the 7-2 center from Kentucky for \$1.1 million.

The Atlanta Hawks, next to pick, traded their choice in the draft to the Portland Trail Blazers for Geoff Petrie, a starting guard, and Steve Hawes, a reserve forward.

Portland then selected Maurice Lucas, a 6-9 forward from Kentucky, for \$300,000.

Then, as the fifth team to pick, the Trail Blazers spent \$350,000 to acquire Moses Malone, a 6-10 center from St. Louis.

"Basically, we feel we got two proven players with professional experience and gave up only one player," a Hawk spokesman said.

Picking third, Kansas City went for Ron Boone, 6-2 guard from St. Louis. Then Detroit selected Barnes. Boone cost \$250,000 and Barnes \$500,000.

The Knicks then picked Denton from St. Louis for \$50,000. He played five seasons for four A.B.A. teams, averaging 12.3 points and nine rebounds a game. His contract has a year to run.

"He's been highly thought of in both leagues," said Eddie Donovan, the Knicks general manager. "He's a good shooter and moves well. We thought he was the best player available at the time of our pick. We're thinking of him strictly as a center."

Donovan said he had been in touch with other teams up to five minutes before the start of the draft, but had been unable to make a deal.

"We will continue to talk to other teams in hopes of making a trade before the opening of training camp," he said.

Milwaukee, which had the eighth pick after a pass by New Orleans, traded its selection to Buffalo for the Braves' second-round choice in next year's college draft. The Braves then picked Bird Averitt, 6-2 guard from Kentucky, for \$125,000.

Other players taken in the first round were Wilbur Jones, 6-8 forward from Kentucky, by Indiana for \$50,000; Ron Thomas, 6-6 forward from Kentucky, by Houston for \$15,000; Lou Dampier, 6-0 guard from Kentucky, by San Antonio for \$20,000, and Jan van Breda Kniff, 6-7 forward from Kentucky, by the New York Nets for \$60,000.

After the first round, the only player picked was Mike Barr, 6-3 guard from St. Louis, by Kansas City for \$12,750. All other teams passed during the second and third rounds, making the eight players not selected free agents.

Now able to make a deal for themselves with any team were Steve Green, Fred Lewis, Mike D'Antoni and Barry Parkhill of St. Louis and Johnny Neumann, Allen Murphy, Jim Conner and Jim Baker of St. Louis.

The Nets, who won the

Continued on Page A 12, Col. 5

Cabby Nets Unexpected Tip



Howard Henkin in familiar surroundings. Below, talking lessons in unfamiliar sport.

The taxi driver had had enough of Billie Jean King's backseat driving. "Look, I don't teach you how to play tennis," he yelled at his passenger, "so don't teach me how to drive a cab!"

In a conciliatory gesture, the impetuous Mrs. King promptly invited Howard Henkin to attend a New York Sets match as her guest. At the match, when the taxi driver casually commented on how easy the game looked, Mrs. King posed a challenge match. Tonight, the Brooklyn-horn Henkin will meet her challenge before a few thousand fans at the Nassau Coliseum.

To prepare for the test, Henkin put himself on a diet and cut out drinking and smoking. "It's boring," he admits.

It is not known whether Mrs. King has given up her favorite treats — ice cream and beer — as part of her training for the match.



Umpires Questioned

Brewers, Rain Top Yankees

By FAYTON KEESE

Special to The New York Times

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 5—It rained today at County Stadium. On and off, like the tap on a beer keg at the local pub. The lights were turned on early, though they hardly penetrated the gloom hovering beneath the low-hanging clouds and fog.

The ground crews emptied bags of sand in strategic places, the blue-shirted umpires got soaked, the 27,156 fans huddled under gobs of plastic and the Milwaukee Brewers beat the New York Yankees, 9-3, in a rain-shortened game.

Although it was more like playing inside a beer keg, the Brewers seemed to thrive in the mess, whereas the Yankees slipped, got filthy and, more significantly, had three players injured: Willie Randolph, Sandy Alomar and Fred Stanley.

Umpires Questioned

Manager Billy Martin was furious and implied the umpires to call a halt. They finally did, calling for the tarpaulin after six innings, waiting the required half-hour and calling the contest at that point.

The Yankees' president, Gabe Paul, attended the game and made the following statement: "The umpires used very, very bad judgment in letting the game continue under such terrible conditions. They should not have let the game be played. It was obvious after all the rain was coming down that someone was going to be hurt."

"I'm not contesting the

Continued on Page A 13, Col. 3

Grant, Busch Call 'Secret' N.L. Parley

TURRAY CHASS

Grant of the St. Louis Cardinals, at recent baseball owners' meeting of National League...

league president, and John Gaherin, baseball's chief labor negotiator.

"We are meeting," Grant confirmed yesterday, "but we were hoping that it would be a secret meeting."

Although the labor agreement already has been ratified, some owners in both leagues were still disturbed

that their request for another meeting before voting was ignored. They felt the agreement was railroaded through.

Busch was especially vehement in his opposition to the Agreement and Grant was strongly in favor of delaying ratification until the terms could be discussed more completely.

Gaherin would be the most vulnerable member of the negotiating team because he is the only one who is not a baseball owner or official.

However, he was joined in negotiations by Feeney and Lee MacPhail, the American League president, and they, in turn, were strictly guided by the six owners who compromised the player relations committee.

All of the committee members recommended ratification of the four-year agreement that gives players freedom of movement for the first time.

The way the angry owners see it, Feeney is in double jeopardy because he also was intimately involved in the Toronto situation.

The National League had a chance to grab Toronto and, at the same time, solve the Bay Area dilemma by approving the sale and shift of the San Francisco Giants to Toronto last winter. Labatt, a Canadian brewer, wanted to buy the Giants and even offered to pay all expenses incurred in the lawsuit the

Continued on Page A 12, Col. 4



M. Donald Grant, left, and August A. Busch Jr.

Catering to the Inner Olympian

the triumphs and abrasions of the Montreal are forgotten, the picture that will stay longest in that of a muscular character who has just storm pausing on his way out of the mess hall...

First to catch the eye of the visitor here were framed graffiti boards on the walls, decorated with free-hand artwork, messages, love notes and commentary.

Next on the list of scenic splendors were the shelves of vanishing strawberries and raspberries. Cantaloupe, watermelon, pineapples, mangoes, cherries, blueberries and other fruit were popular, but the strawberries and raspberries disappeared most swiftly.

The staff of 1,000 included 180 chefs and cooks. Many items were cooked to order, like steaks rare, medium-rare or well-done, scrambled, straight up, shirred, poached or over easy.

Royal Rib Steak, Well

Almost a million meals were served, consuming 200,000 pounds of beef, 60,000 pounds of seafood, 60,000 pounds of poultry, 200,000 pounds of potatoes and 300,000 pounds of other vegetables.

"We had a revolving menu that repeated itself every five days," M'sieu Gagnon said, "and I tried to provide what I call the human dimension. If you live in a good hotel with an excellent restaurant, after two or three days you want to go out to eat. So we tried to provide little changes, something different each day. Then I asked the delegations to give me the names of their members who had a birthday, and we would have a 7-pound birthday cake."

"Then I thought, if I won a gold medal I would like a party. So we would bake a 10-pound cake for any gold-medal winner and his delegation. The human dimension. Me? I worked about 15-hours a day."

Nadia Comaneci, Rumania's queen of the gymnasts, isn't much bigger than a cup of yogurt and Jack Marshall of ARA said that's all he ever saw her eat. The appetites of most athletes vary according to circumstance—whether they are nervous approaching competition, defeated and dejected or triumphantly hungry. Weight lifters were always hungry.

Queen Elizabeth II of Britain, perhaps the dining hall's most distinguished guest up to now, takes her rib steak well done. The Duke of Edinburgh chose fish and rice with spaghetti sauce. Prince Andrew had steak. The Queen had strawberries with whipped cream for dessert, Prince Andrew apple pie, Prince Philip nothing.

Vanishing Berries

ical meal offered: 5 entrees, 7 vegetables, 14 soups, 10 varieties of bread and rolls and 10. With hardly a dissenting voice, the athletes the quality and quantity of the food and especially 24-hour service that enabled them to follow their hours of training and competition without regard 1 hours.

Gagnon is vice president of VS Services, the affiliate of ARA. The latter firm manages food the Pentagon in Washington, the Astrodom in and other facilities in the United States, and it the Pan-American Games in Panama in 1970 and Colombia, in 1971. In addition, in the Mexico

Mets Defeat Pirates, 7-4, On 17 Hits

By PAUL L. MONTGOMERY

Special to The New York Times

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 5—Jan Matlack survived both the shock of Willie Stargell's grand-slam home run and the shock of seeing the Mets get 17 hits in one game, to record his first victory in a month, 7-4, against the Pirates at Three Rivers Stadium tonight.

Matlack, a perfectionist, gave up the big homer to Stargell when he had a 6-0 lead, so he was able to be a little wry about it later.

"It was a hard curve," he said of the pitch. "It was belt-high, it split the middle of the plate, and it left the stadium in a hell of a hurry. That's the kind of pitch home runs are made of."

Stargell declined to make much of the blast. "Maybe he was thrown where I was swingin'," the big man said.

The Mets, who had not been hitting in late, more than canceled Stargell's shut with their 17-hit attack.

It was the end of a long drought for Matlack, who improved his record to 11-5. He had lost won in July 1 and had lost four games in the interim, though he had pitched well enough to win most of the time.

The Mets, who had scored a total of two runs for Matlack in his last three losses, started right in for the left-hander tonight. Pepe Mangual, the leadoff batter, singled in the first inning, advanced in second base on

Continued on Page A 13, Col. 1

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The New York Times

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Acting on Energy

Congress has now brought to the verge of enactment a set of far-reaching energy conservation measures, providing tangible financial inducements for householders and businessmen who take positive steps to save energy. To the surprise of some energy planners in the executive branch, who theoretically support the bulk of the program, a House-Senate conference approved the conservation measures largely intact last Friday, as part of an Administration bill to prolong the life of the Federal Energy Administration. The final legislative hurdle is to be faced within the coming week when both houses have to vote on the conference report.

Energy conservation is a complex and poorly understood process, involving many small and often seemingly insignificant steps, and clashing directly—for all their lip service to the contrary—with the natural tendencies of powerful vested interests. The present bill falls far short of a comprehensive blueprint for achieving maximum energy savings. But it represents a significant approach to conservation in commercial establishments and residential housing, a sector which consumes 29 percent of all energy in the United States.

Rebates and loan guarantees are authorized for individual initiatives to retrofit existing structures—insulation, installation of efficient heating and cooling equipment and such—and low-income families could receive direct grants up to a total of \$200 million for weatherizing their homes. Loan guarantees would also be authorized for larger business and nonprofit institutions embarked on capital improvements for energy conservation. A series of related tax incentives cleared the Senate Tuesday in a separate but complementary action.

A breakthrough of principle was achieved in the mandating of energy-efficiency standards for all new construction, though as a sop to the building industry there is a further opportunity for Congress to veto the enforcement of these national standards once they are drawn up.

The Federal Energy Administration has estimated that a variety of conservation steps, including those in the present bill, could cut in half the rate of growth of energy demand in the household and commercial sector over the decade immediately ahead. And, as the Energy Research and Development Administration argued, "in many instances, it will cost less to save a barrel of oil (for instance, through more energy-efficient home heating) than it will to develop a new barrel of supply."

Advocates of energy conservation, which include almost every expert on the subject outside the boardrooms of the oil industry, have a more complicated message—and far less political clout—than corporations whose natural interest is to produce, and sell, ever more oil. Perhaps this is why, rhetoric aside, meaningful conservation measures have such a slippery path through the political thicket, particularly in an election year.

In this legislation, both the Democratic Congress and the Republican Administration can take satisfaction in their efforts to start cutting out the waste in the use of this country's dwindling energy supplies.

Copyright for 1976

The contending forces—librarians, educators, public broadcasters and publishers and authors—are finally compromising their differences, and the first major revision of the 1909 copyright law seems possible this year. The Senate has already approved its version; now the House Judiciary Committee ought to pass the measure before the Republican convention begins. Otherwise, the archaic law could become ensnared in party politics.

Under the revised law, literary and dramatic works would be protected for the life of their creator plus 50 years. This is the term already in effect in most Western nations. Bringing American copyright laws into closer alignment with the international scene would foster greater exchange of written and musical property between countries on a voluntary, negotiated basis, there-

Cyprus, Oil and the Aegean

With luck, the Turkish research ship Sismik I will complete its seismic studies in the Aegean Sea without provoking a military confrontation between Greece and Turkey. An informal understanding has evidently been reached by the two governments, under pressure from their NATO allies, that will allow the vessel to carry out modest explorations even in disputed waters without precipitating the clash both sides have been threatening ever since the Sismik's voyage was projected.

At virtually the last minute, as the Sismik prepared to sail with naval escort, and units of the Greek fleet ostentatiously put to sea, Ankara repudiated the notion some of its Cabinet ministers had previously advanced that the voyage would establish Turkey's claims to what it regards as the Aegean's continental shelf. Athens then let it be known that it had no objections to a purely scientific expedition, said the Greek fleet would not shadow the Sismik and subsequently dispatched its own oceanographic ship to the northern Aegean to explore the seabed.

Even if the Sismik's voyage is completed without provocative incident or accident, however, the whole affair provides a disarming commentary on the current state of relations between two countries that ought to feel constrained, for reasons of history, geography, security and economics, not merely to co-exist in peace but to cooperate in every possible way. The complicated questions regarding sea and air passage of the Aegean, and the exploration of its resources make such collaboration even more imperative.

No existing international law or convention provides a complete answer for the issues that divide Greece and Turkey in the Aegean—divisions that have been exacerbated by the Cyprus disaster of 1974. The Geneva Convention of 1958 gives a country control over the

by encouraging international ideas to "flow more freely. On such nettlesome issues as photocopying in libraries and schools, guidelines have been set down for "fair use" of material. Authors and publishers have not attempted to halt limited duplication but instead have sought protection against indiscriminate infringements that add up to unfair use and, in extreme cases, piracy.

At the urging of the Authors League of America and of publishers, the House subcommittee on copyright has wisely removed a clause that would have allowed public broadcasters to use nondramatic literary works without the consent of the copyright owners. A similar clause in the Senate version should be excised.

The constitutional aim of granting authors "the exclusive right to their writings" for a limited time can help to promote "the useful arts." The marketplace of ideas in this nation and between nations requires a new copyright law that recognizes the vast changes in 20th-century communications.

The Urban News

A recent report to The Times from Detroit throws a strange and interesting light on the evolution currently taking place in urban America. It portrays a new and optimistic spirit in Michigan's largest city. It is a spirit of racial and civic pride among black wage earners who have recently come to recognize that their city has become preponderantly black and that no matter how troubled it has been, or still is, it is theirs to revive.

That information is startling to anyone who can remember the bloody racial clash along Woodward Avenue in 1943, the poisonous racial atmosphere of the city during the late 40's and early 50's and, more recently, the fiery rebellion of August 1967. In yet another contrast, the rising political power and surging optimism of Detroit's black middle class is a welcome relief from the usual grim statistics on high levels of urban black poverty seemingly impervious to most ameliorative efforts.

But there are other dimensions to the story of urban development, as underscored during this week's annual conference of the National Urban League. Unemployment among blacks, particularly the young, is high in Detroit, as in other cities, and many of these youths have become engaged in criminal activities. To combat increased crime resulting from negligible youth opportunity, Mayor Coleman A. Young announced an anticrime drive at about the same time that, because of a shrunken tax base, he was laying off policemen. In such ways, the inability of the cities to deliver satisfactorily the necessary services—education and safety being two of the most necessary—accelerates the drain of middle-class people from the cities. Even in Detroit's optimistic mood, there is a discernible trend among middle-class blacks to follow middle-class whites to the suburbs.

Cities have carried the nation's culture, and absorbed its shocks. They are reeling now from the impact of the migration of 4 million mostly rural blacks from the South over the three decades beginning in 1940 and from Federal housing, tax and spending policies which encouraged middle-class whites to create homogeneous turbulence-free zones outside the cities.

Crippled as they are, however, the cities continue as the main supports of the nation's civilization. They have been so neglected over the last few years that there is some serious speculation that they might ultimately serve almost solely as receptacles for the impoverished and for most minorities. If current urban trends continue, it is not just urban universities, museums, dance companies, symphony orchestras and hospitals that will be jeopardized, but also a more precious treasure: the promise of gifted but impoverished young Americans who will be undercut by inadequate educational opportunities and threatened by a culture of urban violence.

In recent years, policy-makers have viewed cities as problems in bricks and mortar or appendages of the racial or welfare programs. Contemporary developments suggest that those premises are too narrow and that urban amenities and interracial relationships will continue to decline until policy formulation begins with the question: What kind of civilization do we want?

resources of its continental shelf and specifically confers this right on its islands as well as on the mainland. But Turkey never ratified this treaty and contends with some reason that its authors never intended to give "continental shelves" even to the tiny Greek islands just off Turkey's Anatolian coast.

Greece long ago proposed taking the continental shelf boundary question to the International Court of Justice. Turkey accepted in principle but demanded prior bilateral negotiations which have made no progress. An effort to reach agreement on the control of Aegean air space has also stalled, and the two countries appear to be as far apart as ever on the smoldering Cyprus question.

It is obvious that Cyprus and oil contribute heavily to the Aegean impasse. Ankara's assertions about the continental shelf became strident only after Turkish nationalism had been stoked by the massive invasion of Cyprus in August 1974 and Greece's discovery of oil off the Aegean island Thasos that same year. A weak Turkish Government is under heavy pressure from right-wing coalition members and left-of-center opposition to pursue a more belligerent policy. Greece, helpless to prevent Turkey's invasion of Cyprus, feels compelled to assert its Aegean claims forcefully.

Though neither Government has tried conspicuously to damp down public agitation over the Sismik's voyage, it is encouraging that in private both were eager to find a face-saving compromise. War between Greece and Turkey would be so catastrophic for both countries as well as for Western security that their allies must encourage the two Governments to follow up that compromise with serious negotiations. Such negotiations can be fruitful only if they embrace Cyprus as well as the question of an equitable division of responsibility and resources in the Aegean.

Letters to the Editor

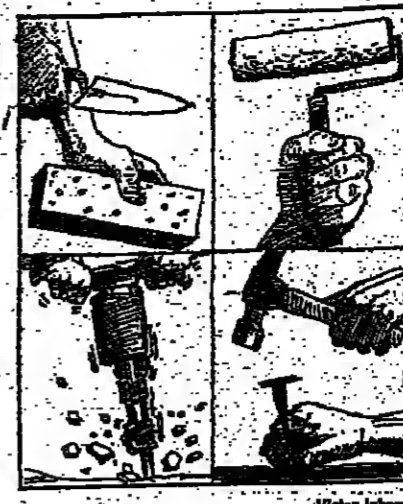
New York City's Real Need: Growth

To the Editor:
One of New York City's current dilemmas is highlighted by the juxtaposition in the July 31 issue of The Times of the story on Cotati, California's disillusionment with no-growth policies ("Town Finds No-Growth Plan Leads to Not-Enough Funds") with Councilperson Miriam Friedlander's letter opposing the use of M.A.C. resources for a convention center ("Of M.A.C. Bonds and City Priorities").

Ms. Friedlander believes that New York City would be restored to economic health by spending its incremental resources on "restoring day care centers, senior citizens centers, health services, education, reasonably priced housing, safety, and sanitation." What Cotati has found, however, is that the only available options are (1) to meet the inevitable increases in costs of public services out of economic growth, or (2) to reduce the services if such growth fails to occur. Cotati's new-found knowledge is, of course, old hat to all who understand America's federal system of shared responsibility for financing public expenditures.

This brings me to Felix Rohatyn's recommendation that the city consider financing a new convention center by restructuring M.A.C. bond repayment schedules. In making its decision, the city should realize the contribution that a convention center would make to its economic well-being. The economic multiplier of a convention center is not just the dollars spent by the conventioners times the jobs they generate.

Infinitely more important is the fact that the conventioners' dollars enable



Vicker-Johnson

the theaters, restaurants, specialty shops, etc., to survive and because they survive, to attract other tourists from the rest of the country and abroad—and millions of suburbanites as well. It is New York City's aggregate of activities and facilities that is its strength—even though, upon narrow economic analysis, each one might prove to be dispensable.

This may appear to be a choice of economic survival over human services—but what the Cotati experience should teach us is that, without economic growth, human services will continue to deteriorate at an ever accelerating rate. In the absence of a fundamental restructuring of governmental responsibilities for New York City's costs, its only acceptable course is to do everything in its power to induce such growth.

GEORGE M. RAYMOND
Briarcliff Manor, N.Y., July 31, 1976

Grand Central's Clock

To the Editor:
The Munich Rathaus clock, with its moving figures, withstood the United States Air Force and Royal Air Force bombings and bravely continued to show the time. The Prague City timepiece never stopped, despite Nazi and later, Soviet invasions. The same is true for the Copenhagen Rathausplazzen clock.

The Big Ben on the Parliament Tower in London continued chiming, though Luftwaffe bombs were falling around it.

So, how come our own magnificent Grand Central clock, which beams its precious information to the masses on Murray Hill at Park Avenue and 42d Street is immobilized at twenty minutes to seven for many days and not for the first time.

This is the Bicentennial, the year of revival of Conrail and new, improved service by Amtrak. Shame, oh shame.

ALEC ULMANN
New York, July 29, 1976

Reverence for Life

To the Editor:
I feel that it is all but hopeless to have published a letter to The New York Times about cats. Yet, being eighty years of age, I cannot in good conscience quit this planet without a word of protest to the country I love

and served in the first World War; that its government can commit such a heinous crime as to sanction during more than ten years the American Museum of Natural History's studies on 350 cats—"of their sexual performance after their senses of sight, hearing and smell had been destroyed, and after nerves had been removed from their sexual organs."

For such experiments there is no excuse. The affront to humanity is monstrous.

My friend Dr. Albert Schweitzer, when he was in this country, took the glass tubes of honey hung out for humming birds, filled with dead ants, and poured them on the ground to save more life from perishing.

This was "reverence for life."
CONSTANCE WINTER
Boston, July 28, 1976

Martian Discovery

To the Editor:
It only requires a little imagination to visualize two Martian explorers coming across the Viking module and thinking they had discovered a well-preserved example of the Abominable Snow Man, recently reported to have been detected on the moon—this specimen moreover complete with a footprint and still showing some faint signs of life.

HARDWICK S. TASKER
New York, Aug. 1, 1976

Aiding the Chinese Quake Victims

To the Editor:
The most powerful quake in twelve years anywhere in the world struck the populous area of Peking, Tientsin, and Tangshan on July 28, only to be followed within fifteen hours by another one registering 7.9 on the Richter scale. Great losses of lives and heavy damage to property have already been reported. Tangshan, a city of one million, was said to have been "ruined totally." Many industrial installations, mines, oil fields, and the closely knit network of dams, reservoirs, dikes, irrigation projects and other rural reconstruction work have been damaged. Some may have been destroyed altogether.

When similar quakes occur in other countries, government or private relief aid from the U.S. would flow immediately into the disaster area. But in view of the newly found Chinese pride on self-reliance, it is unlikely that China would accept American relief aid or loans. The Chinese will undoubtedly rebuild the devastated area in the shortest possible time by shedding their last drop of sweat, tears and blood in the way the Tschai village rebuilt itself after the devastating mountain torrents in 1963.

But there are other measures which the American philanthropic, and other organizations with old ties to China, be true to themselves?

(Prof.) TANG TSOU
Political Science, University of Chicago
Chicago, July 29, 1976

friendship of the American people to China, to build new ties on the basis of emergent political interests in common, and above all to demonstrate that the United States is true to her tradition of generosity and humanitarianism regardless of the fluctuations in political relations.

One is for the philanthropic, missionary and other organizations and individuals who hold private claims against China since 1949 to use this occasion to relinquish their claims or at least their share of that part of the total amount of American claims which exceeds the Chinese assets frozen by the American Government.

The other is for Congress to pass a bill granting most-favored-nation treatment to China so that Chinese imports would not continue to suffer from unusual handicaps in the American market. The Chinese do not want welfare or charity but do welcome a fair opportunity to earn their way in world trade to rebuild their devastated area. It is only fitting this bill be passed both as the final act of statesmanship of Senator Mansfield before his retirement and as a lasting tribute to his concern for humanity.

Will the American people, particularly the philanthropic, missionary, and other organizations with old ties to China, be true to themselves?

(Prof.) TANG TSOU
Political Science, University of Chicago
Chicago, July 29, 1976

Con Ed's Energy

To the Editor:
To say the least, The Times' story of July 29 ("Dumping Con Ed's Disappointing") is not only wrong (our rates are not twice as those of the next highest even close to it), but it ignores pertinent studies by Arthur Inc. and former P.S.C. Com Alan Roth published in 1975. These studies, initiated by Service Commission and by The Times, show our rates are of line with the real costs of electricity to our service area, and that costs are the highest in the nation. We are 90 percent ground system, and we lack customers who use energy at clock and thus help reduce costs to all customers.

Most disappointing of all is Times ignores the outstanding people at Con Edison have brought electric service in a and Westchester from the disaster back to one of the livable in the country, despite litigation and all the urban. Con Edison must overcome merely wringing its hands rates. The Times should be supporting our efforts to energy costs, for example, utility taxes that are times above other urban permit the use of fuel no more than utilities burn in (St. Detroit, to open the Atlantic oil and gas production, stepped-up nuclear and syn program going to "make" States less dependent upon cartel, and to combat the cooling towers on the Arth Hudson River allegedly fish that can better be indeed they are threatened, lower-cost fish hatcheries.

These would be real cost that could help us to energy costs. All New York be working together to in city. They should not be its difficulties, or be taking approach to what are problems.

CHARL
Chairman, Consolidated
New York, Au

On Apartheid

To the Editor:
The July 28 letter of one Dockson about South Africa to do what South Africa millions of dollars (Siring Andrew Hatcher and others that is, to legitimize its separate development program going to "make" States less dependent upon cartel, and to combat the cooling towers on the Arth Hudson River allegedly fish that can better be indeed they are threatened, lower-cost fish hatcheries.

These would be real cost that could help us to energy costs. All New York be working together to in city. They should not be its difficulties, or be taking approach to what are problems.

CHARL
Chairman, Consolidated
New York, Au

Question on Air Traffic

To the Editor:
The question remaining is traffic controller's "slow How long have they ignored book to facilitate the departure of aircraft?

The F.A.A. should invest and the possible dangers I have faced in past years.

BETTY W
Caldwell, N.J., Au

Reverse Discrimination

To the Editor:
Mr. Winston's claim of discrimination is constituted July 31) is premature. The must remain open until the Court has spoken to the case. But the constitutional rule or practice is one of legality, morality and others. These remain to outside the judiciary.

Mr. Winston's suggestion places, over and above those available, be allotted to falls to solve the problem may still ask why, if there places, they should be distributed reverse discrimination.

CHM, Dept. of History and
York Coll
Princeton, N. J., Jul

The Times welcomes letters from readers. Letters for publication must include the writer's address and telephone number. Because of the large volume of mail received, we regret we are unable to acknowledge return unpublished letters.

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سكرا من الاميل

I have seldom felt so alone in a crowd

President and Shah

By Tom Wicker

The United States was not even out of Vietnam in May 1972 when Richard Nixon made an offhand, unpublicized and undebated decision that tied the nation almost as inextricably to Iran, Mr. Nixon ordered the Defense and State Departments to let Iran buy any American weapon it wanted short of nuclear warheads.

In the mysterious ways of bureaucracy, that apparently precluded even the most cursory review or analysis of the Shah's military shopping list, with the result that, since 1972, American arms sales to Iran have totaled \$10.4 billion. The weapons sold are so sophisticated that large numbers of Americans are needed to help service and operate them; and at the present rate of expansion of the Shah's armed forces, the 24,000 Americans now in Iran may be more than doubled by 1980.

If the Shah wanted to start a war, moreover, or if someone started one with him, Iranian forces would be as dependent on their American advisers (does that word remind anyone of Vietnam?) as on their American weapons. Or if, in the event of war, Washington pulled the Americans out, the Shah's forces would be left all but helpless.

If it were not so dangerous, the Iranian snarl would be ludicrous. A study belatedly conducted by the Senate Foreign Relations Committee not only details the Shah's purchases, such as four Spruance-class destroyers more sophisticated than those being built for American use, and 80 F-14 Grumman Tomcats, an aircraft so complex even the United States Navy is having trouble with it, the study also points out the diplomatic and strategic implications of Mr. Nixon's decision.

Suppose, for only one plausible example, Iranian forces were to be ordered into action by the Shah in some way dangerous to the survival of Israel, which is a major American commitment. Either his American weapons and his American technicians would have to be used despite that commitment and against Israel's interests, or the Americans would have to be withdrawn, crippling Iran's military capacity.

The latter course surely would not please the Shah, who just happens to control a lot of oil upon which the United States and the rest of the West are dependent.

Nor is there any quick way out of this box. Apparently if the United States stopped selling arms to Iran now—although the Shah is considering buying 250 to 300 more American fight-

er planes, in addition to other equipment—it would be five years or more before Iran could have the necessary expertise to operate the weapons she already has. Like Br'er Rabbit stuck to the Tar Baby, Washington is thus to some extent hostage to the Shah for years to come, no matter who is President.

Aside from that fact—chilling as it is in the context of the Middle East—the Iranian arms mess raises larger questions, to which this year's Presidential candidates should address themselves. For example:

Does it make sense for the United States to have sold any country in the Middle East \$10.4 billion in arms since 1972? While it's argued that others would provide the weapons if Washington didn't, and in the case of Iran,

IN THE NATION

'The powers of the Presidency can be as imperial as those of a Shah.'

that it was expected to provide "regional security" as British forces were withdrawn from the area, pouring weapons into the Middle East on such a scale seems too reckless for any conceivable gain. In fact, Iran was not even the biggest weapons customer of the United States in fiscal 1976—Saudi Arabia was, with Iran second.

Is it really in the American interest for this nation to be the world's largest and most zealous arms merchant? Does either the domestic economy or an effective foreign policy require the sale of \$3.3 billion in arms to the world—the American total in fiscal 1976? Are Americans themselves safer from war and destruction because of these sales?

Perhaps the most important question is whether the President of the United States, no matter who he is, or of which party, should have the personal power to make far-reaching decisions as casually as Mr. Nixon appears to have done on arms sales to Iran. The executive necessarily has great latitude in the conduct of foreign policy and security affairs, but that latitude is supposed to be exercised within a system of checks and balances, and—save in emergency—by orderly process open to question and review.

The Iranian arms mess suggests once again that the powers of the Presidency can be as imperial as those of a Shah.

Editorial text on the left margin, partially obscured.



Trunks packed, the G.O.P. is straining to get to Kansas City. Meanwhile, the drama unfolds:

By Richard Daybell

Aug. 6
claims 1,145 delegates. Reagan would appoint Rockefeller of State, claims 1,150 delegates. New York Times estimates Ford, 1,077 for Reagan, 60 lited.

Aug. 7
announces a gain of seven rk delegates. Ford claims a of eight Alabama delegates, eads The Times faithfully and ne is his favorite mayor.

Aug. 8
aims 1,157 delegates, invites delegation to White House. delegation switches to Reas is switches to Ford. Reagan rs: C. B. Morton would have o, his Cabinet, claims 1,162 The Times estimates, 1,118 1,058 for Reagan, 83 uncom-

Aug. 9
nounces endorsement by tors Gold, says Reagan consider Vice Presidential un says Ford would make a l Nations ambassador. Ford unces 1,171 firm delegate

Aug. 10
Reagan announces that a prominent Democrat has agreed to serve in his Cabinet, says he can bring in enough Democratic votes for victory. Ford announces \$75 donation to Democratic National Committee for the "many Congressional Democrats he respects." Reagan calls Ford's asking Tony Bennett to sing "I Left My Heart in San Francisco" at a state dinner political foul play, claims 1,183 delegates.

Aug. 11
Ford claims 1,186 delegates, calls scheduled television showing of "Bed-time for Bonzo" a desperation play. Ford announces he has been urging Rockefeller not to resign the Vice Presidency. Reagan says he would make Jacob Javits Second Vice President, claims 1,190 delegates. New York delegation switches back to Ford, Texas switches back to Reagan, Arizona initiates draft-Goldwater movement. Reagan then claims 1,200 delegates.

Aug. 12
Ford announces that he has the support of Billy Graham, claims 1,207 delegates. Reagan says he would name Oral Roberts Secretary of the Treasury, claims 1,208. Reagan says he would appoint Betty Ford to the first Supreme Court vacancy, then claims 1,224 delegates. Ford announces that he will subscribe to Ms. Magazine, then claims 1,248.

Aug. 13
Rockefeller says he is not interested in the Vice Presidency or Secretary of State positions, declines to say what does interest him. New York delegation returns to uncommitted column. Pennsylvania switches to Reagan, California to Ford, Michigan to Reagan, Montana to Ford, Connecticut to Reagan, Nevada to Ford, Ohio to Reagan, Pennsylvania to Ford, Oregon to Reagan, Mississippi to Ford, Wisconsin to Reagan, Pennsylvania to Reagan.

Aug. 14
Ford says Reagan is dangerous and

was never a very good actor either, claims 1,400 delegates. Reagan says Ford has a hard time chewing gum even when he's not walking, claims 1,600 delegates. The Times estimates show 350 for Ford, 259 for Reagan, 1,650 uncommitted.

Aug. 15
Rockefeller, Connally, Schweiker, Baker, Simon, Richardson, Goldwater, Stassen schedule news conferences.

Richard Daybell, a public-relations man who lives in East Schodack, N. Y., is not running for anything. Nonetheless, he has called a news conference for Aug. 16.

Rejoining the Slovak Community

By Paul Wilkes

HAMPTON, N.Y.—I was so my past and it scared me, cause I don't often acknowledge I have a past.

is an ethnic festival in New three-hour drive back into aped by renting a house in on this summer. These par- ics were... well, my peo- s. Here in East Hampton I ory but a magnificent pres- ampton. I was a writer and gh money to be here. One had made it.

ked at the Garden State there was this feeling: a I remember it as a child, er a bad dream and not the shadowy figure from was in the bedroom or hot. I been with an all-Slovak my days at St. Benedict's Cleveland, where not only me Slovak, there was no it the rest of the world oked hard at these people What does a Slovak look ? After all, I was now a porter, I had these powers on. Unlike my father and o worked with their hands, merely to look and write I saw.

hey looked like any group othing special. Hair was n, black. They wore the synthetic-fiber clothes that ica wears in summertime.

he amphitheater as young practiced. Then I began he back of one boy's head, der I had seen that head, in back with curly brown in a mirror at a stylish on Madison Avenue and I on a blazer that cost t matter. It was a lovely France.

illar features emerged as a people on stage. A body y above average in height, heavy in the chest. Eyes a look small because of a naturally tan. I eased-out I knew I had to go: slow ed back into the crowds, se people looked like me! East Hampton noses. No eth. No elegant moves of head. among the crowd, wanting to grab somebody's hand,

to say: "I'm like you. Look at me. We have roots. Together. We're Slovaks." I felt a choking feeling in my throat and I was quiet. I have never cried in public and I didn't want to debut here. I was both impatient and happy with myself. Paul, that is a bit too much, isn't it? You're just obsessed with roots lately. And your lack of them. I talked to no one.

The line for food was long and I gladly joined it. At least I could have some sense of community. I could share something, waiting with... well, my people.

I heard a strange yet familiar language. My grandmother wanted to teach it to me but I said defiantly, "Baba, I want to be an American boy." I knew then, as I know now, I'd never really be an American boy. I tried so hard but buttoned-down shirts and gray-fannel trousers never quite worked right. But I felt I needed a uniform for my escape to the other side.

By their broken English I could tell some were first-generation immigrants. I'm sure my grandparents were in this neutralizing zone at one time — one foot in a culture they knew and struggled to keep, and the other in the system they had to serve in order to survive.

"Don't assimilate," I wanted to shout. "Don't let them get you, too. Keep what you have, it's precious." But I said nothing. I hid behind my sunglasses and scribbled notes about what I was observing.

Everyone around me seemed to know somebody. I have seldom felt so alone in a crowd. I guess I could have asked, "What part of Slovakia are you from?" It's a good offshoot of a party-talk line I've used enough. But if they asked me, I wouldn't know.

'I have seldom felt so alone in a crowd.'

I wasn't interested enough to ask Baba where she came from in the old country.

"I'm Wilk or Vlk, Wilkes is what they did someplace back there," I wanted to tell somebody. Maybe they did it at Ellis Island. My grandparents probably gave the Slovak pronunciation and the immigration officer looked up and said, "Wilkes?" I'm sure they smiled because someone knew them. They had a new name.

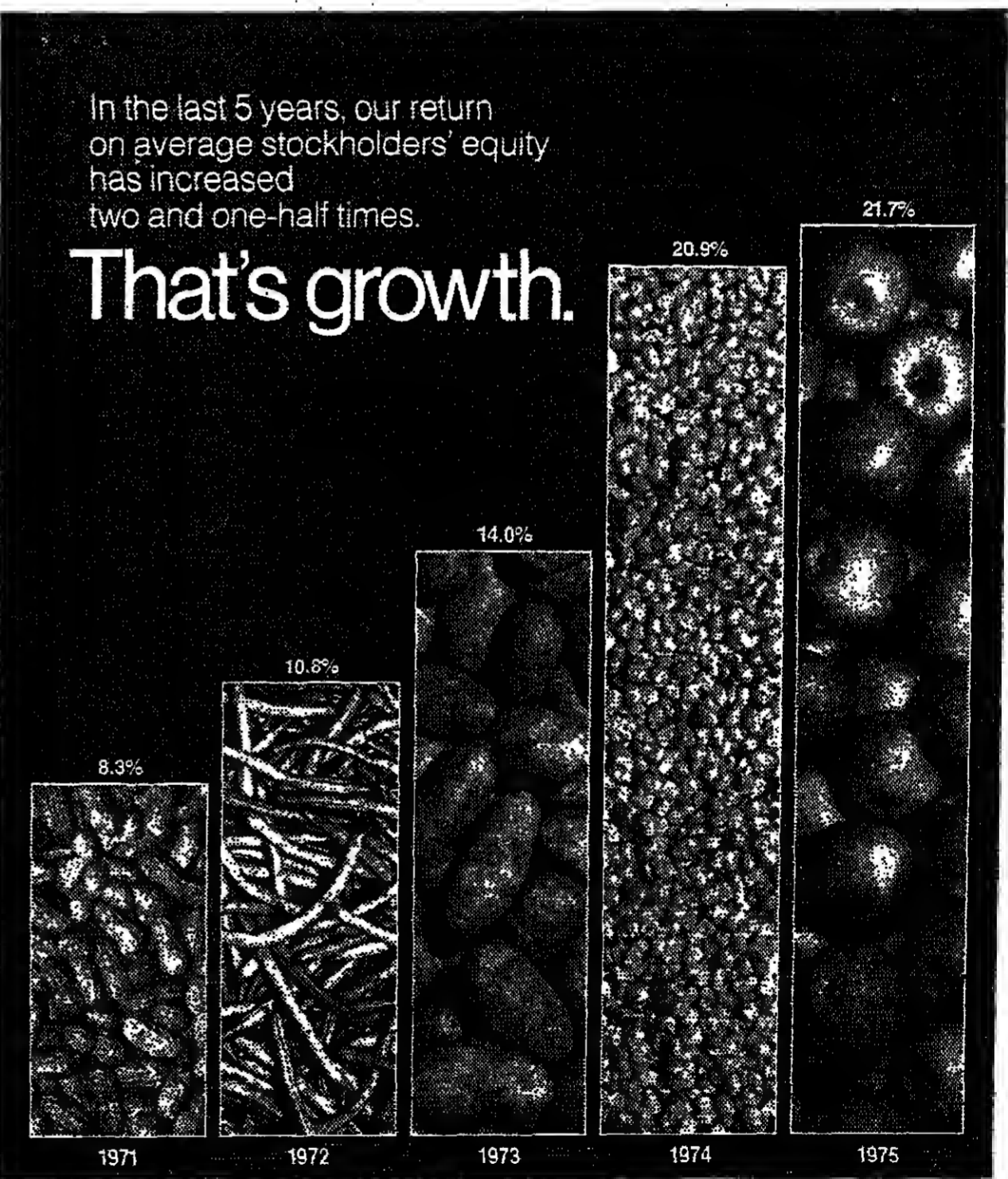
The dance festival started late and I was already itchy to leave. I wanted to savor my melancholy, not have it paved over with good feelings about sprightly dancing. As I looked down the program, there was to be a dance from the town of Detva. Years ago, by royal decree men's shirts were shortened to end the pilfering of food. Slovaks conformed, and the dancers would wear that length shirt "exemplifying the exuberance and temperament of the Slovaks," the program read.

Docile. Yes, in a way I am, too. We've learned we are not the power in this country. We are its sinews, the coal miners, the mill workers. But, forever loyal, ready to assimilate, to be American boys and girls.

I was on my way out as the master of ceremonies made an announcement. President Ford could not come, as invited, but he had sent his special assistant. Strong applause greeted this young man in a well-tailored blue suit. It was as if he were the assistant to the President, the special one. He was Ukrainian and he gave the crowd a few words in this, a kindred tongue. He was inviting them to the White House and they were thanking him for his kindness with their applause as I walked back to the car.

I turned on the radio on the way back to East Hampton and Arlo Guthrie was singing. "... don't you know me I'm your native son." I didn't know whose native son I was. I didn't belong in East Hampton but I was going back there. It would be a place to recollect myself. Maybe next year at the festival I'll be able to walk up to some stranger and say: "I'm a Slovak-American boy. And you?"

Paul Wilkes is writer/reporter for "Six American Families," television documentaries that are to be seen next year.



One of our most successful growth areas is agricultural chemicals. Stauffer's broad line of products protect food crops from weeds and insects throughout the world.

Stauffer is a new chemical company that's 91 years old. A company with a record of steady growth and sustained earnings. The proof is in our financial results. In the last five years return on average stockholders' equity has increased two and one-half times to 21.7 percent. Sales have nearly doubled to \$950 million. Net earnings have quadrupled to \$99 million. And earnings per share have almost quadrupled to \$9.19 on a fully diluted basis. More than 20 percent of net after-tax earnings now come from international operations and export sales. One reason for our growth is diversification into specialized products and markets. A major growth area is agricultural chemicals—a broad line of proprietary herbicides, insecticides, fungicides and soil fumigants.

These offer the farmer a good return on his investment by increasing the yields of crops which supply food for America and the world. Agricultural chemicals accounted for more than 17 percent of our total 1975 net sales. Agricultural chemicals is one of our eight basic chemical business areas. The others are industrial chemicals, 33 percent of sales; international operations, 13 percent; specialty chemicals, 12 percent; plastics, 11 percent; fertilizer and mining, 6 percent; food ingredients, 6 percent, and chemical systems, 2 percent. To find out more about a chemical company that grows, send for our Annual Report. Stauffer Chemical Company, Dept. E, Westport, CT 06880.



Vagrants and Panhandlers Appearing in New Haunts

By JOHN L. HESS
The Bowery scene has spread. In the late hours vagrants now can be found singly and in twos and threes in the triangles on Broadway...

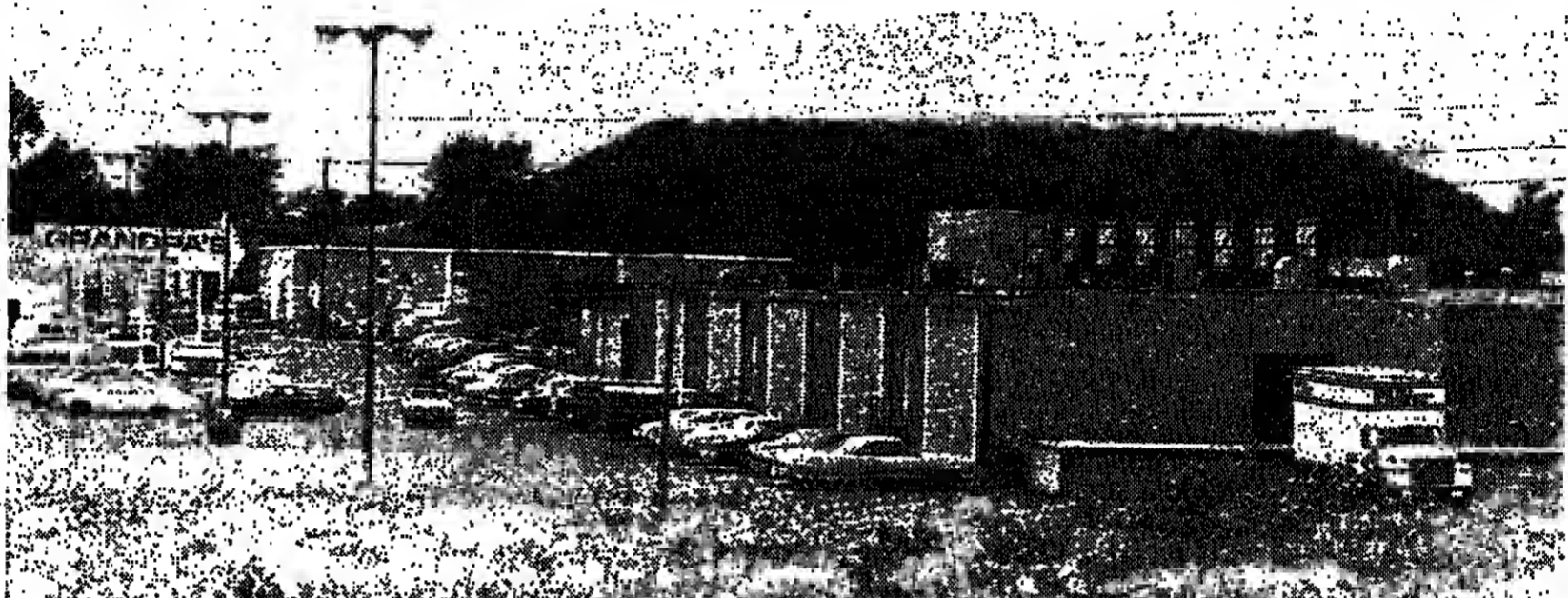


In various places in Manhattan, particularly near bright lights, the vagrants may be found sleeping where they can

This has become easier since Jan. 1, when public drunkenness ceased to be a crime in New York State. But even before, the police in the city were more tolerant of it than many other communities...

Indian Mounds Searched for Hints on How to Help Urban Centers Survive

By PAUL DELANEY
Special to The New York Times
CAHOKIA, Ill.—In an utterance by gasoline discount stores and restaurants, the feature on the mound here is an ancient mound of earth as over 100 feet from the base of 14 acres...



The ancient man-made Mounds Mound rises more than 100 feet to dominate a contemporary landscape between East St. Louis and Collinsville, Ill.

The archeological site is about equidistant from East St. Louis and Collinsville. The mounds are the only risings from the ground in the flat, fertile farm country, and Mounds Mound is the largest earthen structure ever made by man...

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Another attempt by black South African students to march the nine miles from the township of Soweto to hold a protest in front of Johannesburg police headquarters was halted yesterday when policemen fired over the heads of the marchers...

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Quotation of the Day

"There exists now among those Christians discussing the matter a nearly full agreement on issues that once caused such grievous division among us." —The Rev. John F. Hotchkiss, chief ecumenical officer for the National Conference of Catholic Bishops, describing a symposium on the nature of the Lord's Supper [D13.1.]

Alleged Auto Thief Finds a Helicopter Is Only Way to Fly

A car thief took four young companions on a wild joy ride through the reaches of Brooklyn's Marine Park yesterday afternoon, but discovered that a 1967 Plymouth cannot outmaneuver a police helicopter...

CORRECTION

In a state-by-state listing of delegate preferences for the Republican Presidential nomination that appeared in The Times yesterday, South Dakota was inadvertently omitted. The tally there is nine delegates for President Ford and 11 for Ronald Reagan.

CONVENTION
It runs on Kapped
bandwagon
Convention
Olds decisions

RIVALRY VIEWED IN BRONX BREAK-IN

Spud Between Two Union Locals Is Studied After Destruction in Plant

By ROBERT McG. THOMAS Jr.
The police said yesterday that members of the city's largest electricians union might have been involved in Wednesday night's break-in at a Bronx equipment-repair garage where six men systematically destroyed \$100,000 worth of electrical equipment installed by a rival union.

Detectives said the sabotage of the H.C. Penn Machinery Company's installation at 699 Irish Avenue, near the Bronx Whitestone Bridge, was apparently linked to the long-standing rivalry between Local 363 of the teamsters' union, which installed the equipment, and the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers.

The dispute between the two unions, which compete for the same work, has intensified in recent years as the number of electricians' jobs available in the area has declined, and a number of violent incidents have been attributed to the rivalry.

Six Men Seen Fleeing
The investigation was focused on Local 3 in part, detectives said, because the six men were seen fleeing in a truck belonging to the Broadway Maintenance Company, which employs members of Local 3.

The destruction was discovered when a Penn crew reported for work at 7 o'clock Wednesday night. The saboteurs systematically destroyed every electrical installation in the 30-foot-by-400-foot building, but did not damage work performed by plumbers and electricians, according to Michael Covotti of the Delma Engineering Corporation, which built the garage for lease to Penn.

In the area's largest Catpillar equipment distributor, planned to use the building, with its array of sophisticated electrical installations, as a repair garage for heavy equipment.

According to the police, the saboteurs, who left behind a motorcycle, a wheelbarrow, a shovel, work gloves and heavy wire cutters, had destroyed a transformer, smashed vitches and fuse boxes, ymbed a 50-foot scaffold to prop up all the overhead lights, and poured cement through the building's 10-inch-thick concrete floor.

These Were Professionals
"These were professionals, technically trained to do electrical damage like this," Mr. Covotti said after viewing the destruction.

Ralph Arred, whose Arred Electrical Contracting and Engineering Company installed the equipment at Local 363, told the police that he had not received any threats, come under any pressure to use Local 3 electricians.

"They just destroyed his work," said Detective Edward Emming, who cited other recent incidents laid to the union rivalry.

In one case, he said, an electrical subcontractor at Yankee Stadium had switched to Local 3 after several Local 363 workers were beaten up.

Transit-Fare Rise or Pupils Weighed By New York City

New transportation rates that could affect nearly 400,000 public and private school students and save New York City more than \$18 million are being considered by the Board of Education, officials confirmed last night.

Under the proposed rates, students who live less than half a mile from school would no longer be able to buy transit passes for a dollar a month; it would have to pay the full cent fare if they chose to use the public transit system. Students in Grades 3 through 6 who live between half a mile and a mile from school would pay 30 cents a day for transit passes, instead of 10 cents as the past.

Seventh and eighth graders to live between a mile and a half and a half from school would also have to pay 30 cents a day, having previously been free.

Students in Grades 9 through 12 who live more than a mile from school would also have to pay 30 cents a day, instead of 10 cents. The board would pay the 20-cent difference between the 30-cent daily fare and the full dollar round-trip unit fare.

LEGAL NOTICE STATE OF NEW YORK DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
In the Matter of the Disputations of the
United Construction Contractors Association, Inc.
LOCAL 363 INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF TEAMSTERS,
24 First Avenue, New York, New York 10010
Petition to Article 23 of the Labor Law and
Section 209 of the Civil Service Law, and Title
12-A of the Official Code of Rules, Regulations
and Ordinances of the State of New York
Notice is hereby given that the order of the
adjudicating authority, determining the
dispute, shall become effective on June 3, 1976.
PHILIP ROSE, Industrial Commissioner
DATED: New York, New York
July 29, 1976

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JEHOVAH'S WITNESSES HOLD BAPTISMAL SERVICES: Baptismal candidates being immersed in pool at Belmont Park, site of the four-day district assembly of Jehovah's Witnesses. About 13,000 attended yesterday's ceremony.

TEST TRAIN SKIDS ON GREASED RAILS

New Canaan Crash Hearing Hears Investigators

By MICHAEL KNIGHT
Special to The New York Times
NEW CANAAN, Conn., Aug. 5—Brake tests along the grease-covered stretch of track where a crowded commuter train crashed on July 13 produced 34 skids in 10 tries, the fact-finding hearing here was told today.

But despite the skids, accident investigators testified, test trains the day after the accident were able to stop short of the point of impact while traveling at the posted 15-mile-an-hour speed limit and even at twice that limit.

The crash may have occurred when the 5:27 P.M. train from Stamford rounded a blind curve near the New Canaan station at improperly high speeds and then skidded on the greasy rails when the engineer jammed on the brakes.

According to witnesses at the hearing, the grease condition was known to railroad officials for at least nine days before the crash, in which two commuters died and latest figures made public here today showed 97 others were injured.

The test skids ranged from a few feet at 15-m.p.h. to 100 feet at 30-m.p.h., according to Laurence Forbes, transportation superintendent for Conrail's Stamford district, who supervised the tests here on July 14 and 15.

Oil Mixture Visible
Mr. Forbes told officials of the National Transportation Safety Board, the Connecticut Department of Transportation and other agencies at the hearings here that a black graphite and oil mixture was visible on the rail one and two days after the accident. "It was plainly visible on top of the rail," he said.

Bernard Tarpey, the railroad's air-brake supervisor, testified that all of the brakes that had survived the accident had been tested and found fully operational. Air valves salvaged from wrecked brakes on the train also proved normal, he said.

Previous testimony had indicated that the train was traveling from 18 to 34.1 m.p.h. at the point of impact in a 15-m.p.h. zone.

Mr. Forbes said that an emergency stop at twice the 15-m.p.h. limit had stopped the test train 28 feet from the point of impact, even after it skidded eight times.

The board, which ended three days of investigative hearings here today, expects to make a formal report on the cause of the accident in several months.

Meanwhile, the State Transportation Commissioner ordered all trains to stop before proceeding into the section of the track where the July 13 crash occurred. Previously, the trains merely had to slow to 1 mile an hour and be prepared to stop at that point.

LEGAL NOTICE TO CREDITORS
July 26, 1976
NOTICE is hereby given to all persons who may have claims against the estate of
New York, New York 10019
Persons wishing to comment on this proposal should submit their views in writing within 30 days of the date of this publication to:
Federal Reserve Bank of New York
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Court-Appointed Lawyer Is Charged With Shaking Down Indigent Client

By EDWARD RANZAL

A New York City criminal lawyer was arrested yesterday outside a Manhattan Criminal Court on charges of shaking down an indigent defendant for \$1,000.

The lawyer, who was to have received his fee in the case from the court out of state funds, was Ralph A. Matalon. He was charged with grand larceny and judicial misconduct.

Mr. Matalon was arrested by detectives assigned to the Office of Investigation Commissioner Nicholas Scoppetta after he allegedly accepted \$500 of the thousand in marked bills from the defendant, who had been charged with attempted homicide.

The lawyer had applied some time ago to the Appellate Division and had been accepted as a private practitioner to be paid \$10 an hour for office work and \$15 an hour for court appearances to represent indigent defendants in criminal cases. Because of his long experience in the field, the name of the 48-year-old Mr. Matalon was also placed on a special list of lawyers to represent defendants in homicide cases.

Mr. Scoppetta gave the following account:

On July 16 an unidentified victim was shot and wounded by three men at Broome and Eldridge Streets, on the Lower East Side. The next day police arrested Eddie Lebron, 20 years old, of 504 East 12 Street, on attempted homicide charges.

At his arraignment, Mr. Lebron said he could not afford to hire a lawyer and the court said it would assign someone. There was also some indication, Mr. Scoppetta said, that this might have been a case of mistaken identity and as a result Mr. Lebron was paroled without bail.

The court assigned Mr. Matalon to defend Mr. Lebron, who went to the lawyer's office on July 20. Mr. Matalon allegedly asked the defendant for a fee of \$1,000 to which he was not lawfully entitled.

Fee Demand Reported
Later, Mr. Lebron reported the fee demand to a social service worker who took the defendant to the Appellate Division. District Attorney Robert M. Morgenthau declined to investigate the fee incident because his office was prosecuting the criminal charges, so the Appellate Division asked Mr. Scoppetta to look into the allegations.

Mr. Lebron met Mr. Matalon yesterday morning outside the second-floor court room in Manhattan Criminal Court where he was to be arraigned. The defendant allegedly handed the lawyer \$500 in marked bills. Both then went into the courtroom for the arraignment and when it was concluded, Mr. Matalon returned to the corridor, he was arrested.

Mr. Matalon will be arraigned in the same courtroom where he had represented Mr. Lebron.

Mr. Matalon is a partner in the firm of Matalon and Schachter of 276 Fifth Avenue. Mr. Matalon lives in New City, N.Y.

Jersey Youth Drowns
CLINTON TOWNSHIP, N.J., Aug. 5 (AP)—A 17-year-old Somerset County boy drowned in the Round Valley Reservoir here today, the police said. The victim's name was withheld pending notification of next of kin. The authorities said the youth and a 15-year-old companion had launched a boat when it nose-dived and sank. The boys tried to swim ashore, but the victim became tangled in seaweed and drowned, the police said.

A FEDERAL COURT ON L.I. IS URGED

Task Force Says Brooklyn Is Too Far for Some

By ARI L. GOLDMAN Special to The New York Times

HUNTINGTON, L.I., Aug. 5—A citizens task force that feels it is unfair that some Long Island residents have to travel up to 100 miles to get to the Federal District Court of jurisdiction, renewed a drive today to establish separate Federal court facilities on the island.

The fight for a Federal court for Long Island, now part of the Eastern District in Brooklyn, has been waged on and off for about 10 years. Over the years, task forces, studies and Congressional legislation have been unsuccessful, mostly because of the cost of the project.

Legislation to establish a separate branch of the court is currently being considered by a subcommittee in the House of Representatives. The bill was introduced by Representative John W. Wyder, Democrat of Garden City, L. I., and is supported by the five other Long Island members of the House.

The new task force, which includes representatives of banking, industrial and legal professions, will seek to work with key members of Congress, the local and state bar associations and Federal judges to lobby for the new court facility.

Judge Offers Advice

District Court Judge Thomas C. Platt, a Huntington resident who travels to the Brooklyn courthouse each day, met with the task force this morning. Judge Platt noted that there was a part-time Federal Court facility in Westbury, but said it was inadequate.

He advocated a separate district court on the island that would have its own district attorney, its own pool of jurors, its own probation office and other supportive services. He suggested that the task force select an appropriate site for a new facility and study the cost of creating a separate court.

In a separate development today, Representative Norman F. Lent, Republican of East Rockaway, L. I., called on Representative Peter Rodino, Democrat of New Jersey and chairman of the House Judiciary Committee, to act on the legislation that would establish a Long Island Federal court.

"In 1960 when the Eastern District Court was established, Brooklyn was the center of population, and logically the court was situated there," Mr. Lent said. "Today, 36 percent of the population in the court jurisdiction lives in Nassau and Suffolk Counties, with the greatest population growth in the eastern part."

Metropolitan Briefs

Mugger Who Kept Log Gets 8 Years

A man who the police said once kept a diary of crimes—including 30 muggings in five months—was sentenced in State Supreme Court in the Bronx yesterday to at least eight years and four months in prison. Justice F. W. Egger Jr. sentenced Alexander B. Jackson, 21 years, a Bronx resident, for first-degree robbery in a holding cell that netted him 45 cents.

The police said Mr. Jackson was arrested last November about 15 minutes after two elderly sisters were mugged by a man with a heavy steel chair. He was sentenced in mid-1973 for two muggings but was paroled after 18 months. At the time he was arrested, for those muggings the police found a diary that had been labeled "my holiday record." The diary listed the look, date, time, place of each robbery; sex, race and age group of each victim; and the type of weapon used.

37 Women Police Officers Rehired

The Police Department said it would rehire 37 women in a group of 60 former police officers to be rehired next Friday with Federal funds. Originally the department planned to recall 59 men and one woman, but a civil suit brought by former women officers resulted in a Federal judge's ruling on July 16 that 38 women must be included.

Judge Kevin T. Duffy said that the 38 women had been deprived of enough seniority for rehiring because of discriminatory practices. The 60 officers were among those dismissed on June 30, 1975, because of the city's crisis. A department spokesman said one of the 38 women named had not actually been dismissed because of an injury that kept her on the payroll.

Special Train to Monmouth Races

To attract more New York gambling revenues for the rest of the summer, Conrail will operate a "Pony Express" commuter run between Pennsylvania Station in New York City and Monmouth Park Race Track in Oceanport, each Saturday beginning this week through Sept. 13, making the announcement, the New Jersey Transportation Commissioner, Alan Sagner, said that the special service would cost \$6 for the round trip.

Killer Gets Two 25-Year Terms

A Bronx man who killed two store clerks so could not identify him as a holdup man was sentenced to two consecutive terms of 25 years to life in prison. Attorney Mario Merola of the Bronx said the sentence imposed by Justice John J. Rully in State Supreme Court meant that the defendant, Marcello Rodriguez, 27, old, of 785 Garden Street, had to serve at least 30 years before he would be eligible for parole. A company the defendant, Luis Rivera, 16, of 854 Southern Blvd., pleaded guilty on June 2 to robbery in the second degree. The two were charged in connection with the 1975 robbery at the Foodway Market, 3446 Broadway.

From the Police Blotter:

The Dear Food Shop, a delicatessen at 1118 Mad Avenue, at 81st Street, was robbed along with two tonners of an undetermined amount of money by youths, one of whom was armed. The robbers entered the store, forced an employee, Philip Alexander, to open the store and then committed the robbery. A Chinese-speaking armed robber held up King's Chinese Restaurant at 21 Horace Harding Boulevard in Oakland Gardens, Queens, escaping with \$775. The gunman, about 18 years old, forced a deliveryman back into the restaurant, and berded him and the employees, including Yui Foo, 47, the headwaiter, into the kitchen, where he hit them and the cash register. A 21-year-old Bronx man was shot to death by an unknown man during argument at SL Mark's Place and Fifth Avenue in Brooklyn. He was tentatively identified as Jose Cu 220 20th Street, in the Park Slope section.

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and another and another mix with tonic and ice in a tall glass—and what have you got?

...THE BEST OF ALL TONIC DRINKS!

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Great mixed drinks are made with Cointreau—the dry, elegant liqueur with a whisper of orange. Cointreau's uncanny affinity for other spirits has made it the world's most versatile liqueur.

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COINTREAU LIQUEUR SPECIALITE. 80 PROOF. RENFIELD IMPORTERS, LTD., NEW YORK.

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صكنا من الاصل

Papers Reflect Bias of Bygone Era

Library Display Mirrors the Views of 19th-Century

MURRAY SCHUMACHER and sensationalism—strong touches of bigotry—were major ingredients of New York City newspapers of the early and mid-19th century, as shown in a newly opened exhibition of old newspapers at the New York City College library.

The newspapers, in many ways representative of the times and its tastes, were said by Prof. Leo Hershkovitz of the Queens College library department. He was speaking at a book launch by Boss Tweed of Tammany Hall when he found them a mountain of old documents that city agencies are preparing to destroy.

Typical of the journals of the day is a page from The Morning Herald of Dec. 5, 1839, of how a 15-year-old girl in the country, appealed judge to order the police to recover her from a very young man who had been kept by one Madame at No. 25 West 10th St. The judge agreed, and the officers shortly thereafter appeared with the girl and her covetous chinks, some particularly handsome, some rather and two or three possibly.

There is a four-page article called "The Whippersnapper" in the City Life, such as Larks, Crim-Conversations, Rapes etc., not to mention a watchful on all brothels and their inmates."

A page 1 of this paper is called "Chambermaid," which says: "A chambermaid is as fat as a pig in an potato," and advises that she and pretty maids be played only by widows or daughters. Since nearly all maids were immigrants, slur was not subtle.

Another paper, a story of a rape refers to the defendant as a "vicious Hebrew," and references are made to the Irish and blacks.

There was a paper called Journal—Life in New York which on March 15,



A boxing exhibition was the subject of this full-page ad in Court Journal, March 15, 1845

1845, carried on its first page a drawing of two dandies, under which was written an account of a walk down lower Broadway in a vain effort to find attractive women.

This issue, which Professor Hershkovitz thinks may be the only copy left of this newspaper, also writes graphically of sports. It gives the following account of a fight between "Country Jake" and "Deaf Un." Pseudonyms were used because boxing was illegal.

"At length Jake planted a heavy one on the Deaf Un's knob, which made the claret flow pretty freely — and which the Deaf Un returned by a 'soaker in the bread basket,' which carried Jake up like a sow hog."

This story is accompanied by a drawing of two boxers that the professor says is one of the first to appear in a newspaper.

Lesson in Love

And there was the Venus Miscellany, calling itself "a weekly journal of wit, love and humor," which carried a long story entitled "My First Lesson in Love," the account of a youth's seduction by a mature woman.

A prize item in the collection is one of the earliest copies of The Sun, dated Nov. 20, 1834. This was the first "penny" paper in the city. It had four three-column pages and was about 9 inches across and 12 inches high. Its major story on page 1 purported to be the memoirs of a "celebrated thief-catcher in Paris."

Among the smaller items were reports, gathered from crews of arriving ships, about an imminent plague in Smyrna and a trial of pirates in Boston.

There was also a paragraph headed "Encroachments in the Press," which told that a London court "has been closed against a reporter, on account of an alleged insult to one of the judges." The insult was not specified.

A Word About Editors

In a local story about a libel suit, the judge was quoted as saying: "You editors are a strange set of beings."

Modesty was no virtue among the newspapers. The New York Herald of May 12, 1849, in a front-page story that involved the death of many persons during a riot, noted in the first paragraph that "no fewer than 35,000 copies" of the paper were sold.

A paragraph dismissed the arrival of a ship at Nantucket from California "with \$1,000 worth of gold dust."

Newspapers did not pretend to be impartial in Presidential politics. The Log Cabin, which, in the campaign of 1840 favored William Henry Harrison, the Whig, against Martin Van Buren, the Democrat, devoted most of page 1 to a flowery speech by Harrison and did not have a word about his opponent.

The Vice Presidency

The Daily Plebeian, which carried a daily blurb on its editorial page in favor of Van Buren, was convinced, as are many newspapers today, that the choice of a Vice-Presidential candidate was important. In this campaign the choice of a Vice President for Van Buren was so heated that the Democratic convention decided to leave the matter to state electors.

Contrary to the advice of The Plebeian, which urged that John C. Calhoun, who had been Vice President for John Quincy Adams and Andrew Jackson, get the second spot, the choice was Richard M. Johnson.

The advertising of many newspapers stressed apothecaries and alleged cures for venereal diseases. Brothels were often advertised as saloons or music establishments.

"In a way," said Professor Hershkovitz, "these stories capture a good deal of the flavor of the Jacksonian Revolution."

YONKERS PARENTS STAGE A PROTEST

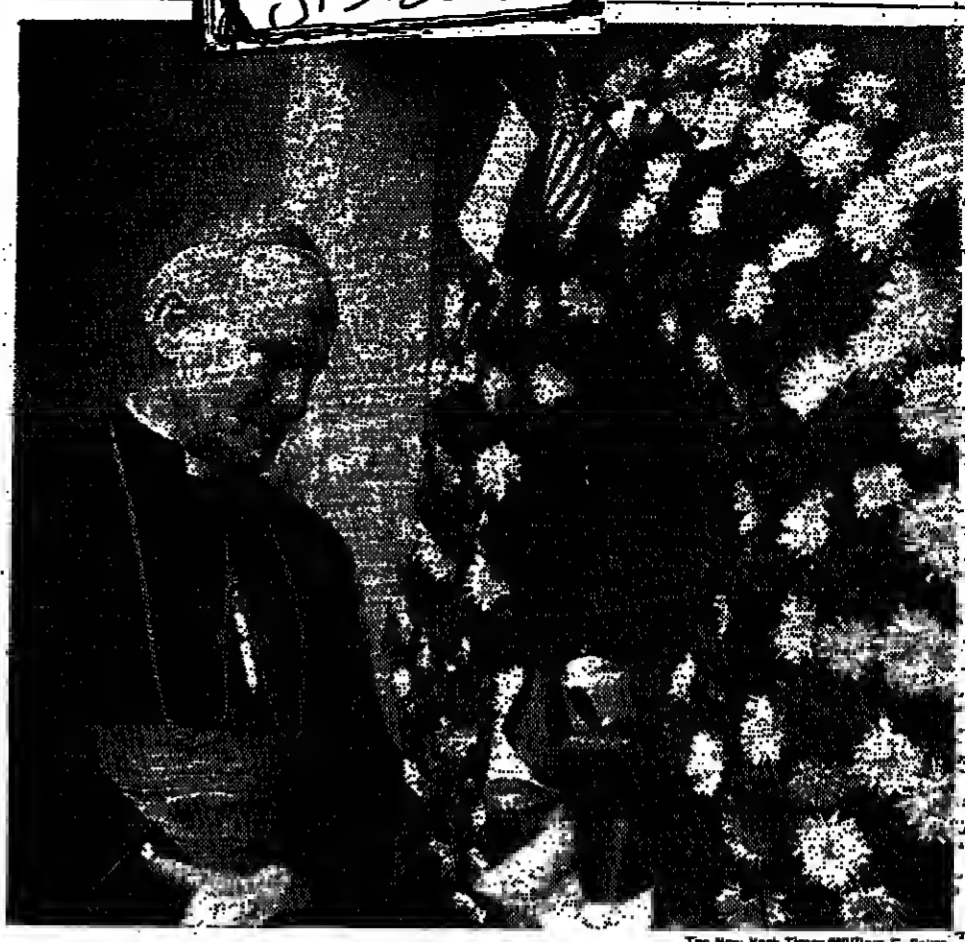
50 Block the Entrance at School 15 to Halt Removal of Desks and Equipment

Special to The New York Times

YONKERS, Aug. 5—About 50 parents blocked the entrance to their neighborhood elementary school this morning and prevented workmen from removing desks and equipment from the building, which has been scheduled for closing.

In response, Dr. Joseph Robitaille, the School Superintendent, agreed to leave the equipment in the school until the State Commissioner of Education, Ewald B. Nyquist, has issued a decision on a petition by the parents to reopen the school.

The building, School 15, is one of seven that the Board of Education voted last April to close because of mandated budget cuts. The school is on the affluent East Side of the city and has a 100 percent white enrollment.



IN MEMORY OF CHURCH HERO: Karol Cardinal Wojtyla of Poland pauses before wreath-covered plaque honoring Archbishop John Baptist Cleplak who died in room 50 years ago, in St. Mary's Hospital in Passaic, N.J. Cardinal Wojtyla rededicated plaque, noting that the Russian prelate, who fought early Communist efforts to ban Catholicism in the Soviet Union, was being considered for beatification.

Another View

The board had made an unofficial decision in July to reopen three of the seven schools because of a still unconfirmed reimbursement of \$449,000 to the district. The city's black and Hispanic leaders reacted bitterly then to reports that two of the three buildings to be reopened were all-white schools on the East Side.

By transferring the 287 students of School 15, the board "is not accomplishing anything in the way of integration," said Edith DeVito, a parent leader, since the children will be stay open.

According to Herman Keith, a leader of the West Side Parents and a member of the Task Force for Quality Education, black and Hispanic groups felt that either all or no schools should be reopened.

"As a parent who has children attending West Side schools, my position is not one in opposition to what the parents of School 15 are doing," he said. "They're fighting for the survival of their neighborhood school, which is their right. But many of our children will also have to walk great distances, and many are too poor to pay for transportation."

Galleria Is Sold to Morgan Guaranty; Reduction of Apartment Prices Is Seen

CARTER B. HORSLEY, spectacular but largely fledgling office and apartment skyscraper known as the Galleria at 115 East 57th St. has been purchased by Morgan Guaranty Trust Co.

Bank had provided \$49 million to finance the construction of the 57-story project, which was developed by the Galleria Company. Yesterday, it announced that Morgan Guaranty had purchased the Madison Company's 50,000 over its existing equity to take title to the building.

Plan of financing the \$253 million project has been filed by the State Attorney General's office and is expected to be made public in a few days. The amended offer lowers the prices of the units, which are among the most expensive in the city. Prices will also be lowered for purchasers who have signed contracts.

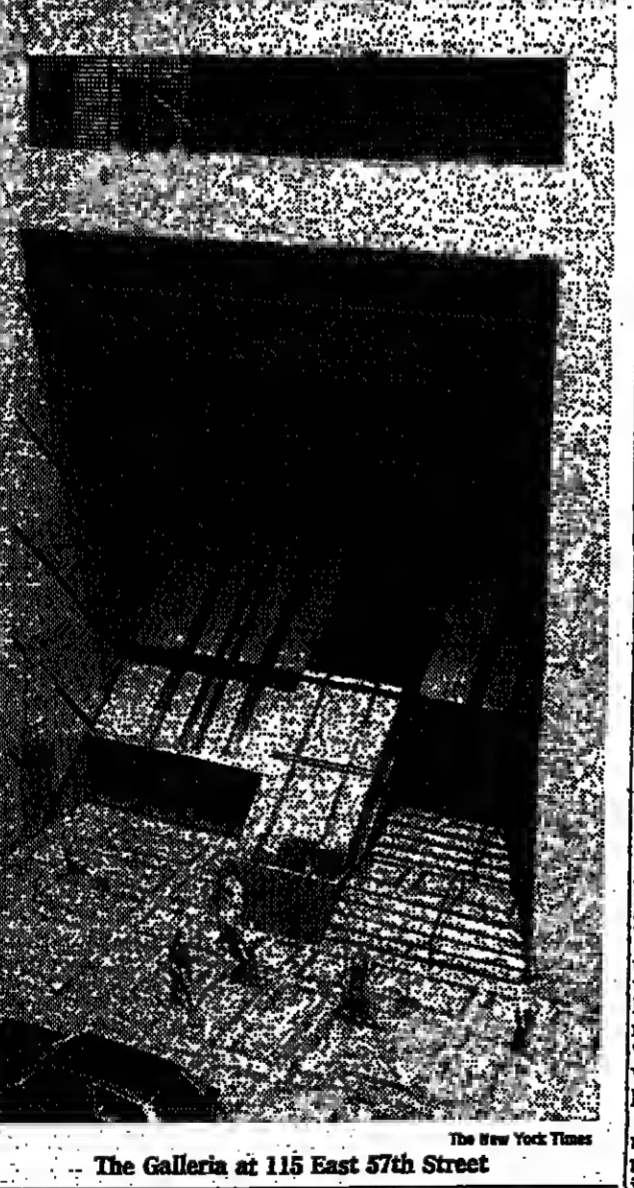
spokesman for the bank says how many apartments had been sold or how a reduction price was about two thirds of the original price of \$2 million for the building. He added that construction work is completed.

In this year, negotiations broke off when the estimate of about \$1.5 billion for the penthouse rose to \$2.4 billion, but operators would not sell for less than \$2.7 million.

Galleria was designed by architect Specter and architect Abraham. It features a recessed entrance to a 100-foot-high atrium. Many of the two-bedroom apartments have "winter gardens," enclosed balconies, walls and roofs.

J. Glickman, the architect, said that he and the architect recognized that the best way to reach the market would be for the building to become the owner and sponsor.

hat he was "sad that the project was involved in its final stages by fellow faculty members—for courses they never worked on so they could ad-



The Galleria at 115 East 57th Street

HIRSCHFELD CITES HOUSING DELAYS

Says Government Red Tape Is Impeding Construction

Abe Hirschfeld, the businessman who is one of five contenders for the Democratic Senate nomination, said yesterday that housing construction in New York City was hampered by government "bureaucracy" and urged public officials to "let the builders go ahead and build."

Meanwhile, Daniel P. Moynihan was campaigning upstate, stressing the problems of unemployment.

Former Attorney General Ramsey Clark held a news conference to discuss his proposal for Federal chartering of giant corporations.

Mr. Hirschfeld made his statements outside the Taino Towers, a federally subsidized housing project in East Harlem at 1224 Street and Third Avenue. The project, which is nearly complete, cost \$45 million to construct but was unoccupied because of bureaucratic snags, Mr. Hirschfeld said.

At Mr. Clark's news conference, in front of the International Telephone and Telegraph Building, at 320 Park Avenue, he referred to the company's involvement in national politics in 1972.

He called the Federal chartering of large companies—those with more than \$250 million in sales a year or with more than 10,000 employees—"the only logical and effective way of containing corporate power."

Mr. Moynihan called for a new Federal policy to attack unemployment. "This is not just a matter of equity, but a matter of good economics," he said. He also repeated his call for welfare reform.

Of the two other candidates for the nomination, Representative Bella S. Abzug was in Washington, and City Council President Paul O'Dwyer was in Albany. Mrs. Abzug was working on Congressional matters, and Mr. O'Dwyer was holding private meetings with his supporters.

Last night, Representative Abzug took part in a "senatorial forum" of the Yonkers Jewish Council. Mr. O'Dwyer, aides said, sent a representative to the Yonkers event, while he addressed a meeting of the Cop City Democratic Club.

8 Professors at Post Reported Under Inquiry on False Credits

GREENVALE, L. I., Aug. 5 (AP)—At least eight professors at Long Island University's C. W. Post Center have been allegedly signed up for graduate education courses and expected to receive credit for allegedly nothing, and those who allegedly taught them. The purpose, the sources said, was to provide easy credit for teachers seeking special certification, such as for an administration post.

Computer time sheets showed that at least one professor was giving a course at the same time he was scheduled to be taking one, sources said.

Both teachers who resigned acknowledged that an investigation was under way, but they said their resignations were not related to it.

Edward J. Cook, president of the college, denied knowledge last week of any investigation

work. The implicated professors fall into two categories: Those who allegedly signed up for graduate education courses and expected to receive credit for allegedly nothing, and those who allegedly taught them. The purpose, the sources said, was to provide easy credit for teachers seeking special certification, such as for an administration post.

In the last two weeks, the A.P. has learned, two graduate education department faculty members have resigned, and the acting dean of that department—where the college's investigation is centered—has stepped down ahead of schedule.

The sources said the charges involved no students. They said the allegations were that faculty members were given credit by fellow faculty members—for courses they never worked on so they could ad-

New York State Lottery PUBLIC NOTICE

To all holders of New York State Lottery tickets dated October 30, 1975, October 31, 1975 and November 6, 1975.

You may obtain a cash refund of \$.50 per ticket by presenting tickets for the above dates at participating stores or outlets identified below.

The October 31st game caused the immediate suspension of the former Lottery because duplicate and triplicate tickets had been printed and sold to the public. A subsequent court order pertaining to this game requires that the Lottery Director can only hold a drawing if he is assured beyond a reasonable doubt that major prizes will be awarded only to holders of valid tickets. The files and computer program for this game are of doubtful validity. Also, the existence of hundreds of thousands of duplicate and triplicate tickets make a random drawing of winning numbers impossible. For these reasons, and in fairness to the public, a full cash refund of the ticket price is announced. At the same time the public is hereby advised that the State Lottery accounts now contain a total of 1.4 million dollars in Jackpot Prize money. This money had accumulated from previous Colossus games and from the sale of tickets from the October 31, 1975 game. This money belongs to the public and will be awarded to the public in a special game to be conducted later this year. Public notice will be given concerning all of the details before ticket sales for the special game start.

Tickets for the October 30th Double-Up Game had been on sale for one day when the Lottery was suspended. Tickets for the November 6th Double-Up Game were sold in error. The number of tickets sold is insufficient to create a prize pool and at the same time guarantee that only sold winners would be selected for large prizes. Therefore, a full refund for tickets with either of these dates is hereby announced.

The New York State Lottery appreciates the patience of New Yorkers in holding their tickets so long. We ask that you now avail yourselves of the opportunity for refunds as soon as possible.

- ### Where to obtain your refund
- | | | |
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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Supermarket Chains: Grand Union Bellis Markets Top's Markets Loiswe's Acme Markets Price Chopper Super-Duper Markets Eastern Newsstands: 540 Madison Avenue Gift Shop, International Hotel JFK Airport 10 East 43rd Street 71 Clark Street, Brooklyn, N.Y. Lobby, 666 Fifth Avenue 380 Madison Avenue Cigar Stand—William St. Ent. 1 Chase Manhattan Plaza 277 Park Avenue Lincoln Building 60 East 42nd Street A.B.C. Building 1320 Avenue of the Americas Four New York Plaza 80 Pine Street 236 East 42nd Street 345 Park Avenue 1290 Avenue of the Americas 909 Third Avenue 270 Park Avenue George Washington Bus Terminal Lower Level, 4211 Broadway 88-15 165th Street, Jamaica, N.Y. Pan Am Telephone Arcade, 200 Park Avenue Pan Am Lobby, 200 Park Avenue 750 Third Avenue 1301 Avenue of the Americas Subway Stand—William St. 1 Chase Manhattan Plaza 1100 Third Avenue 120 Broadway 60 East 42nd Street American Express Building 125 Broad Street 2 Penn Plaza Building 7th Avenue and 33rd Street 850 Third Avenue 60 Broad Street 1133 Avenue of the Americas New York Hilton Hotel Pan Am Concourse, 200 Park Ave. George Washington Bus Terminal Upper Level, 4211 Broadway 150 East 42nd Street Subway Arc., 666 Fifth Avenue 90 Park Avenue Newsstand—Nassau St. Ent. 1 Chase Manhattan Plaza C.B.S. Building, 51st Street 245 Park Avenue 55 Broad Street Two Broadway 828 Third Avenue 320 Park Avenue 633 Third Avenue 485 Lexington Avenue | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1775 Broadway 24 State Street 5001 Lexington Avenue 1185 6th Avenue World Trade Center, H. 1 Bankers Trust Plaza World Trade Center Bldg. One State Street Track 39, Grand Central Ter. 555 West 57th Street 1 Liberty Plaza 630 Fifth Avenue 1221 Sixth Avenue 8 West 7th Street Newsstand, Empire State Building 1230 Avenue of the Americas 605 Third Avenue Tobaccoconist, Smith Haven Shop Mail, Lake Grove, N.Y. 1501 Broadway World Trade Center, Path Square 10 Hanover Square 600 Third Avenue 100 Gold Street Tobacco News, RCA 1250 Avenue of the Americas Plaza North, RCA 1250 Avenue of the Americas 1251 Sixth Avenue 160 Water Street Tobacco Shop Empire State Building Lobby, 1 Rockefeller Plaza Time-Life Building 1271 Avenue of the Americas 1345 Avenue of the Americas 280 Park Avenue 1411 Broadway 120 Broadway, Lower Arcade World Trade Center, H. 2 55 Water Street 1633 Broadway 1211 Sixth Avenue 1285 Sixth Avenue 1114 Avenue of the Americas Lobby, 50 Rockefeller Plaza Lobby, 1270 Avenue of the Americas Lobby, 16 Rockefeller Plaza Lobby, 75 Rockefeller Plaza Americana Hotel 52nd St. and 7th Avenue 41 Madison Avenue | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 553 Grand Street, Brooklyn 5805 Fourth Avenue, Bronx 2323 Merrmaid Avenue, Brooklyn 977 Prospect Avenue, Bronx 508 Clarkson Avenue, Brooklyn 311 East 181st Street 1615 St. Johns Place, Brooklyn 5 West 170th Street, Bronx 228 Eighth Avenue 254 Kingston Avenue, Brooklyn 3426 Broadway #2 1038 Broadway 301 West 57th Street 66 Spring Street 168 Greenpoint Avenue, Brooklyn 365 Saratoga Avenue, Brooklyn 2168 Second Avenue #2 890 East Tremont Avenue, Bronx 531 Eighth Avenue 531 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn 1202 Morrison Avenue, Bronx 4551 Third Avenue, Bronx 39-23 Queens Boulevard, Queens 332 Stagg Street, Brooklyn 102-15 Roosevelt Avenue, Queens 3212 Third Avenue, Bronx 1030 Morris Avenue, Bronx 120 Featherbed Lane, Bronx 46 West 14th Street 1588 Fulton Street, Brooklyn 3651 Broadway #3 1787 Jerome Avenue 277 Canal Street 2449 Broadway 1245 Southern Boulevard, Bronx 310 West 14th Street 523 Sutter Avenue, Brooklyn 1393 East 167th Street, Bronx 1503 Patsin Avenue, Brooklyn 1447 St. Johns Place, Brooklyn 1230 Westchester Avenue, Bronx 5215 Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn 424 Brighton Beach Avenue, Brooklyn 655 Lenox Avenue 89-03 Roosevelt Avenue, Queens 255 East 184th Street, Bronx 706 Ralph Avenue, Bronx 332 East 98th Street, Brooklyn 642 Nostrand Avenue, Brooklyn 2054 Broadway 662 Classon Avenue, Brooklyn 697 East Gunhill Road, Brooklyn 742 Washington Avenue, Bronx 703 Ninth Avenue 136-53 Northern Boulevard, Queens 543 Columbus Avenue 486 Albany Avenue, Brooklyn 941A Westchester Avenue, Bronx 797 Southern Boulevard, Bronx 30-14 31st Street, Queens 301 East 170th Street, Bronx 1853 Broadway, Brooklyn 1930 Cross Bronx Expressway, Bronx 1784 Westchester Avenue, Bronx |
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LOTTERY-NUMBERS

Aug. 5, 1976

N.J. Weekly—522-578
Millionaire Finalist—50990

N.J. Pick-It—336
Connecticut—23-026
Color—Yellow

HOUSES

ASTORIA (Imports) 3 1/2 m in fine brick... BAYSIDE Union medium waterfront... BAYVIEW 1 1/2 m in fine brick...

HOUSES - BROOKLYN

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Looking for work? Look here tomorrow. More than 100,000 jobs are being advertised every month in The New York Times.

State Reduces Its Aid to City Hospitals; Effect on Strike Is Feared

Continued From Page A1, Col. 3

County and Municipal Employees, began leaving their jobs.

Dr. John L. S. Holloman Jr., president of the city's Health and Hospitals Corporation, said: "We're coping, but the situation could be expected to deteriorate if the strike goes on much longer."

He described the situation yesterday as "just about the same" as on the first day, with "curtailed non-emergency admissions and spotty service at a number of our clinics."

Most of the strikers are nurses' aides or food-service and janitorial workers, and Dr. Holloman said that feeding patients and cleaning up could become a problem.

5 Arrests in Brooklyn:

Most of the hospitals have reassigned professional personnel to emergency service and there has been some help from volunteers.

There was some sporadic violence on picket lines yesterday in attempts to block delivery vehicles and volunteers.

There were five arrests at Cumberland Hospital in Brooklyn's Fort Greene section after the police said pickets tried to force their way into the hospital from the Crown Heights Youth Group.

To ease the work load in the hospitals, patients were being sent home as soon as possible and elective surgery was canceled. A spokesman for the Health and Hospitals Corporation said the number of patients was down to about 7,000 yesterday or about 57 percent of capacity.

Earlier yesterday, before the state issued the new reimbursement rates, Mayor Beame named former State Senator

Basil A. Paterson to be a mediator in the dispute.

It was the second time in two months that Mr. Paterson has been called into the situation. Early in June the Mayor named Mr. Paterson to head a three-man panel to make recommendations to settle the dispute. That move averted an earlier strike threat.

The Paterson panel recommended the dismissal of 832 employees instead of the 1,730 the corporation had planned to let go. The union accepted those layoffs and the Paterson panel called for the setting up of another study group, which was headed by Martin Horwitz, a business executive, to weigh further cuts.

The Horwitz recommendations were for another wave of 1,350 layoffs—770 fewer than had been planned by the city. The city accepted the Horwitz recommendations, but the union said it could not accept any more layoffs, and the strike was on.

Both sides began meeting with Mr. Paterson yesterday at Automation House, 49 East 88th Street, before the new state figures were announced. When the figures came out, hopes of any quick progress toward a settlement were dampened.

Asked what the rate announcement meant, Mr. Paterson said: "To put it mildly, it complicates [the talks] a good deal."

After the Automation House talks ended late yesterday with no progress reported, Lillian Roberts, associate director of District Council 37, said that in light of the rate cuts "there's really nothing to talk about."

"Maybe somebody's feeding the flames here. Right now there are people in administration who don't give a damn about poor people, sick or well."

Medicaid is financed 50 percent by the Federal Government and 25 percent each by the state and city. Its reimbursement rates are set by the State Health Department for each hospital in the state, based on costs that the hospitals report, with adjustments for inflation.

The state last year gave the city's municipal hospitals a uniform rate of \$215 for each patient-day. That rate was cut temporarily to \$200 at the beginning of this year as the state, faced with a fiscal crisis, sought to hold back hospitals' costs, which had been surging

upward faster than most other costs. The city determined that it needed a new uniform reimbursement rate of \$216.68 per patient-day to keep up with inflation this year. But the state decided to set different rates for each of the municipal hospitals on the grounds that not all offered as wide or expensive a range of services.

For the municipal hospitals, the new rates range from a low of \$103.84 at Bird S. Coler Memorial Hospital on Roosevelt Island to

high of \$237.70 at Cumberland Hospital in Brooklyn. City officials calculated the weighted average of new rates will be \$197.68 or \$3 less than the rate, which they regard as inadequate.

The highest rate announced by the state was for Morrisania Hospital in the Bronx, already has been close to Morrisania figure and it reflected the high patient cost of running a institution with fewer patients as it was being out of existence.

In its announcement State Health Department "The 1976 rates for the 1974 costs reported Health and Hospitals Corporation and include adjustment for inflation in 1974."

It said that it had not been able to set separate rates for each of the hospitals because "detailed costs were not available."

The announcement of the individual rates "conforms with the determination rates for hospitals in the state."

"Individual rates for municipal hospitals," it said, "in addition to be consistent with the cost of ability within the corporation. The state earlier had reimbursement rates from \$94.72 to \$242.79 private, nonprofit (or hospitals in New York

The new rates drew objections from the hospitals, which challenged them in a court action adequate to cover cost challenge has not yet solved.

Issues in Hospital Strike

PARTICIPANTS: About 18,000 nonprofessional hospital workers, members of Local 420, American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees, are on strike against New York City's Health and Hospitals Corporation, which runs the 16 municipal hospitals. Most of the employees are nurses' aides and janitorial workers.

ISSUES: The union is protesting the city's plan to lay off 1,350 workers as recommended last week by a task force appointed to study the dispute. Last October the city laid off 3,000 hospital workers and the union did not protest. But when plans to dismiss 3,150 more were announced in May, the union threatened to strike, arguing that improved management by the Health and Hospitals Corporation would save the necessary money.

A compromise was worked out whereby the union would agree to \$32 of the first 1,450 layoffs, but that left 1,700 still in dispute.

In June an ad hoc panel, headed by Basil A. Paterson, said it could not sort through "the welter of conflicting claims" and recommended that a tripartite task force seek to determine potential alternatives to layoffs.

The task force was headed by Martin Horwitz, a business executive, and included Deputy Mayor Paul Gibson Jr. and Dr. John L. S. Holloman Jr., president of the Health and Hospitals Corporation. Meantime, the city argued that because of the delays it now had to dismiss 2,120 people instead of 1,700. The task force recommended the 1,350 dismissals, which the union now is striking against, in an action that violates a state law prohibiting strikes by public employees.



Striking nonmedical workers as they picketed Lincoln Hospital in the Bronx yesterday

Hospital Pickets Seem Firm in Resolve to Win

James Parker has been a janitor at the Bronx Municipal Hospital for 21 years and is not really worried that he will be laid off. Audrey Thompson, on the other hand, has been a nurse's aide there for only a little more than two years—and received word of her layoff last week.

Both were among the 200 singing, chanting—and generally bitter—strikers on the picket line yesterday in front of the hospital, at Pelham Parkway and Eastchester Road, on the second day of the hospital workers' strike.

And both seemed fairly typical of the hospital's 1,800 employees who belong to Local 420, which is on strike against the 16 municipal hospitals because the city has threatened to lay off 1,350 more hospital workers.

"I just don't believe the city doesn't have enough money," Mrs. Thompson, 34 years old, said during a break from her picket duty. "I think they're lying. I want Mayor Beame to find that \$6 billion, or \$6 million, or whatever it was that he couldn't find when he came into office."

Left Job at L.B.M.

Mrs. Thompson said she had worked as an L.B.M. key-punch operator for eight years before she decided to become a nurse's aide. "I left a good job because I thought a city job would be more secure for me and my daughter," she said angrily. "Now I know that a city job isn't secure at all."

A plump woman with a biting West Indian accent, Mrs. Thompson is divorced and lives with her 8-year-old daughter, Nicole, in a one-bedroom, \$200-a-month apartment in the Bronx; she said she took home \$248 every two weeks before she was laid off.

"They just called me up at 7:30 in the morning last Thursday and told me that night would be my last night to come to work," said Mrs. Thompson, who worked the 11 P.M.-to-7 A.M.-shift in the pediatrics section. "It seems to me that they could have done it some other way. Other people I know got letters that gave them at least a two weeks' notice."

She said she planned to show up for picket duty every day until the strike ended, even though she had already lost her job.

"It may not help me," she said, "but maybe it will help my friends and other people to keep their jobs."

Mrs. Thompson was born in Kingston, Jamaica, and moved to New York when she was 14 years old. Her father operates a fork-lift in a dye company plant in Brooklyn, and her mother is a hairdresser. Mrs. Thompson graduated from William Howard Taft high school and then attended a Bronx business school for nine months before becoming a key-punch operator.

But it was her nurse's aide job that she liked the best. "I loved my work," she said, as tears began to well in her eyes. "I've only called in sick about four times. My daughter's asthmatic, and working in the hospital I saw that my problems were small compared with other people's."

She said she had about \$700 in savings and planned to stay home until the end

of August before looking for another job.

"I'm a real worry bug, but for some reason I'm not worried about my future," Mrs. Thompson said, as the strikers began to sing "We Shall Overcome."

"If push comes to shove, there's always unemployment, and I'll go get it, \$75 a week, even though the thought of being on unemployment drives me out of my mind. But I have no pride when it comes to feeding my child and paying my rent."

The title printed on James Parker's white plastic name tag that he was wearing on the picket line yesterday reads "Housekeeping Aide," a job he has held since 1955.

"I'm a janitor," he said. "I do things like collect garbage, mop floors, dump soiled linens and clean walls."

Mr. Parker, who is 57 years old, feels that if the threatened layoffs go through, there will not be enough workers left to do the assigned work.

"That's why I'm behind the strike 100 percent," he said. "If they lay off all those people, it's going to double the work load on each individual. The workers will go home and die of a heart attack, or else be impaired to the point where they'll never be able to work again."

Mr. Parker, who says he has only \$170 in savings, said he could hold out for six months if need be, "because I'm used to living hard."

"I know how to live skimpy and poor," he said. "I'll beg if I have to, even from a lady who runs a hot-dog stand, because I feel this thing is worth fighting back at for six months." The union provides no strike benefits.

He said he took home \$228 every two weeks. His monthly payments include \$140 in rent for his "walk-in basement kitchenette" in the Bronx, and a \$85 support payment for his former wife, Lillie Belle, who lives in another Bronx apartment with their three children—Rennia, 20, Dian, 19, and James Thomas, 17.

Mr. Parker said he was born in Pike County, Ala., the son of a sharecropper, and came to New York in 1954. His hobbies, he said, are lifting weights and jogging three times a week at the 135th Street Y.M.C.A. in Harlem, and hunting.

"I also try to take a sauna once a week," he said. "I just love that."

Mr. Parker said he liked to arrive on the picket line around 7 A.M. and stay until 11 P.M., so he could try to persuade both day-shift and night-shift workers not to cross the line.

"My biggest disappointment about this strike," he said, "is seeing my friends quit these lines and go back in because they're scared."

He was asked what he thought of the view that the strikers were mainly hurting poor people from their own neighborhoods.

"I don't think we're hurting the poor at all," he said. "I think we're bettering their conditions as well as ours. Because if they lay off any more hospital workers, they're going to work the rest of us to death, and where will the patients be then?"

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15-DAY

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سازمان تبلیغات

الجمعة 6 آب 1976

Ravi Shankar in the Cathedral, Dusk to Dawn

By ROBERT PALMER

RAVI SHANKAR will begin playing a range very early tomorrow morning inside the Cathedral of St. John the Divine in a dusk-to-dawn program of music. As he brushes the strings of his sitar, producing the shimmering resonance so characteristic of his music, he is celebrating an auspicious occasion, the anniversary of his performances of music in the United States.

Shankar, noted Indian musician, will be in Mr. Shankar's anniversary celebration, which begins tonight at 9 P.M. The hit concert, which is traditional in India and to the United States, will feature the performances of seldom-heard ragas: shah-Atra, the vocalist; G. S. Sachdev, plays the Indian bamboo flute; Vasant, virtuoso of the sarod, and Alla Rakha, Shankar's longtime accompanist on the mridanga drum. Finally, Mr. Shankar will play, probably until dawn.

Tea and Indian snacks will be served in the cathedral, Amsterdam Avenue at West Street, beginning at 8 P.M. tonight. (\$3.50 for students and the elderly). There is no reserved seating.

Shankar wonders how New Yorkers react to a dusk-to-dawn concert. "There are many people here who know about our music," he said last week at a combination Indian lunch and interview. "Some of them go and say strange things that we really don't get the pure thing like they do in India and that sort of thing. Well, this is going to be something like that in India, and we will find out how people can stand it."

Shankar wonders how audiences react to the all-night concert idea, there will be no trouble in the cathedral itself. The dean of St. John the Divine, the Very Rev. James Morton,

looks upon the Ravi Shankar concert as a measure of favor and enthusiasm. Mr. Morton is a member of the cathedral's music committee, which tries to bring in events of excellence from diverse traditions. "It represents the bringing to America of a point of spiritual music from India," he said. "The cathedral has always been an ecumenical and this event underscores what we mean by ecumenism is all about."

Shankar, looking younger than his 56 years, Shankar agreed to sketch a few points of his long career. Actually, he started out, he first performed in the States in 1932, as a 12-year-old dancer. His brother Uday Shankar's dance troupe was a pioneer of bringing Indian

Continued on Page C18



Ravi Shankar in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, where he will celebrate tonight the 20th anniversary of his first performance of Indian music in the United States.

Jack Mitchell

A Magical Day For Kids

Page C3

Shangri-La On S.I.

Page C15

Gardens of Delight

Page C16

The Last Word In Restaurants From Canada

By JOHN CANADAY

THIS IS IT—the last roundup, a list of restaurants we will be going back to for our own pleasure after signing off, as of today, from a job we began in January 1974 with a review of Gino's as the quintessential New York restaurant. Thirty-one months and 579 visits to 364 restaurants later (and four pounds lighter, since you ask), we are now free to go back to Gino's to see if we still feel that way about it.

The following list is not intended as a summary of Manhattan's best restaurants. It's personal and there are no doubt a number of omissions even on that score, along with others, such as no hotel restaurants, no Chinatown restaurants, and no restaurants-cum-nightclubs, all of which we are unacquainted with for one reason (not our professional beat) or another (not interested). Then there are all those hundreds and hundreds of restaurants we don't even know about.

With apologies to excellent restaurants left out, here goes, in alphabetical order:

Alfredo's of New York, 240 Central Park South (246-7050): Further, and rather extensive, research is required here before we can say that there isn't a weak dish on the menu.

Algooquia, 59 West 44th Street (MU 7-4400): We said "no hotel restaurants" but the Algonquin isn't a hotel, it's an institution.

Arirang House, 28 West 56th Street (581-9698): Another research problem. Do the waitresses who serve you this delicious, mildly exotic Korean food belong to the Order Lepidoptera or Orchideae?

Ballato, 5 East Houston Street (CA 6-9683): A sort of amorous adventure goes on here night after night between Mr. Ballato and his clients, with some of his scloppine serving as a billet-doux.

Billy's, 948 First Avenue, near 52d Street (385-8920): When we need a nice, warm little neighborhood pub.

Benito's, 147 Mulberry Street (226-9007): When we

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WEEKENDER GUIDE

Friday

AT VANGUARD

At Vanguard is one of the jazz establishments in still doing business downtown. It is not dedicated to jazz. The decor is forgettable. There is no food worth mentioning and jazz is what it is. It is a place where you can go to hear a virtuoso, will wind up engagement at the Vanguard. It was born in Iowa and raised has been working out of eight years. On his guest's e's outstage with the Roland. Shows at 10, 11:30 P.M. Admission: \$4, plus a one-dinner per show (you can sit many shows as there are).

NON DANCERS

Limón Dance Company is at Manhattanville College, Yonkers. As part of its summer, the company will go to the city and perform at the Harrichool, on Harrison's Union Square West Street. The company, founded in 1972 and led by Ruth Currier, as artist. Tonight's program consists of works by Mr. Limón, a choreography by Doris Humphrey, first created last Fred Mashevs for the Manhattanville College. Tomorrow's Limón pieces and Miss Storm Warning. Admission: \$10 (914) 946-9600. To high school, take the Hutchinson Parkway to exit 23, Maroad, go east to Union Square north.

IONESCO'S 'THE LESSON'

The Jean Cocteau Repertory is a Lower East Side Off Broadway fixture. For the last year or so it has been performing in the Bowler Lane Theater, 330 Bowery, corner of East Second Street (677-0060), a house that bears an illustrious name in New York theatrical history (it's not the same house as the original, however). The company is getting ready for its new season and is presenting an appetizer in the form of Eugene Ionesco's "The Lesson" starting tonight. It's a short play, about an hour long, and has a cast of three. Showtime, every Friday and Saturday through Aug. 28, is at 10 P.M., which would let you enjoy that pre-theater rarity, a leisurely dinner in the restaurant of your choice. Admission: \$4; students and over-65's, \$3. The Bowler Lane is in the heart of the Off, Off Broadway theater district. It is no Great White Way, more of a grim, grey one, but there are off-street and off-off street compensations. Phebe's, the Sardi's of Lower East Side show folk at 381 Bowery, corner of Fourth Street, has a First Avenue veranda-style arrangement.

LATIN RHYTHM

It's usually a sellout, or close to it, but if you batten on Latin, you might try to get tickets to the ninth annual Fania All Stars concert in Madison Square Garden, 33d Street and Seventh Avenue, tonight at 8:30 P.M. Johnny Pacheco will lead a 23-piece orchestra through salsa, aided and abetted by an all-star crew. The ubiquitous Tito Puente and his 21-piece band will be guest stars in a tribute to the late Latin entertainer Tito Rodriguez. Eddie Benitez and his 10-piece Nebula group will play Latin rock. Big salsa jam session finale. Lots of singers, radio personalities, everything. Admission: \$10 (these mostly sold out), \$8.50, \$7.50, \$6.50. Better check first before going: 564-4400; also Ticketron, 541-7290.

Saturday

CARAMOOR FESTIVAL

Caramoor is a beautiful Westchester estate near Katonah in the town of Bedford. The Caramoor Festival is a long-running musical series that would

make a respectably full season for any Manhattan company. It runs through Aug. 21 and concerts are held on weekends only. Saturday at 8:30, Robert Peters will be the soloist in the Spanish Garden, a cloistered courtyard with fountain, bay trees and oleanders. She will do a program of songs and arias by Handel, Debussy, Strauss, Rodrigo and Lehar. It is mostly sold out, but there are almost always tickets sold at the door before show-

time, particularly in good weather, the show goes on rain or shine, but if the weather is bad there may be a bit less seating. Sunday at 5:30, Rosalyn Tureck, the pianist, will play music by Bech; tickets are more readily available for this event. In any case, better phone first: (914) 232-4206. Seats are unreserved in the courtyard and cost \$7.50 apiece. Saw Mill River Parkway to second Katonah exit, turn right into Route 22 south, follow to Route 137, which goes to Caramoor.

ROUND OF APPLAUSE

There are several places where youthful aspirants to show biz fame get a start and meet the makers and shakers. But it's often as waiter and waitress, taking the order from the customer. Applause, 360 Lexington Avenue at 40th Street (687-7268) is a brightly decorated small restaurant and bar where those who wait are young people who have an opportunity to do more than merely spill the soup. Each night, at 9:30 and 11:30, they put on a review, "New Faces of 1976," produced by Lee Canaan and written and directed by Terry Hammond. The cast includes experienced performers between stage engagements and others still waiting to be blooded. There is no music charge and main courses run from \$5.95 to \$10.95.

FAUNA FIESTA

The New York Zoological Society has a fine collection of animals from the Americas in the Bronx Zoo, Southern Boulevard and Fordham Road (220-5100). A few years ago they opened a special South American section at the zoo's southern end and it teems with tapirs, rheas, guanacos and coscoroba (that's a bird). There are other creatures in other parts of the zoo, such as the quetzal in the World of Birds and the giant Anaconda in the Reptile House. Well, anyway, all of this is by way of telling you that on Saturday and Sunday, they are holding a Latin-American Fiesta of animals and art at the zoo. In Baldu Court, near the Lion House, from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M., there will be mariachi music, the Ballet Hispanico, banner-making, pottery, basketry, weaving and, to eat, tacos, enchiladas and the like. Admission to the zoo: \$1; 2-to-12's, 50 cents.

RUNNERS-UP

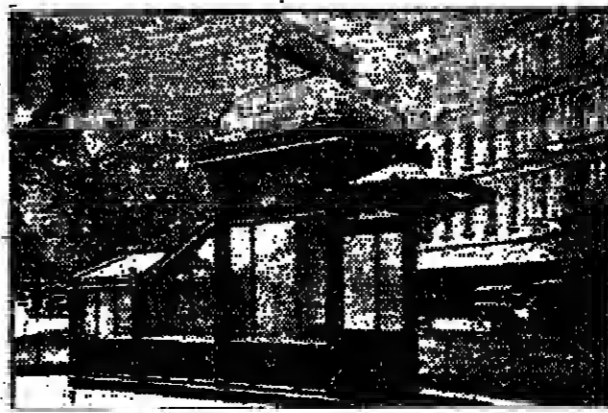
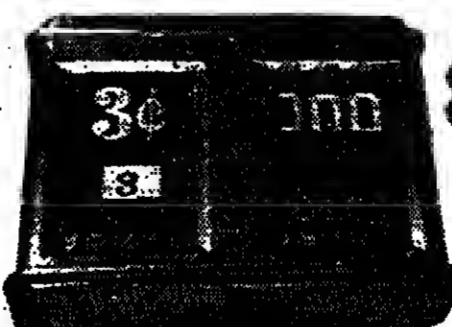
The track around Central Park's reservoir is 1.57 miles long and almost

Continued on Page C20

Take the B Train to Nostalgia St.



Tokens of the past: riders on the New York City Transit Authority's "Nostalgia Express" can also visit the subway museum. See Page C15.



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Broadway

John Corry

MARIA SCHELL will make her debut on Broadway next season in "Poor Murderer," a play by Pavel Kohout, which will be produced here by Kermit and John Bloomgarden and Ken Marsosais. They have been negotiating with Miss Schell for the last month, and now it has been agreed that the celebrated Austrian actress will be with "Poor Murderer" when it goes into rehearsal Sept. 20 and opens at the Ethel Barrymore on Oct. 24. Miss Schell has here on many European stages, although she is best known here for movies, among them "The Brothers Karamazov," "The Hanging Tree" and "The Mark."

The producers of "Poor Murderer" are hopeful that, besides Miss Schell, they may be able to get Mr. Kohout here, too. Mr. Kohout, a Czech, has never seen a production of his play, although it has been done throughout Germany, Austria, Belgium and Greece. It has never been done in Czechoslovakia, and indeed none of Mr. Kohout's works can be published or performed there.

"Poor Murderer" takes place in a clinic for nervous disorders in St. Petersburg in 1900. A famous actor has been diagnosed as insane and committed to the clinic after he has murdered another actor. Hoping to prove that he is not insane, he persuades the director of the clinic to allow him to stage a psychodrama. Consequently, "Poor Murderer" is a play within a play, in which the patient, according to Mr. Kohout's notes, attempts to answer this question: "Have I pretended insanity to get away with a murder, or did I murder because I am insane?"

Miss Schell's co-star will be Lawrence Luckinbill, who, with Herbert Berghof, translated the play from the German. Mr. Berghof will also direct it on Broadway. "Poor Murderer," incidentally, will be the first play that John Bloomgarden has produced with his famous father.

Lenora Nemetz is a star. There is her name—N-E-M-E-T-Z—known until a few weeks ago only to the folks in Pittsburgh, on the billboard outside the 46th Street Theater. Miss Nemetz had never expected it to be there; she had never expected to replace Chita Rivera in "Chicago." Lenora Nemetz was only an understudy. What did she know about being a star?

"Norman," she said, "my friend Norman in Pittsburgh sent my picture to Bob Fosse, and he wrote back and told me to come in for an audition. Do you know what happened? I got on the wrong plane. I actually got on a plane to Chicago. Then I got off and got a plane to New York."

"Well, I auditioned for Bob and went back to Pittsburgh, and then a week or so later he called me back. Norman came with me. At the second audition, I sang 'Lullaby of Broadway' and 'Me and My Shadow,' and then Bob made me a steady for both Chita and Gwen Verdon. Then, last May, when Chita announced she was leaving the show, I auditioned again. I never expected Bob to go with a standby, but he did, and I got the job."

And what did you do after Mr. Fosse said you would replace Miss Rivera, someone asked Miss Nemetz. "I smiled for four days," she said.

And how would you describe your voice, someone else asked. "Loud," she said.

"Chicago" is Miss Nemetz's second Broadway show. At the age of 18 she visited New York, auditioned for "Cabaret," got a part and stayed with the show for a year. Then, finding New York too formidable, she went back to Pittsburgh. She worked at the Pittsburgh Playhouse and the Civic Light Opera, went to college and worked up a nightclub act. She said the nightclubs were dumpy little places with second bananas to them and that she might have had to spend the rest of her life working in them. Then Norman sent Mr. Fosse the picture.

Miss Nemetz said that as a child in Pittsburgh she had knock-knees and she went to Andrea's Dance School to correct them. Actually, she said, she wanted to wear a



Lenora Nemetz who replaced Chita Rivera in "Chicago" From Pittsburgh to Broadway

tutu and dance in "Swan Lake." She said that people laughed at her. In high school, she said, she was never allowed to sing solos with the glee club. She said that people laughed again.

"I was standing by in Philadelphia before the show was on Broadway," Miss Nemetz said. "I was alone in the dressing room when I heard my name over the loudspeaker. So I went backstage. Gwen was in such pain. She had just pulled a muscle, and all the people backstage were crazy. 'Do you know what you're doing? Can you go on for Gwen?' they kept asking."

Lenora Nemetz smiled at the memory. Of course, she went on; of course, she knew what she was doing. Lenora Nemetz is a star.

Alexander H. Cohen, the producer, and Abe Burrows,

the director, have summoned Hank Beebe and Bill to work on the score, the lyrics and the sketches of 'apoppin!' Mr. Beebe will compose the music, which Heyer will write the lyrics and then collaborate with Burrows on the sketches. Mr. Beebe and Mr. Heyer, most certainly the most experienced newcomers to reach Broadway, in the last 15 years, they have perhaps 100 songs a year together. They wrote the technical and industrial shows, and if they had, as written "Tuscaloosa's Calling Me, But I'm Not Going" might still be writing only technical and industrial.

"For years we had people saying to us, 'Who's then, after 'Tuscaloosa' opened downtown, it's a baby, how are you?' Mr. Heyer said.

Mr. Heyer and Mr. Beebe met years ago, when Heyer was a comic in a little revue in Greenwich and Mr. Beebe was his musical director. Subsequently joined up and also settled down with blocks of each on the West Side, where they raised children and more or less complete New Yorkers. Mr. Beebe came the choirmaster and organist in a church on 86th Street.

"Tuscaloosa" is now scheduled to close Off Broadway on Sept. 5 and reopen at the Helen Hayes on "Helzapoppin!" which will star Jerry Lewis, will views at the Winter Garden on Jan. 4. It is possible, fore, that Broadway's two most experienced ne will have not one, but two, shows going for them.

Victor Lurie, co-producer of "Sherlock Holmes monisha" and "Habeas Corpus" on Broadway, will Off Broadway this fall when he and the City present "Female Transport." The play, which is women prisoners who are being transported by Britain to Australia in the early 1800's, was done in London in 1973, and then a year later by the Actor in Louisville, Ky. It will open here at the Garage on Sept. 8 and run through Sept. 28. Mr. Lurie that "Female Transport" which is by Steve Gof technically complex production, and that he is a future after some of the complexities are solved Broadway.

Martha Scott, who along with Henry Fonda, late Robert Ryan, founded the Plumstead Playhouse a new Plumstead project, Plumstead is a company place, and in the past Miss Scott has used it to among other things, "Our Town" and "The Time Life," both of which had Mr. Fonda in the cast. Page, with Mr. Ryan, and "I Do, I Do," with Car and Rock Hudson. Now Miss Scott will use Plum produce George Abbot's "Broadway," which first in 1928.

"Broadway" is about gangsters, chorus girls, other people who were supposed to have had Roaring Twenties, and when it was first done, it hit. The new production has not been cast yet. Scott says it will have many stars in it, and it open in Los Angeles and then go on tour, and eventually end up here. Miss Scott herself is remembered on the real Broadway as Emily in "Of It may not seem like it, but she was Emily 38 years ago."

Dorothy Hart, the widow of Teddy Hart, the of Lorenz Hart, has written "Thou Swell, Thou which is, of course, a biography of Lorenz Hart. family once got seriously annoyed at the way Rooney portrayed the late lyricist in the movie "Music," and subsequently declined to cooperate in projects about his life. Then, however, Mrs. Hart book upon herself. It will be published in Sept. Harper & Row.

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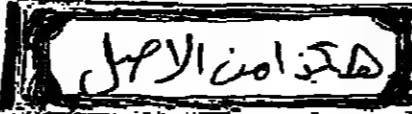
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A Magical Day for Children



RICHARD FLASTE

portrait of Doug Henning, that in his dressing room at the Cort Theater was done 10 years ago by the artist Mr. Henning in "The Magic Show." It is not the portrait of a man, but a portrait of a child. Henning's mouth is wide, his eyes are wide, he is dumbfounded. He looks at the picture and says, "Mr. Henning loves it. The portrait shows, he said, 'how he feels about the world.' That picture caught me," he said yesterday after a matinee at the Cort Theater on West 48th

street. The picture also caught the feelings of the weekend audience at "The Magic Show." The audience is overflowing with children—children whose mouths hang wide open, whose eyes are wide, who look dumbfounded and amazed. The picture has been so successful an appeal to children that Henning has added a Sunday matinee to its traditional Saturday matinee. And in the weeks of the 2 P.M. show, which will be one at 5 P.M. Sunday, timed perfectly to children home early on the night before a day.

ing the singing and that periodically in the magic acts at weekend matinees, the fidget, stomp in their talk to one another and when they do stare up at the stage when a woman in a white dress floats in the air, they are enraptured. Lansbury, one of "The Magic Show's" producers, said he thought the appeal to children had led to perhaps tripled popularity. But for a magician to succeed with children, he must be able to relate to the older ones, is as easy as some might think.

ing up, as some psychiatrists have observed, is



Youngsters responding to Doug Henning in "The Magic Show"

The New York Times/Jack Manning

a falling away from magic and fantasy. Children revel in fantasy in their early years, then gradually learn about cause and effect, about reality, and that the world of pretend is, after all, for babies.

So magicians are often leery of children. George Schindler, a magician and author, says that "the most difficult age is between 12 and 14—they're out to get you, and they won't be mis-

led so easily as an adult." Peter von Schoenmarck, a 12-year-old from Sea Cliff, L.I., seemed ready to prove that magicians were right to fear his kind as he headed toward the Cort Theater the other day.

"Magic," he said knowingly, "is just a well-practiced act. It's something you learn." He evidently thought it was like wrestling, or television commercials, one more piece of hokum.

As he sat through the beginning of the show, when Mr. Henning makes scarves dance through the air, Peter whispered, "I see the strings." And when Mr. Henning cut a woman in half, Peter exclaimed under his breath, "I get it! I get it!" Then he muttered, "No, no I don't get it." And at that point Peter had been won over because he stopped caring whether he got it or not. "I just stopped trying."

Peter said later, "There's no way to figure it out—it's amazing and that's all there is to it."

That result was just what Doug Henning was trying to achieve, of course. Mr. Henning says that he isn't a trickster, and if all a child (or adult) gets out of his performance is the sense of somebody playing tricks, then it is "bad magic." No, he said, "magic should make you feel wonder."

He doesn't want the children to simply ask, "How did he do that?" He wants them to whisper it in tones of awe: "How . . . did . . . he do . . . that?" And when a child whispers it that way, Mr. Henning said, the magic has "broken through the boundaries that have been building in his mind." It's pushed him to the point where he even "questions his senses," helping the child be a child again.

There are people, Mr. Henning said, "who actually ask me, 'Do you have some power?'"

Obviously he does. Although it is perhaps easier to work that power on the younger children than on those voracious 12-year-olds. As long as they aren't too young, that is. One 4-year-old was whimpering almost from the beginning of the show the other day. "She had an unfortunate experience at a puppet show," her mother explained, "and she's afraid again."

But 8-year-old Robbie Kellman, who still plays pretend with a vengeance—she customarily imagines her best friend, Alisa, disappearing—was ready to be Mr. Henning's perfect audience. She knew that there were secret manipulations that she probably wouldn't fully understand them even if they were explained.

And anyway, she observed, "if you know how it's done, it's not magic—is it?"

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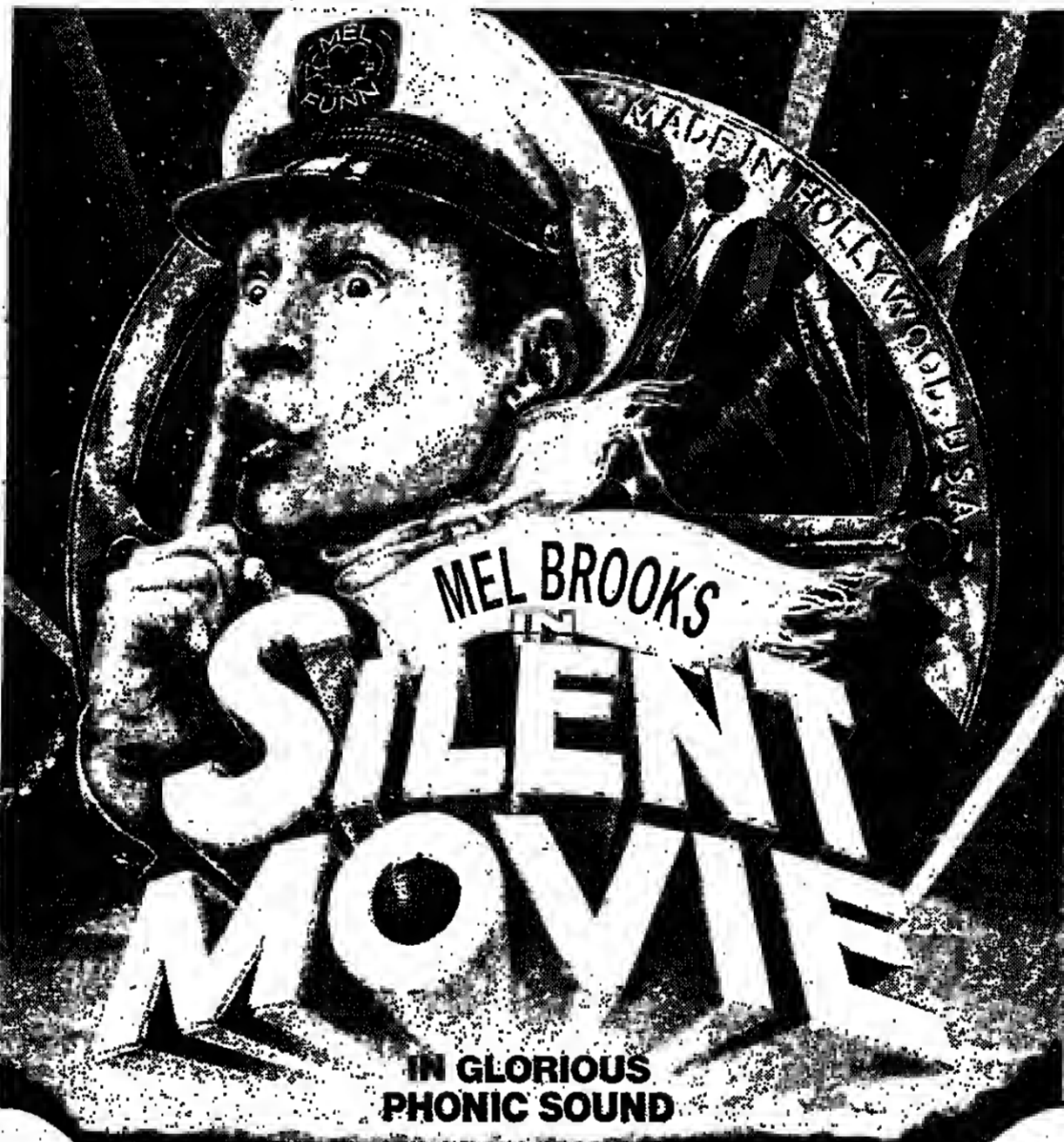
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'Country' Flourishes in City at 'Back Home' Music Jamborees

By GEORGE VECSEY

August is a month in which many New Yorkers "go to the country" for their yearly ration of fresh air, exercise and privacy. But the country is also coming to New York this weekend, including several versions of country music not always available here.

Tonight and Saturday night, Robert "One-Man" Johnson will play blues and rags at the Museum of Modern Art while Tracy Nelson will sing her powerful soul-to-country spectrum at the Bottom Line.

These visitors will supplement the normal sounds from radio station WHN and night spots like O'Lunney's on Second Avenue, and dozens of clubs in the suburbs, where you might think you were "back home" again—wherever "back home" might happen to be. There'll even be a free Bluegrass and Old Time Music Festival at the South Huntington Library on Long Island from 1 to 5 on Sunday afternoon. Appearing are three local bands—Swamp Opera, the Split Rock River Rats and Groundspeed.

This is not to say that country music is taking over the metropolitan area. There have been twitches toward a country music boom in the last decade, but New York has managed not to succumb entirely to the heavy beat of the electric guitar, the plaintive wail of freight trains and the laments for lovers who disappeared over the next ridge.

For many metropolitan New Yorkers, the image of

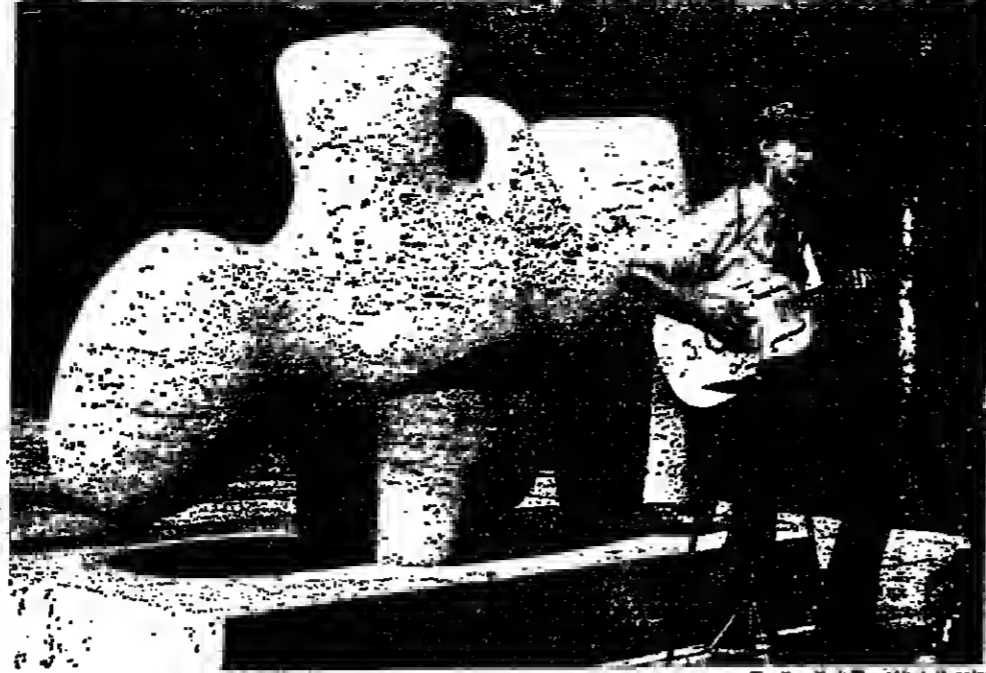
country music was fixed on their first auto trip to Florida or by the Army sergeant who insisted that the barracks radio be permanently tuned to Ernest Tubb (the nearest thing to a human bullfrog, as Paul Hemphill's daddy once put it).

Many country musicians do not even try to play New York City. Loretta Lynn, who has sold more records than any woman in country history, has not brought her own show within the city limits in over a decade. When she can sell out two shows at a rural fairgrounds on a rainy Monday—and be surrounded by people who love her—why take a chance in New York? That is the definition of "country": know who you are, and act accordingly.

Still, in the last decade, country music has become so popular nationally that all forms of music have been touched by it. Dozens of rock groups have softened their amplifiers and headed toward Nashville while blues and jazz riffs can be heard from allegedly "country" performers. And numerous coffee-house folkies of the 60's have slipped under the big umbrella of "country." And this weekend, there is something for everybody.

Summergarden

Tonight and tomorrow night, "One-Man" Johnson will lug his six- and 12-string, bottleneck national steel and electric guitars, foot-pedal bass, hi-hat cymbals, harmonica, kazoo and vocal cords to the Sculpture Garden at the Museum of Modern Art, as part of the



Robert "One-Man" Johnson plays the blues, tonight at Modern Museum's Summergarden.

free-summergarden series.

Mr. Johnson is "country" in that he comes from rural Wisconsin, but his repertoire is mostly blues and rags by Leadbelly, Jelly Roll Morton and himself—edging into country by way of the original Jimmie Rodgers and Hank Williams.

"I wouldn't describe myself as a country musician," Mr. Johnson says, "mainly because I don't have that heavy electric background. But I hate labels anyway. There has been such a fantastic crossover. Dolly Parton is one of the biggest country singers, but she is writing tunes that come straight

from Great Britain of 300 years ago. When you think about it, is she country or folk?"

The Summergarden is a brave experiment in outdoor music with a limited sound system. The garden is open at West 54th Street at 6 P.M. both nights, with music at 8 P.M. and ending by 10 P.M.

The Bottom Line

Appearing at the Bottom Line will be another Wisconsin native, Tracy Nelson of Madison. According to her fellow Wisconsinite, "One-Man" Johnson, she has the strongest voice in the busi-

ness after Aretha Franklin. Miss Nelson was doing bits of soulful country-rock long before Linda Ronstadt, and has worked out of Nashville for several years. A stand-up singer who also plays piano, she is at home with blues or jazz or the Tammy Wynette "Stand By Your Man."

The Bottom Line is at 15 West 4th Street with shows at 9 and 12 P.M. tonight and tomorrow. Tickets are \$5.50 and a "variety menu" is available.

Country Clubs

There is one pure country joint in Manhattan, run by



Tracy Nelson

Tommy Lee and the Wanderers. There is a \$1 admission fee.

Coming Attractions

The largest gathering of country groups in the city all year will be at the South Street Seaport next weekend for the "Fourth Annual New York City Bluegrass and Old-Time Country Music Band Contest and Crafts Fair." This extravaganza, worthy of its lengthy title, will offer 25 bands with \$750 in prize money. For further information call 427-1488.

Ronnie Blakley, nominated for an Oscar for her role in the movie "Nashville," is

trying to make it as a solo. She will appear at the O End, 147 Bleecker St from Aug. 11 to Aug. 14. Information call 673-7036.

Merle Travis wrote classic "Sixteen Tons," a Freddie Hart had the top "Easy Loving" a few years back. Both Mr. Travis and Mr. Hart will be appearing at Damrosch Park, Lincoln Center on Aug. 8, sponsored by grants through the Friends of Cool Music. For information: 894-1050.

The Rainbow Grill originates a "Country Manhattan" series from 8 to 9 P.M. featuring Michael Simmons and Slew Mr. Simmons, who gives listening to West Virginia radio station WVVA in home town of Red Bank, N.Y., is backed up by lead steel and bass players. Other artists will join the party from night to night. Finally, for people coming from one country to another, there is always station WHN (1050 on the dial). The station's overdoes top-40 favorite it does occasionally see an old favorite or some aggressive new groups. Lebold is one of the few jockeys who actually knows something about their music. After an hour with Lebold, you'll know whether you suffer migraines or if singer bought a cow. Arnold also pops up at the local country and has been known to sing or two, often as the groups he intro-

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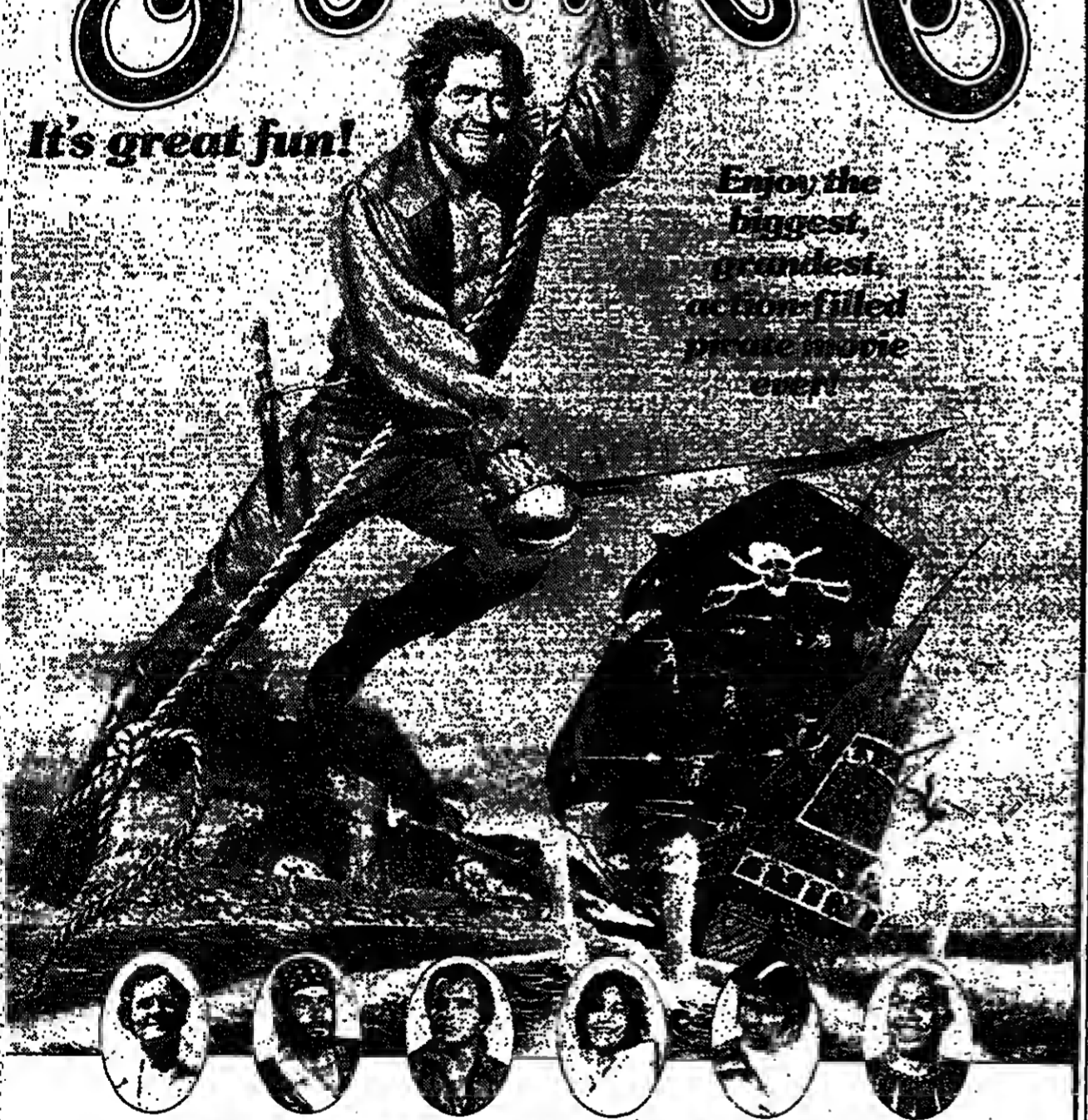
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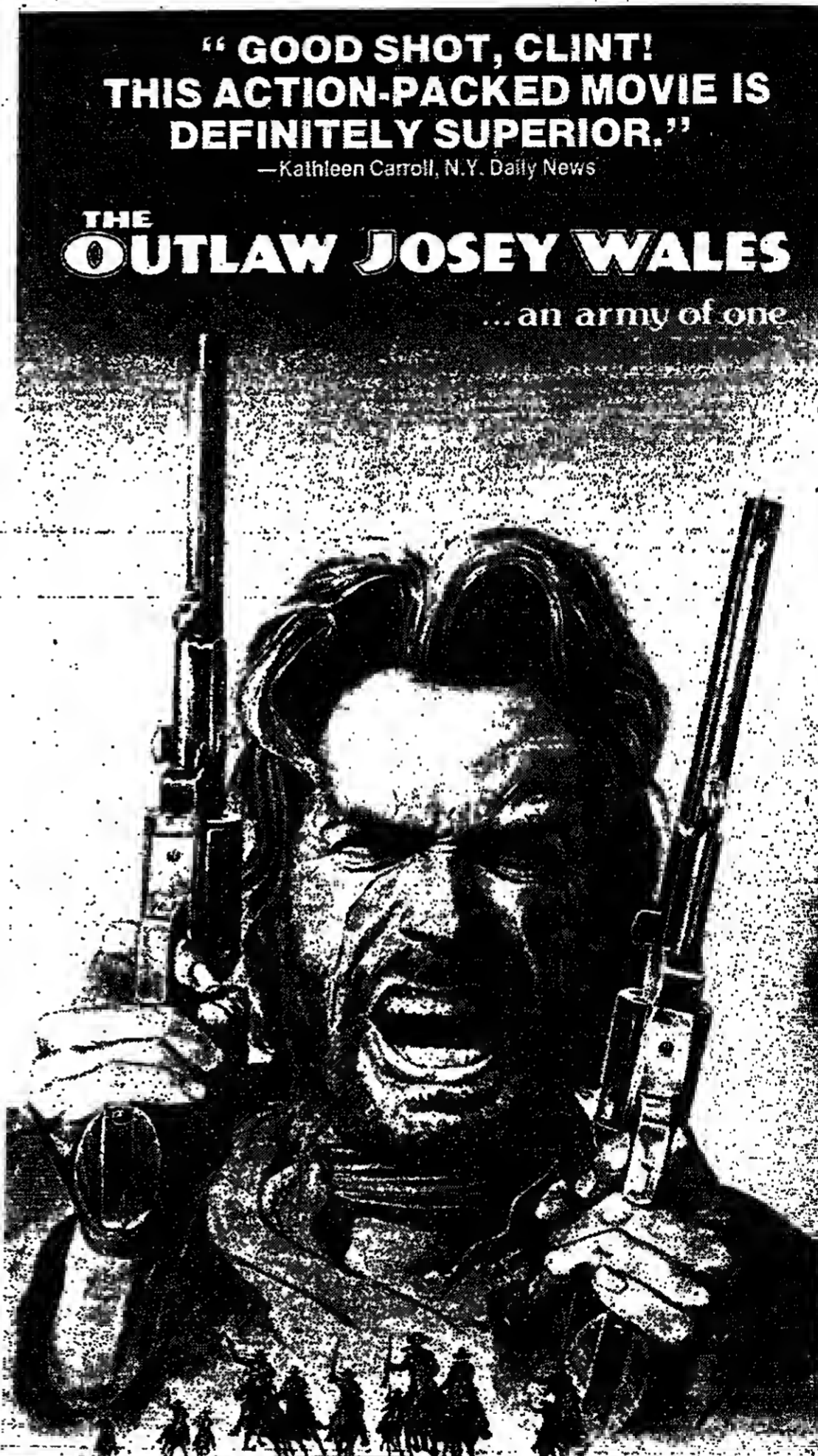
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When a Troupe Is a Dance Collection

By JENNIFER DUNNING

"We had all experienced being low-man-on-the-totem-pole or someone else's tool, subject to the whims of a company," the dancer-choreographer Rodney Griffin said. "None of us looked like Peter Martins or Suzanne Farrell. I was short and fat and bald. Lynn Simonson's hair was the wrong color. We were disenchanted with everything, but we loved theater and dance."

Such dissatisfaction with big-company regimentation prompted Mr. Griffin and a few of his friends to form the Theater Dance Collection, which will be appearing in the Clark Center Festival this weekend. The "collection" of 10 dancers is an unusually loose-knit and democratic one, which operates, fittingly, without a director. Its members contribute to and perform in a repertoire based on their own diverse backgrounds of ballet, jazz and modern dance.

The founding members, five of whom have remained with the collection, had worked with one another long before they decided to form a company in 1972. "We'd bump into each other," Mr. Griffin explained. "I was the only white in Donald McKayle's company, and Lynne Taylor was the only white dancing with Alvin Ailey. We'd meet in passing on European tours and get together to talk and compare notes about different things."

Even now, the collection's constituency is a transient one, with dancers going off to do shows—one is now in "A Chorus Line"—or choreograph for other companies, or teach, or "have a new love affair," as Mr. Griffin puts it.

Choreographers' Advantage

One advantage of working within the kind of artistic commune the collection represents is that choreographers get to work with dancers who are particularly sympathetic to their needs.

"Everyone is in everyone else's piece," Mr. Griffin said. "And it's wonderful having a group of choreographers dancing for you, when you get stuck. Dancers are often just interested in showing off some new trick or making their parts better."

"For example, in my duet in 'Rialto,' my partner Jaclyn Villamil, who is also a choreographer, understands things about dancing, such as the correct feeling of weight or an objectivity I might bring to it."

"Rialto," which is set to incidental, little-known Gershwin piano pieces, will be seen tonight and Saturday.

Three company premieres will also be performed this weekend. One is Mr. Griffin's "Clean Sheets," a company work that is danced to circus callopie music. "It started out as a happy, light little dance about starting over," he said. "It didn't turn out, though. It's now about the mechanics of starting over and having a good time."

Two New Solos

Another new work on the program is Lynne Taylor's "Legacy," a solo set to music by Johann Pachelbel. It is a tribute to heroism, particularly the heroism of artists. "It's very moving," Mr. Griffin said. "Essentially, it's just a long crossing of the stage, an artist passing on without really knowing what he's left behind." The third premiere is an early solo by Emily Frankel, the first outside choreographer to work with



Members of the Theater Dance Collection. A closely knit group.

the company. Danced to traditional folk songs, it is called "Ballad of the False Lady." Both will be seen on Sunday.

After the Clark Center Festival, the Dance Theater Collection will leave for lengthy American and Italian tours. Mr. Griffin looks ahead to a bright future.

"We didn't start out with a tremendous amount of success," he said. "But we felt

we had to make our own mistakes, which is exactly what we've been doing for the last five years. Some mistakes were quite good, others we live with or learned from. We came together because of an insatiable need to choreograph, and we were knit closer by adversity. We're all still in our early 30's and there's the thrill of watching each other improve. Now everything is on an upswing."

Philharmonic to End Park Finale With a Bang

By RAYMOND ERICSON

When the New York Philharmonic comes to the end of its concert in Van Cortlandt Park in the Bronx tomorrow night, there will be a fireworks display. This has become traditional with the first program in the orchestra's annual summer parks concerts, which opened this week. Normally, the fireworks coincide with the final pages of Tchaikovsky's "1812" Overture, but this year they are being set off to the last strains of Rossini's "William Tell" Overture.

Andre Kostelanetz, who is conducting the program, says that he doesn't feel terribly unfamiliar to the "1812." "We can always go back to it," he remarked in an interview. "I thought it was worthwhile to make a change. The crescendos and fast pace of the Rossini overture, which people immediately recognize as the Lone Ranger's theme music, give a tremendous feeling of excitement that goes great with the fireworks."

"Virtually any place that has beauty of melody and ends excitingly would lend itself to fireworks. Oddly enough, a work such as Handel's 'Royal Fireworks Music,' written specifically for such use, doesn't work any more, not after two centuries, anyway. A work I'd like to try for this kind of occasion sometime would be the early Stravinsky orchestral work called 'Fireworks.'

But this would require thought and rehearsal.

The fireworks themselves are made, delivered and fired by members of the Grucci family, who run a business in Bellport, L.I., called the New York Pyrotechnic Products Company. It was founded in 1928 by Felix Grucci, who still keeps an eye on its activities, but who leaves most of the work to his younger brother, Joseph, and his two sons, Felix Jr. and James. The latter represent the fifth generation of Grucci's to be in the fireworks business.

Spectacular Finale

The fireworks are timed to go off during the last three minutes of the "William Tell" Overture. In the past, the conductor would signal to an assistant in the wings, who would in turn signal to whoever was going to press the right button. This year, the operation is slightly different. Sitting near the blast-off area is the Philharmonic's assistant conductor for the parks, David Stahl. He follows the performance with the score, and when he comes to a marked measure, he signals Joseph Grucci, who lights the rockets with a flare—just like in the good old days.

Although the firework display is a major attraction of the concert, there will be more serious music preceding the Rossini overture. This includes Tchaikovsky's Symphony No. 5 and William Schuman's "New England Triptych," an American symphonic work that was commissioned by Mr. Kostelanetz

and has become a repertoire item.

By coincidence, Van Cortlandt Park (the park at 243rd and 246th) will be the scene of the Philharmonic's two Saturday night concerts. On Aug. 14, Thomas S. will conduct Beethoven's Overture to "Candide" and Brahms's Symphony No. 4. On Aug. 21, Eric Dorff will conduct Overture to "Die Singschule" and Copland's Concerto (with Drucker as soloist). "Till Eulenspiegel" and Verdi's "La Valze," certs begin promptly P.M.

Sometimes concerts are rained out and week in other played on Friday which are kept open purpose. Where they will take place has not been announced that day.

Like the Metrop area earlier this year, the Philharmonic is part of a brand new stage a tical shell. This is some structure built grant of more than from the Andrew v Foundation. The system's cost of \$3 shared by the Met Philharmonic. The free concert selves are sponsor Exxon Corporation; the Herman W. Foundation, the D of Cultural Affairs York City and the

Tickets and Program

The Theater Dance Collection will offer the following program this weekend at the Clark Center Festival (City University Graduate Center Mall, West 42d Street):

Tonight and Saturday at 8 P.M.: "Clean Sheets," "Spy," "My Father," "Rialto."
Sunday at 8 P.M.: "Clean Sheets," "Ballad of the False Lady," "Legacy," "Odd Man Out," "Diary." Admission is \$4 (\$2.50 for students). Dance TDF vouchers are accepted. For reservations and further information, call 246-4818.

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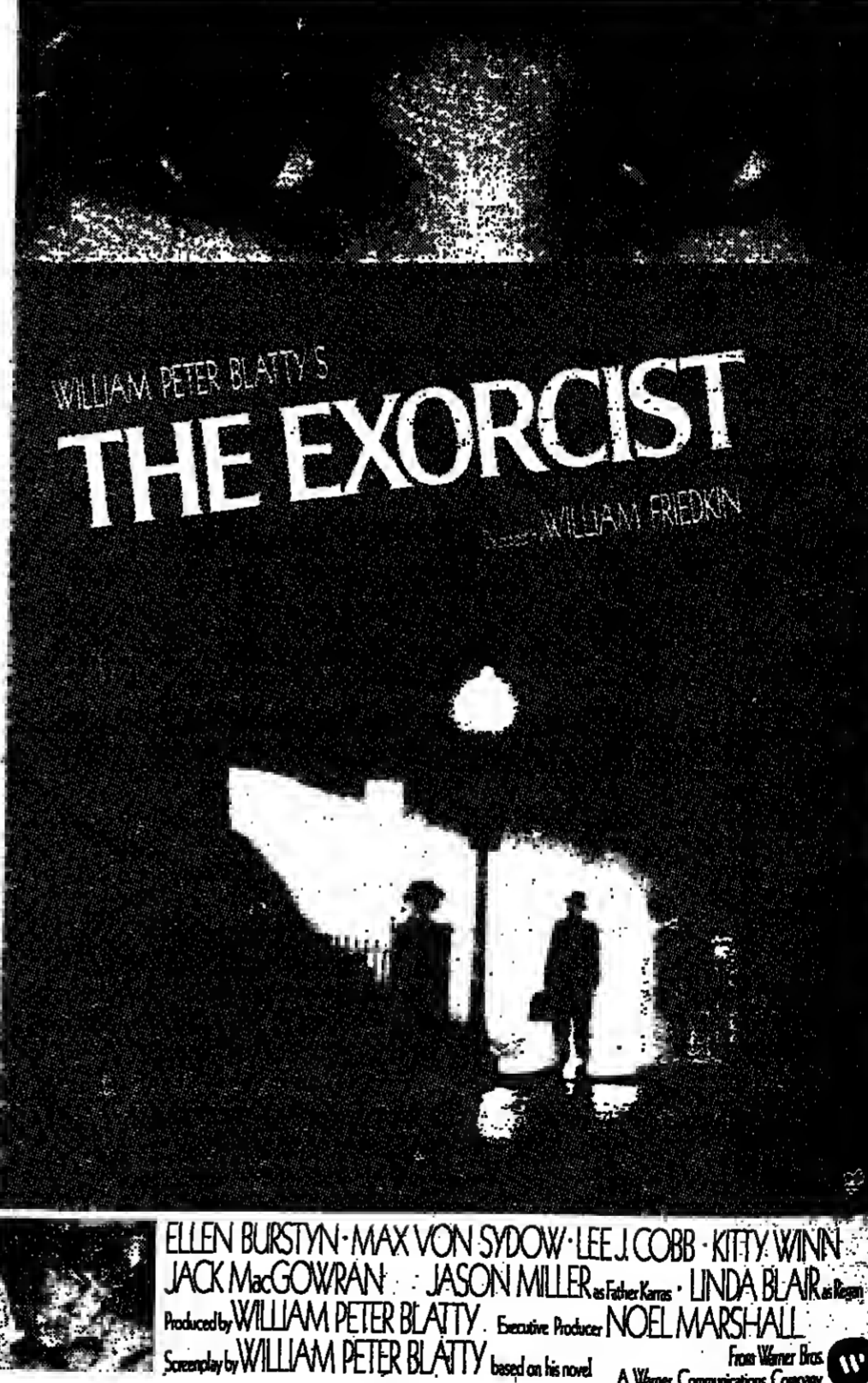
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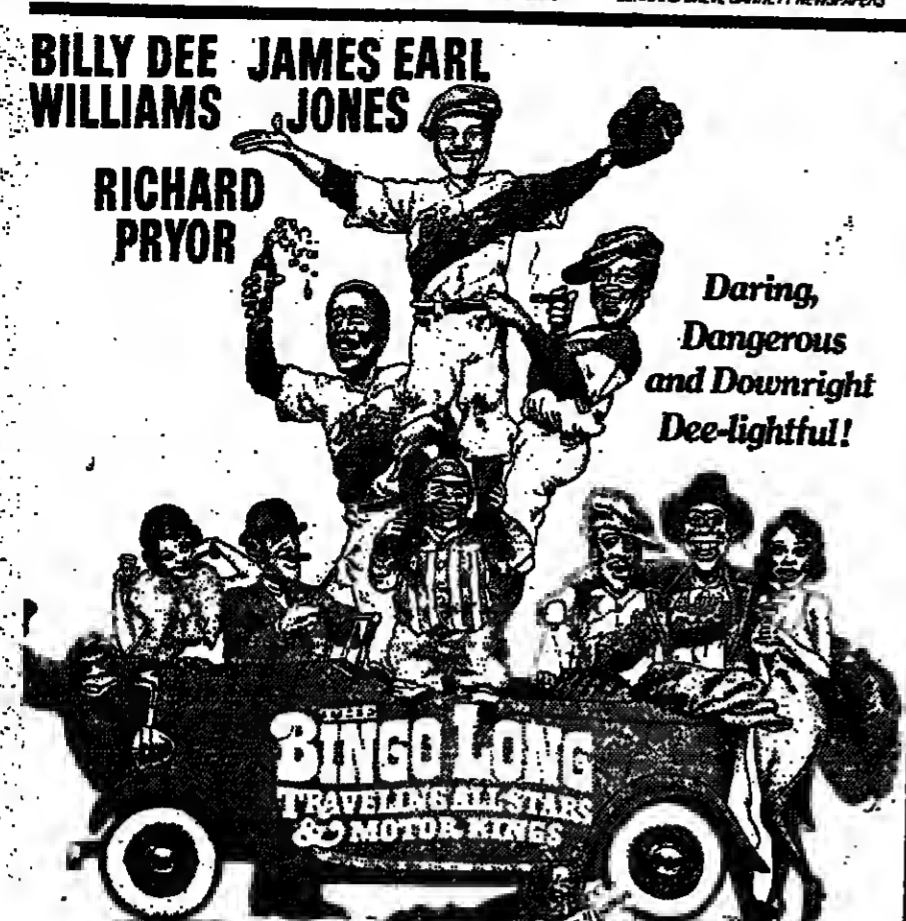
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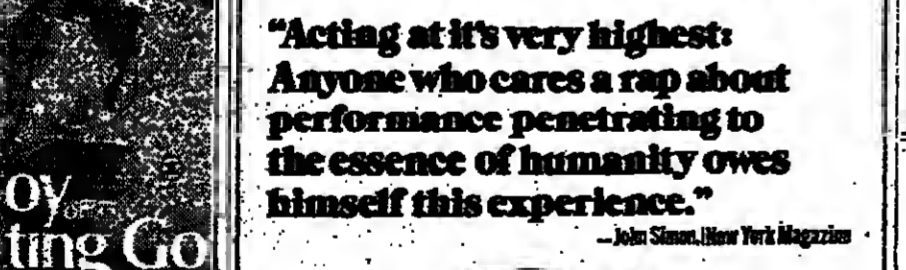


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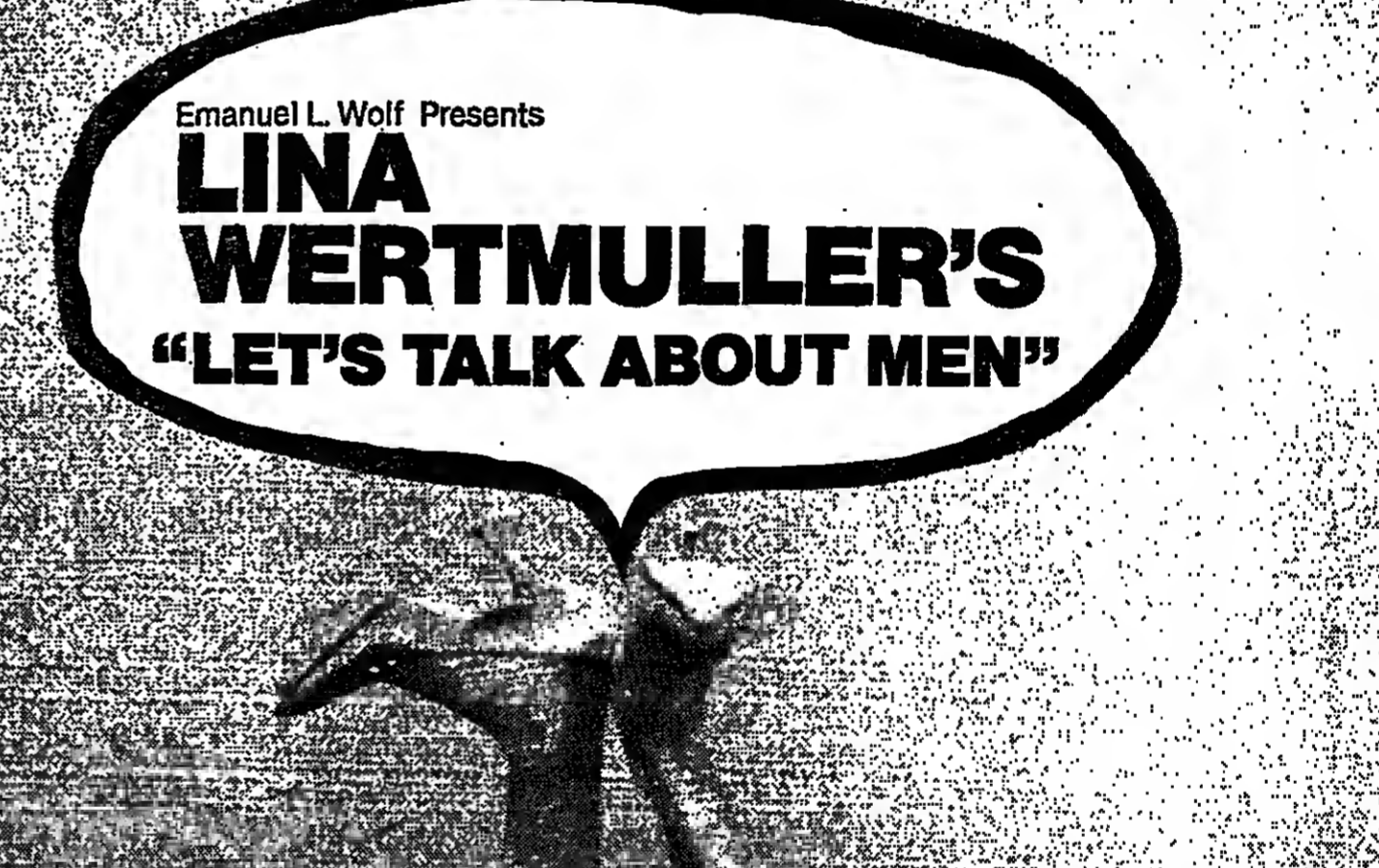
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et, so quiet that peep and insect ids in the silence. note as so many rs believe Staten It is on a steep if you could see leafy trees, you south for a vista ew York Harbor. he Jacques Mar- of Tibetan Art, n the highlands side of La Tou- n Staten Island's ades. It houses private collection art in the hemi- the only collec- the Newark o has excellent d there are Tib- as well in the useum and the Museum of



The altar room at the Jacques Marchais Center for Tibetan Art

i visit to the cent- trip to Shangri- open 2 to 5 P.M. ay and Sunday. s 50 cents, and ular and special y be had by call-

Environment r, at 338 Light- ne, displays its an environment ched by no one arters are two ngs that are a rchitectural fac- Tibetan kamasey, square shapeds, and an airy at-

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grounds outside. In a garden, plants grow. Visitors may sit in comfortable seats and buy lemonade and cookies. In a pond, big goldfish placidly swim. There is a photo exhibition of items in the collection to gaze at, or the eye may fasten on stone elephants or stones on which are inscribed mantras, prayers, such as one near an enormous Chinese gong.

In the gift shop, you may buy reproductions of items from the collection, made of bronze powder by Zlatko Pajunov, the center's conservator. Some are small, shelf-size pieces; others are larger, suitable for a garden: a reclining Buddha, small gods and the like. They range from \$3 to \$60. Nepal string incense, such as flavors the air in the center, costs \$2.50 a

package, the price of a Tibetan prayer flag or the center's handsome catalogue. Prints made from woodblocks in the collection cost \$5 to \$25.

Rosemary Tung has been curator for three years. She used to teach Oriental art at the City University but, when the center seemed to be on a rudderless course, she responded to a request for help and became one of its two paid employees (Mr. Pajunov is the other).

Never Left U.S.

Miss Tung told of the center's background. The collection was amassed by Mrs. Harry Klauber, who operated a gallery of Oriental art from 1938 until her death in 1948 under the professional name of Jacques Marchais. Mrs. Klauber started her Tibetan collection with 13 small bronzes brought from India by her grandfather. She never left the United States but single-mindedly built her collection through agents and dealers.

She lived on Lighthouse Avenue in the early 1920's and began work on the buildings in 1945. She collected, designed and planned every detail. She picked up the Staten Island stones that are cemented into the walls. When Mrs. Klauber died, her husband made provisions in his will to preserve the cen-



ter as a memorial to her. The Klauber money is no longer there, and the center now supports itself, barely, on donations by a friends group, some corporate contributions, admissions, gift-shop sales and grants from governmental arts agencies on Federal, state and county levels.

The Path to S.I.

The Jacques Marchais Center is off the beaten path. But it is remarkable how the path is discovered by Buddhists from all over the world and by scholars and others who have an interest in things Tibetan. Miss Tung recently journeyed to India and Nepal and met the Dalai Lama. "He said that it was important to educate people," she said. "That is what we are doing."

The museum is not far from the Richmondtown Restoration, a unique aggregation of Staten Island buildings dating from the 17th, 18th and 19th centuries. The Tibetan center and the restoration can make a full day of Staten Island sightseeing. In addition, at 8 P.M. this Sunday, you may see films from Tibet, showing the investiture of the Dalai Lama in 1959 and also the German expedition to Tibet in 1939.

How to Get There

The R-113 bus leaves from the Staten Island Ferry Terminal in St. George on the hour and half-hour. Ask the driver to let you off at Lighthouse Avenue, then walk up the hill. You may also take the train to New Dorp and then go by taxi (about \$1.25) to the center. By car, follow signs to Richmondtown. Richmondtown Road is the long north-south street into which Lighthouse Avenue runs. From the Staten Island Expressway, there is a Richmond Road-Clayton Road exit; follow Richmond Road south to Lighthouse Avenue. From New Jersey, follow signs to Richmond Avenue; turn left on Arthur Kill Road and right again on Richmond Road; next left will be Lighthouse Avenue.

the B Train to Nostalgia St.

LD FRASER

rtly, weekend e been able to York City by air—by bus, opter. But only n the Transit an its "Nostal- has there been excursion into- sum, through three boroughs waters of Ja- lgia Special," old trains re- ment in the Island, leaves y and Sunday on the subway of the Americas it—the station train leads its n. Adults pay s 17 years old pay \$1.50. young man as woman friend e station step- is train's stes- otted another d arranged to

meet. The first young man had a big smile. "I paid \$1.50 for Sandy; she looks so young."

What the young man and his traveling companions paid for is a tour that takes four hours and includes about 20 minutes of riding time and a stopover of 1 hour and 20 minutes on the way out—at the Transit Museum, through three boroughs waters of Ja-

A Switch to the A Line The "Nostalgia Special" travels on the B line from 57th Street to West 4th Street and then switches to the A line for its run to Rockaway Park, where there is a 20-minute stop—just time enough to advance to the boardwalk. The special stops on the way back at Hoyt Street, in Brooklyn, arriving back at 57th Street at about 5 P.M. Most of the passengers look and sound like seasoned New York straphangers who have been riding the subways for years. The old-

er ones board the trains with comments such as: "Gee, I remember these," and they rub their hands along the old rattan seats of the BMT vintage 1927 trains that are making the tour.

Younger riders inspect an IRT-R-15 that was manufactured in 1950 and equipped with experimental air conditioning equipment and exclaim, "1950, I wasn't even born yet."

The museum is certainly the bonus of the trip. It has a collection of trains from a 1917 IRT trailer that had no motive power of its own to the modern BMT and IND R-46 models that are shunter and longer and can go faster (80 miles an hour) than anything else the subway system has ever seen.

An Original Model There is the original 1930 train that inspired Billy Strayhorn's song, "Take the A Train," and there are the first trains with stainless steel, with indirect lighting, with disk brakes, with crank

operated windows and with public address systems. The museum also has a collection of turnstiles and fare boxes and photographs of mosaics that gave a certain beauty to Lower Manhattan and East Side subway stations.

Visitors can also inspect a vast layout of the subway system, a 150-pound IRT third rail that carries—when in operation—600 volts of current, shoe beams and contact shoes, signal posts, and Transit Police badges of all ranks.

Over in a corner near the hot-dog stand, the authority is selling parts of old trains: the hand grips (\$5) that we all hang on to at one time or another; the route signs that used to occupy a train window (\$10 loose, \$15 and \$20 with case) and old subway maps (\$1.25).

Inside the Train After the museum shop, the "Nostalgia Special" continues, speeding by stations. Inside the train, youngsters wind the station indicator, peer out of the windows, talk railroad and subway talk: about journal boxes, compressors and the like.

The "Nostalgia" trains themselves are clean; the windows are clean, the seats are clean, the window sills are clean. There is no graffiti. The BMT cars have naked light bulbs in their ceilings, and some of the seats are perpendicular to the side of the train. These seats are taken before the long seats that parallel the train.

After the long trip from Manhattan and through Brooklyn, the train emerges into the light, speeding over Jamaica Bay, across Broad Channel, past John F. Kennedy Airport and out to Rockaway. Fishermen in big and little boats can be spotted, and dilapidated houses stand on stilts over the waters of the bay.

On the way back, some passengers read, some talk, some nod. A few get off at Hoyt Street, most ride on to 57th Street. "Did you like it?" one passenger asked another. "You certainly got your money's worth," the other replied.

ROBERT PALMER

nials of the Folk Blues Circuit

and Brownie are performing and this week- invented the circuit in the ite the hardest- playing in the bs, and they o familiar that an taken for

orded in the beginning of and then dis- so many of oraries, they y have become siderable mag- eir manner of of playing to- nctly unusual- re such unpre- tric musicians y perform the y night after ut becoming ant

Mr. Terry, whose archaic, whooping style of harmonica, playing probably dates back to the 18th century, drops beats and bars of music, and picks them up, with a cavalier disregard for symmetry. He has confounded numerous guitar accompanists, but Mr. McGhee, who is an effective minimalist, usually stays with him. When these two urbane but country-rooted bluesmen attack a latter-day rhythm-and-blues standard like "The Things I Used To Do," they return it to its freer, more anarchic rural roots.

One mistake that urban listeners often make when confronted with this kind of blues is characterizing it as "primitive." Nothing could be further from the truth. Al-

though many first- and second-generation bluesmen worked their songs into set pieces to be performed in the same way every time, there was a free-wheeling improvisational strain to much of the music, and this is the strain from which Mr. Terry and Mr. McGhee have come. In this kind of blues, the repertoire becomes a mere structural frame. The point of the music, aside from the timeless wisdom of its oft-repeated lyrics, is the spontaneous interplay between the musicians.

Mr. Terry and Mr. McGhee approach this interplay with a style and verve all their own. They should be heard and appreciated now; there will never be another pair like them.

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Metropolitan Gardens of Delight

By JOAN LEE FAUST

Despite a popular conception of New York City and environs as little more than a wasteland of cement and suburbia, the metropolitan area has a surprisingly lush and varied sprinkling of public gardens that offer relief from both city streets and summer heat.

The spring bloom may have faded in some of these gardens, but their scenery has taken on the softer greens and brighter splashes of mid-summer. They can offer the visitor a moment of peace on an August weekend afternoon.

For those weary of sidewalks and shopping malls, these gardens provide an opportunity to stroll on a woodland path, gaze restfully across wide expanses of pristine lawn and refresh themselves with cool vistas of green.

New Yorkers are favored with four major public gardens within the city limits. All are accessible by public transportation. Just beyond the city's limits are many private estates now in the public domain. A few represent the era when Long Island's Gold Coast flourished.

Here are some of the more notable gardens to visit around the metropolitan area. New York Botanical Garden (Bronx). North of the New York Zoological Park (Bronx Zoo), with main entrance on Southern Boulevard, across from Fordham University.

The first place to head for is the hemlock forest, a genuine virgin forest, one of the few remnants of undisturbed land in the area. The hemlocks are lofty and provide cool tranquil trails for leisurely strolls. Mixed in with the hemlocks are tulip trees that stand up straight as arrows.

There are 230 acres to explore in the Botanical Garden. Some other features not to be missed are the tidy herb garden, just north of the conservatory, which is now closed for reconstruction. The rose garden has an interesting pattern but the blooms are between seasons now.

The museum building, opposite the Botanical Garden station of ConRail, open weekdays from 10 A.M. to 4 P.M., has an exhibition of Latin American artists, plus a fascinating display for children, a sort of botany lesson based on common items from

the grocery store. This building also houses one of the most extensive botanical libraries in the country, as well as a fine herbarium.

Brooklyn Botanic Garden (1000 Washington Avenue). By subway, IRT 7th Avenue line to Eastern Parkway/Brooklyn Museum, or IND D train to Prospect Park. Open, free, Tuesday to Friday, 8 A.M. to 6 P.M.; Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, 10 A.M. to 6 P.M.

The garden has once again opened to the public its three-garden complex representing the epitome of Oriental design—the Ryoanji Temple Garden, the Roji Garden and the Tallman Memorial Dwarf Plant Garden. The reopening was made possible by a private gift to the garden. The gardens are south of the main conservatory building.

The Ryoanji garden, completed in 1983, recreates the 500-year-old original Zen temple garden in Kyoto, Japan. It is an abstract design of stucco, devoid of plants, and is arranged in groups of seven, five and three on a sea of raked pebbles.

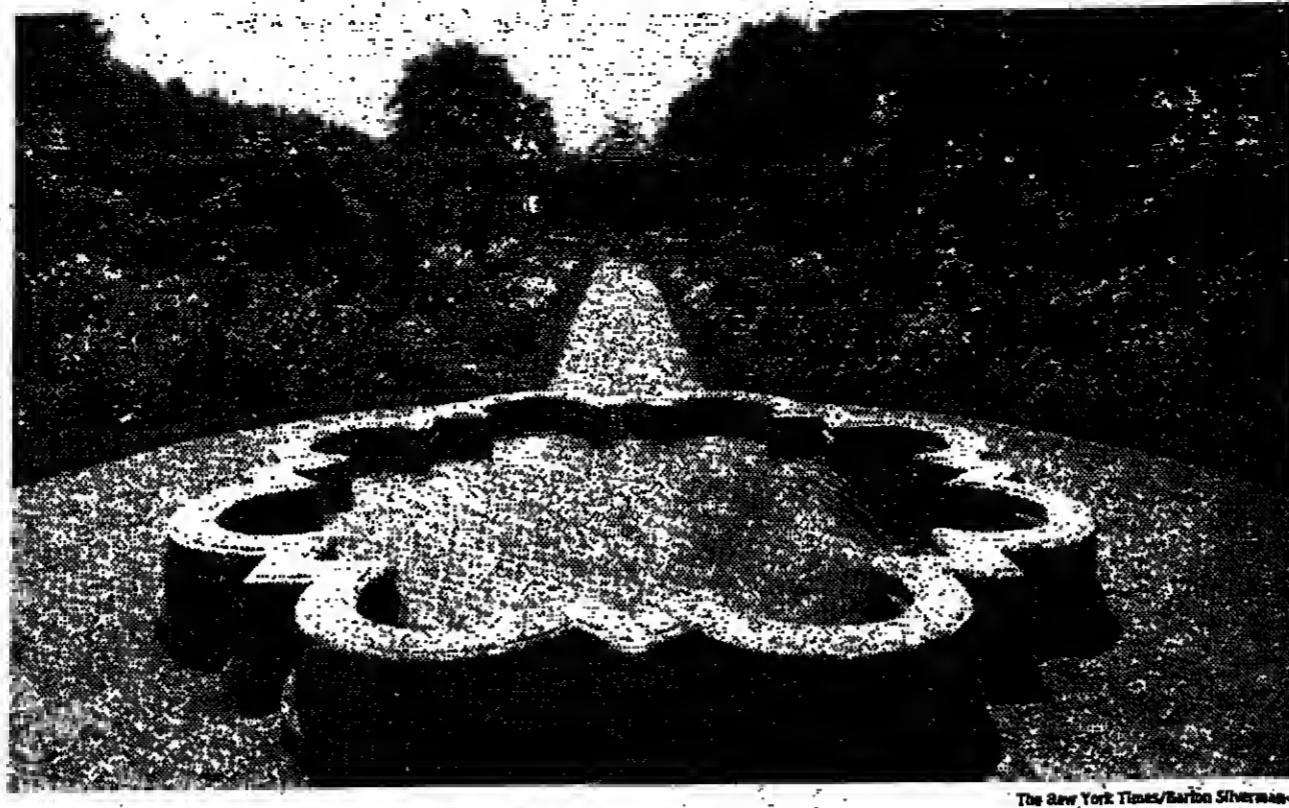
The Roji Garden serves as a pathway with stone lanterns and bamboo-piped springs, leading to the Tallman Dwarf Plant Garden. This is a treasure of miniature plants with gem specimens of spruce, juniper, pine and hemlock.

A guard is at the entrance of the three-garden complex. He checks to be sure visitors wear the slippers provided. Entrance fee is 25 cents. Elsewhere in the Botanic Garden's 50 acres are the Cranford Memorial Rose Garden, with its old-fashioned arbors and masses of blooms. There is a children's garden, where neighborhood youngsters grow vegetables in individual plots.

The garden has an extensive library in the museum building. **Queens Botanical Garden** (42-50 Main Street, Flushing, between Dahlia and Pecqueuses). By subway, IRT Flushing line to Main Street. Open, free, dawn to dusk; closed Monday and Tuesday.

The All-America Selections annuals, which have been selected by seedsmen as the best of their kind are in full bloom now and labeled. Especially colorful are the petunias, marigolds, impatiens, ageratum, phlox and daisies. The rose garden is performing well and is worth a stroll to see. There are 40 acres in this comfortable garden.

Wave Hill (675 West 252d Street, Riverside section of Bronx). By car from mid-Manhattan, take the Henry Hudson Parkway to the 250th Street Exit, north to 252d Street, left to Independence Avenue, left again to gate at 249th Street. By sub-



The grandeur of the Italian gardens at Old Westbury

way, IRT 7th Avenue line to 231st Street, then City Line bus. Open, free, 9 A.M. to 4:30 P.M., weekdays; 10 A.M. to 4:30 P.M., weekends.

Tucked up in the topmost corner of Manhattan is this delightful 28-acre refuge with big trees, broad lawns and breezes from the Hudson River. The former estate of the late George W. Perkins, it was given to the city in 1960. Contains an herb garden, a pond where waterlilies grow and a wildflower garden with daisies and milkweeds along a nature trail.

The greenhouses on the estate are open, with interesting displays of cactus and succulents. At one of the two manor houses, there is an art exhibition in the Hall of Art, Glass, and the other house, a Georgian-style mansion, is used by the City University.

Westbury Gardens (Old Westbury, L.I.). Take the Long Island Expressway to Exit 395 (Glen Cove Road) and continue east on the service road 1.2 miles to Old Westbury Road, right to gardens. Open 10 A.M. to 5 P.M., Wednesday through Sunday. Admission: \$1.50; 50 cents for children.

This magnificent estate, once the home of the financier John S. Phipps, may look familiar. It often appears as a background setting in advertisements for expensive cars and fashions. It has an air of elegance and grandeur, and the gardens flow from one feature to the next surprise.

There is a suggestion of Versailles in the way the lawn sweeps off to a distant vista from the Georgian manor house. Be sure to look for the demonstration gardens. They offer practical

suggestions for home landscape design on a smaller scale, and the plantings are interesting and unusual. New this year is a decorative vegetable garden.

The rose garden looks perky, and so do the lovely borders of annuals and perennials in the formal Italian garden. The boxwood garden rivals famous old Southern collections, with plants believed to be coterminers.

There are picnic grounds near the parking lot, and a day can be made of the trip, especially if a tour through the house (admission, \$1.50; 50 cents for children) is included. It is beautifully furnished and well worth seeing.

Planting Fields Arboretum (Oyster Bay, L.I.). Take the Long Island Expressway to Exit 41N, Route 106 north to Route 25A, then left half a mile to Mill River Road and follow signs. Open 10 A.M. to 5 P.M. daily. Admission: \$1.50.

An arboretum is a garden where trees grow, and Planting Fields has them. Magnificent specimens of beech, lindens, English elm and a spectacular weeping hemlock. They are commanding monuments scattered along the broad parklike lawns, and if there is a gentle breeze, the foliage stirs elegantly.

The former home of William Robertson Coe, the 400-acre grounds are now maintained as a fine collection of ornamental plant material. The Synoptic Garden is a fascinating place to learn. Plants are arranged alphabetically, according to botanical name.

The holy collection here is superb as well as the extensive planting of rhododendrons and other broad-leaved

evergreens. Annuals are bountiful now in the bedding garden, and there is plenty of color around the Italian pool garden. In the greenhouse, a display of annuals suggests an English garden.

Bayard Cotting Arboretum (Oakdale, L.I.). Southern State Parkway to Exit 45 east at Route 27A and proceed east half a mile to entrance. Open 10 A.M. to 5 P.M., Wednesday through Sunday. Admission: \$1.

Walking is the way to see this tranquil woody garden. Located along the banks of the Connetquot River, it has many trails that weave through its 150 acres. The longest is a bird-watcher's walk that leads by the river lowlands into a sanctuary. There are paths also through a wildflower area, winding by cardinal flower, joe pyeweed and butterfly weed. Another walk is walled by the magnificent rhododendron collection, spiced with large laurel, holly and hemlock along the way.

One site not to be missed is the exceptionally fine collection of conifers. Here are giant-size trees of rare form: cedars, Spanish firs, Greek firs, spruce, pine and even giant-size yew. The newest addition to the garden is the Friendship Azalea Garden, with a collection of native species.

Clark Memorial Garden (Albertson, L.I.). Long Island Expressway to Willis Avenue Exit, south on Willis Avenue, then left on Willis Road to entrance, next to railroad station. Open 12:30 to 4:30 P.M. Admission: 50 cents.

A gift to the Brooklyn Botanic Garden by the Clark family, this is a 12-acre family garden that offers a restful change from huge estates and formal arrays. It has gardens within the garden. There are three ponds with connecting streams, an herb terrace and a small children's garden where vegetables grow. The annuals are especially colorful now and the roses have some good display. The garden closes at the end of October. Hours is not open to the public.

Untermeyer Park and Gardens (Yonkers). On Broadway (Route 9) at the north side of Yonkers, next to St. John's Hospital. Open, free, daily, from sunrise to 10 P.M.

This 24-acre park suggests a miniature San Simeon, the William Randolph Hearst estate in California. Grecian Gardens are designed in the Beaux-Arts style, with fine marble mosaics and working fountains. The formal garden area includes a Greek temple, and there is a path of 1,000 steps that lead down to a bird sanctuary. A \$2 million restoration is now about two-thirds complete, with a major renovation of the old carriage house for a visitor's center under way. Some vandalism has left its mark on colorful flowers, bright pink and white petunias, marigolds, ageratum and cannas.

Lyndhurst (Tarrytown, N.Y.). On Broadway (Route 9), a quarter-mile south of the interchange of the Gov. Thomas E. Dewey Thruway at the Tappan Zee Bridge. Open daily from 10 A.M. to 5 P.M. Admission: \$2.25; children, \$1.25 (includes house). Lyndhurst is an estate of 67 acres landscaped as a park. Broad sweeps of lawn provide room for magnificent trees to stretch out, including copper beech, weeping beech, horse chestnut, larch, star magnolia and particularly handsome gingko.

An old-fashioned rose garden with some 500 plants, most of them labeled, circles around a perky gazebo. It is west of the magnificent 380-foot greenhouse, now just a skeleton, but one day to be restored.

The fine Gothic Revival house, designed by Alexander Jackson Davis in 1838 for Gen. William Knickerbocker, is open and furnished with mementos of the period. The estate was later owned by

George Merritt, who doubled the home's size, and last by the railroad magnate Jay Gould, whose daughter left the estate to the National Trust for Historic Preservation, which maintains it.

Boscobel Restoration (Garrison, N.Y.). Thirty miles north of Lyndhurst on Route 9-D or 8 miles north of the Bear Mountain Bridge from Palisades Parkway. Open daily except Tuesday, 9:30 A.M. to 5 P.M. Admission: \$2; children, \$1.

A visit to Boscobel is a step back into the 18th century, with 36 acres in pristine splendor. To set the mood, the parking area is outlined with trimmed white pine, and the brick walk leading to the carriage house, where tickets are sold, has huge tubs filled with oleander. Visitors stroll past the Orange set in the middle of a delightful herb garden with tidy formal beds. Mixed with vegetables are old-fashioned skeps for bees and splendid fig trees loaded with fruit.

The formal rose garden is centered by a fountain ringed with blue and white petunias. The house faces a broad lawn that looks off to the Hudson River Valley past Constitution Island to West Point in the distance.

Don't miss the wildflower garden on the way back, the magnificent orchards, where the apple crop looks promising, and the restful pond. The house is magnificently restored. Visitors are taken through in groups by hostesses. Boscobel was designed in the manner of the Scottish architect Robert Adam for Slaters Morris Dyckman and was completed in 1807. Slippers are provided for those who may need them to protect the floors and rugs.

Hammond Museum (North Salem, N.Y.). Take Hutchinson River Parkway to Interstate 684, Exit 3, turn right onto Route 124, right and south. Second road on left is Deveau Road, with entrance at top of hill. Open Wednesday to Sunday, 11 A.M. to 5 P.M. Admission: \$1, with museum also \$1. Reservation required for lunch in courtyard.

For cool refreshing strolling, this garden is the place, a tranquil setting designed by Natalie Hammond, which matches in flavor the museum's fine Oriental collection.

Bridge:

32 of 118 teams in Spingold Challenge

By ALAN TRUSCOTT

Special to The New York Times

SALT LAKE CITY, Aug. 5—The Spingold knockout team championship continued here this afternoon at the American Contract Bridge League's Summer Nationals with 32 teams surviving from an original entry of 118. Five of these consist substantially of New York experts, and all of them have good prospects of advancing.

The fifth-seeded group, headed by George Rapee and including two other New Yorkers, John Solodov and Dave Berkowitz, met a little-known foursome from Edmonton, Alberta, captained by Barry Pritchard.

Edgar Kaplan, Mike Becker and Ron Rubin of New York, playing in a team captained by Bill Root of Boca Raton, Fla., was also favored against a Minneapolis sextet, Sam Stayman, supported by Matt Granovetter, George Torrey and Neil Silverman and Bob Lipsitz, the life master pair champions, is expected to defeat a California squad led by Steve Levy of Menlo Park, Calif.

Two other New York teams face tough battles. Vic Mitchell, in a group including Bill Roberts, John Roberts and Merle Tom, clashed with a strong California group captained by Lew Mathe of Los Angeles. And Mike Moss, whose team includes Paul Heitner of Hartsdale, N. Y., met the eighth-seeded quintet led by Bud Reinhold of Miami.

No Major Upsets

These predictions were supported by the results of the first 32 deals, one-half of the match. Rapee led the Edmonton team by 10 international match points. Root led the Minneapolis team by 64 points. The Stayman team led the Levy team by 74 points. Mitchell led Mathe by 43 points, and Moss led Reinhold by 54 points.

There were no major upsets in the preliminary rounds yesterday, although the Mitchell team had a narrow escape, winning by two points against a foursome led by Steve Landen of Oak Park, Mich., and including Jim Hilton of New York.

Another favored team would have been eliminated, but for the fact that the luckiest slam of the tournament succeeded. The North-South hands shown in the diagram should be bid to a game in hearts or no-trump, but the players climbed to a heart slam. North's response of two diamonds was an acceptable eccentricity, and his raise to three hearts was a slam invi-

NORTH
♠ A 10 9
♥ 7 6 5
♦ A K 4
♣ Q 8 3

WEST
♠ 9 7 6 4 2
♥ 8 5
♦ J 3
♣ K 8 5

SOUTH
♠ 8 7
♥ A K
♦ Q 7 7
♣ A 10

Both sides bid. The bidding:
East-South
Pass 1
Pass 2
Pass 4
Pass 4
Pass 4
Pass 5
Pass 6

West led the

ation in the style.

The fact that cue-bids evading hearts is striving to optimize the North play part to the team was 47 at the halfway deal mark.

In six hearts needed one. He could hope for a miracle, a single East, or a single West, but not these had a 3-2 than half of 1.

The second card of the suit was the K-Q-J, which about 0.8 percent of the ten can't and provide a diamond loser.

South's spade lead will ruff a spade great satisfied had played a trump. It has led to this point, put the East. How crowded directly, and cash the spade, the two diamond, the dummy. Fin-guess in clubs, right.

East was a p' opening to bit slightest extra charer decided. King was on played the club with a low diamond the queen when East-West's narrow lead result, and award as the winners of the tournament.

Weekend Gardening

By RICHARD W. LANGER

Inflation has not left the flower garden unscathed. Delphiniums, those regal midsummer favorites, often sell for \$2 a plant these days. The same is true for Astilbe, sedums and eveo rudbeckia, the common black-eyed Susan of our summer meadows. Yet, if grown from seed, these same plants can be had for pennies each.

Perennials have the wonderful quality of blooming year after year with relatively little care. Their drawback is that, like biennials, they don't flower till their second year. And most of us are simply too impatient to await their beauty that long. So, even if we grow annuals such as marigolds and nasturtiums, from seed, we tend to buy the perennials as already established plants. But now, during the August garden doldrums, might be a time to change all that. Start your next year's bloom of bedding perennials from seed this weekend, and you'll save enough to buy a couple of fruit trees next year.

Probably the best way to sow perennials is in a raised seedbed, up to 4 feet wide and as long as you care to make it. Raised beds assure good drainage, make it easy to shade, weed and care for your seedlings, and you can transplant seedlings from them with a healthy scoop of soil surrounding the root balls, yet without lowering the soil level of your seedbed. After transplanting the seedlings, just top up the raised bed with some more rich loamy soil, assuring a good footing for the next batch of seedlings.

If you don't have a raised bed and can't make one this weekend, plant the seeds directly in a small starter bed tucked into a corner of the garden. Make sure it's a spot where the plants will naturally be shaded from the intense noontday sun, or where you can cover the seedlings with a sheltering screen of cheesecloth.

As to which perennials to grow, that depends on your particular gardening wishes except, perhaps, don't limit yourself to what you've grown before. Here in alphabetical order are a few favorites:

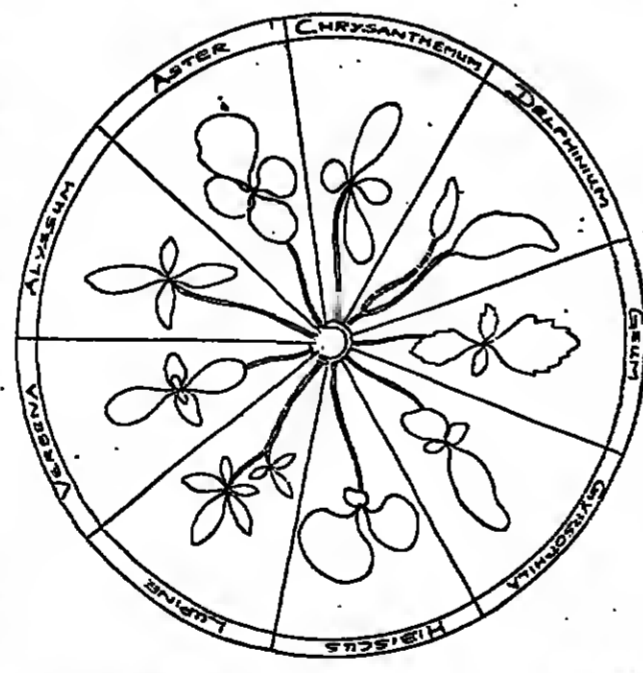
Alyssum (basket-of-gold) has silvery foliage and bright sprays of golden flowers to keep your tulips company. It is a good choice for any border or permanent planting. Seeds germinate in 5 to 15 days. Space mature plants 10 to 12 inches apart in a location where their 15-inch height will be in proportion to your other flowers.

Aster (Michaelmas daisy), ranging in color from the lavender of Melbourne magnet to the rose of fellowship, makes a complementary color foil for chrysanthemums. Germination takes 15 to 20 days, and the hardy plants mature at a height of about 3 feet. When transplanting to a permanent location, space plants at least a foot apart to give them growing room.

Chrysanthemums are easy to grow from seed. But, at first, stay with the early varieties in this region. Germinating in 5 to 10 days, the larger varieties reach heights of 3 to 5 feet, which means they need to be almost 2 feet apart when transplanted, not to crowd one another.

Delphiniums grow up to 6 feet tall. Make sure it's the perennial larkspur seeds you buy, however, there's also an annual larkspur, and that will get you nowhere this time of year. Germination occurs in 10 to 15 days, and the seedlings are more sun-tolerant than most. But delphiniums are not one of your most perennial perennials—that is, plants often cancel their show after four or five years.

Geums are easy to grow, very hardy flowers that do well on poor soil and in times of relative drought. Wide-petaled, daisylike yellow flowers bloom in June and throughout the summer, if wilted blossoms are headed promptly. Germination time



Perennial seedling key

Rosen McNeill

is 5 to 15 days, height at maturity about 20 inches.

Gypsophila (baby's breath) needs lime, a point to remember, particularly if you live in the acid-soil areas of Connecticut or South New Jersey. Seeds germinate in 7 to 14 days, with the mature plants reaching heights up to 4 feet. Gypsophila does well in hot, dry places with good sun.

Hibiscus will produce some of the largest red and pink flowers in the garden. The perennial varieties develop over 3 feet tall with flowers 6 to 8 or even 10 inches in diameter. Seeds germinate in 12 to 20 days.

Lupines like a moist atmosphere. If yours fail to flower, the problem is probably beyond your control. But if you haven't tried them, do so—they make splendid flowerbeds. Nick seeds before planting, and they will germinate in three to five days. Transplant to their permanent location while the plants are less than 4 inches

tall, because they develop deep taproots and do not travel well.

Verbena is another flower that comes in both annual and perennial varieties. Most have purplish to blue flowers. Germination will take 10 to 30 days. Verbena is quite hardy and easy to grow.

Once perennials are 4 inches tall, they should be transplanted to their permanent location and given a chance to establish themselves before the first hard freeze. After that hard freeze, mulch the plants well. Don't mulch them sooner; the ground might alternately freeze and thaw, which is very disruptive to plant roots, particularly young ones.

If your mulch-covered bed looks a bit bare, hide it beneath evergreen boughs. These will serve as additional mulch and add a green touch in winter. Remove the boughs gradually in spring as the ground warms up.

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سلا من الاصل

Books of The Times

By ANATOLE BROUARD

THE BEHOLDER. By Philip Glass. 254 pages. Atheneum, \$7.95.

HOOKS: An unpredictable partner of the antidotes to the boredom that so often seems to set in between the sexes. This is not as a choice as one would imagine: prefer anxiety to boredom. It is a contemporary feeling. Stability is often mistaken for until one realizes that it is as elusive as washing one's hands day. The unpredictable person washing his hands in responsibility the Eye of the Beholder. Amy is even further. As Ned, the title: "Her belief that life was of adventures" was really an evade causality, to avoid the essence of her actions; it was a pe that the structure of life is a crooked framework but a of isolated incidents—a picaresque of which she was the

lton, Ned's cousin, is one of shmen who still believes in the comforts of tradition. He has not simply for order, but for The life of the loaded gentle-religion. When he goes to shoot and gut deer, he is on the altar of his repressed when he attacks the beast with his shoulder, we understand talking himself as much as the he could only get himself in he would shoot to kill. He loves loves the sun. George marries Amy, it is as if taling an Italian fountain to courtyard of his forbidding use. For George, marriage is re complicated case of stalking t, or she, cannot be allowed um about as she pleases. Iests once practiced divination: inspection of animal entrails: George intends, though he is of it, to use Amy. He will learn which way the world is going, marriage is to be consummated, past sense, one of them must ther. Amy enjoys the kind of hat even the most militant sitate to talk about: she is free is beyond the reach of love.

Williams's "State of Grace," one racters says: "There must be beyond love. I want to get Amy is out beyond love; she ar side of it. Her orcaissim is And yet, in the absence of commitment, in traveling flight

in a moral sense, Amy does acquire some of the grace of the deer. In fact, she is dear.

This is part of Philip Glass's brilliance in the "Eye of the Beholder": to make Amy's irresponsibility charming. She can say or do anything, and because she is appealing, her misbehavior takes on poetry, like a loose form of free verse. In one scene, when she and Ned are outside George's ancestral home, she says "listero." He does, and he bears a chorus of flushing toilets: all the Tiltons are constipated, they hold on, wherever possible.

George is a pedant of "form" and Mr. Glazebrook uses pedantry as a kind of Occam's razor, which, as Amy says, shaves her head. As Ned puts it, George "broke words into such small pieces that they had no meaning and could not function." All of Amy's meanings are broad. Her struggle with George is a nice image of England's own. Is irrationality the price of democracy, as it was of aristocracy? Shall improvisation usurp the place of tradition? Is a pathological liar like Amy the ultimate in self-expression?

George's irony seems croaky and costive compared to Amy's happy carelessness. We wonder, as we read this book, who deserves our sympathy, but the author is too clever to prejudice the issue. We like Amy and respect George; we dislike her and pity him.

Ned inevitably reminds us of the narrator in "The Good Soldier"; his part is to gift other people's passion through the narrow straits of his temperament. He envies George at the same time that he sees through him; he despises Amy as he yearns for her. He would sell his soul if he knew how to put a price on it, but he is born to look on, to punctuate other people's sentences. He is an undersecretary in an embassy; his diplomacy is like psychoanalysis with its teeth pulled.

Is unpredictability life-giving? Or are people happier planning and failing to meet their own standards? Mr. Glazebrook induces us to tease ourselves with absurd questions. Would we be better off without love? Is it worth the disorder it so often brings? Can life be meaningful without suffering? Do we pursue paradox or is it implicit in the nature of things? Is peace a virtue or a form of laziness?

Amy persuades George to write lyrics for popular songs. Can anyone think of a better form of employment for an out-of-work aristocrat? His songs are not saleable. We never really learn what they are like, unless we take "The Eye of the Beholder" itself as one of them. Ned's description—"acrostic verse chanted to lute music"—might serve as a satirical complement to this subtle and accomplished book.

Visit to a Realm of Madness

ZONE OF THE INTERIOR. By Clancy Sigal. 277 pages. Crowell, \$8.95.

By JOHN LEONARD

Better than any other document I know, Clancy Sigal's "Going Away" (1962) identified, embodied and re-created the postwar American radical experience. It was as if "On the Road" had been written by somebody with brains. It ended with the nameless narrator—a sort of last Wolhly, having crossed the country by car, finding everywhere accommodation and betrayal—on his way to England and a nervous breakdown. He would reappear briefly, as Saul Green in Doris Lessing's "Golden Notebook," falling apart and with a writer's block as well. Then there were 14 years of silence during which the oursury school took over the American Left.

Mr. Sigal calls his books novels, and if one subscribes to Randall Jarrell's definition of the novel as "a prose work of some length that has something wrong with it," I suppose they are. But Mr. Sigal doesn't bother to invent a lot. To call Ronnie Laing, Willie Last, and Kingsley Hall, Conolly House, isn't much camouflage. If Doris, in real life, wrote a "Golden Notebook" in which Anna has an affair with Saul, whereas Coral, in "Zone," writes "Loose Leaves from a Random Life" in which Hannah has an affair with Paul, we aren't exactly dealing with obscurantism.

Such literal-mindedness, a wiretapping of the quotidian, is usually tedious and sometimes trivial; but in "Zone," the New York literary world wherein major writers, thinly disguised, must cramp down inside the imaginations of midgets. Mr. Sigal, though, knows how to select. His intelligence is always tickling. His ear is superb. His sympathies are promiscuous. His sin is enthusiasm. He is not afraid to make a fool of himself, even the holy fool Willie Last wants to fabricate out of the leftovers of Sid Bell, exhausted radical and desperate ironist.

Thus Bell's descent into schizophrenia, and the aid of LSD, chemical O. is hilarious and terrifying. On the community of the mad at Conolly House, with its obsessive punning and its morbid gamesmanship, breaks the heart. There is much to be said for the nuclear family as an incubator of madness, and for madness as a sane defense against maniacal circumstance. But, says Mr. Sigal, it doesn't necessarily follow that the nuclear family is the only reality, that madness is a proof of grace, that the mad are stormbirds of a revolutionary consciousness. Nor does it follow that encouraging and inducing madness—in others, of course, not in one's busy publicity-seeking self—is honorable therapy.

At last in every radical there's need for a family, some sort of community. Mr. Sigal's still looking. To find it and join it means to assume a responsibility for its members its Wolhlyes. To betray that responsibility is a crime not merely against the self, but against the idea of community. To make an O. you have to break a few eggs. Where have we heard that before? As a document, "Zone" is brilliant.

Publishing: Warhol Productions

By RICHARD R. LINGEMAN

ANDY WARHOL, the pop artist, film maker, author and man-about-Manhattan, is now going into publishing. An agreement was concluded between Mr. Warhol and Grosset & Dunlap whereby they will jointly publish books under the imprint Andy Warhol Books/Grosset & Dunlap. Mr. Warhol will have a hand in writing and designing some of the books, which Grosset & Dunlap will then produce and distribute.

Bob Colacello, who is executive editor of Mr. Warhol's interview magazine and who will be editorial director of the new enterprise, said, "We can do what we want as long as Grosset & Dunlap approves." He suggested that the venture would draw upon the staff of Interview magazine, although the books "would not be the same as Interview." Also, "a lot of young people come to Andy with ideas," so books would undoubtedly grow out of these. One project definitely in the works is a "photo-documentary" on the rock singer Mick Jagger and his wife, Bianca.

Later we extracted a few sibilous words from Mr. Warhol on the venture, and we set them down here verbatim.

Q. Did your decision to become a publisher arise out of dissatisfaction with the way your own books have been published?

A. Oh no. Bill Jovanovich (president of Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, publishers of "The Philosophy of Andy Warhol from A to B") is a very nice man.

Q. How will you improve book design?

A. They should be designed to make more things come of the stands quicker. Like newspapers.

Q. Any special kind of books you'd like to publish?

A. Oh, interview thiogs with pictures.

Q. So you think book covers could be better designed from



Andy Warhol
More than a pop artist and film maker

the sales standpoint?

A. Every time I go to the airline stands they never have anything I want.

Q. What will the hook on Mick and Bianca Jagger be like? Will it have narrative, text?

A. It's a documentary.

Q. What future titles do you have in mind?

A. Oh we're going to wait and see how the first one comes out.

The succès fou of Erich von Däniken's books a few years back was surely one of the publishing phenomena of the decade. Three books by the Swiss-born ex-hoteller — "Chariots of the Gods?" "Gods from Outer Space" and "The Gold of the Gods" — have sold more than 34-million copies worldwide. When "Chariots of the Gods?" appeared in Germany in 1968 it quickly became a No. 1 best seller there and did well in hardcover over here a year later. In 1973, an NBC-TV program entitled "In Search of Ancient Astronauts" was shown, and in the space of 48 hours more than a quarter-million copies of the Bantam paperback were sold.

Von Däniken's basic idea was a theory—"speculation" he sometimes called it—that earth had been visited eons ago by astronauts who introduced a high level of civiliza-

tion, mated with the earthlings to produce an improved breed, then vanished. Unprovable, to say the least; nonetheless it struck a chord not only with UFO true believers, but also others with open—or empty—minds, especially young people. Eventually, some debunking voices were raised, mostly by journalists, and also in religious quarters. Scientists and scholars, whom von Däniken was challenging most directly, remained silent, however, apparently regarding him as beneath their notice.

So it took an amateur to come forth with a sustained, book-length attack on von Däniken's theories and evi-



Erich von Däniken

dence. The book, published last month by Harper & Row, is called "The Space-Gods Revealed" and it was written by Ronald Story, a college philosophy major who works for the Tucson, Ariz., Gas and Electric Company. His book is a thorough drawing-together of previous attacks on von Däniken, with the addition of some new assaults as well. Mr. Story criticizes such pet articles of the von Däniken canon as the Biblical Ezekiel's Wheel was a flying saucer or that a Mexican sarcophagus lid depicts an ancient astronaut. The Swedish explorer Thor Hyerdahl contributes a long statement assailing von Däniken's contention that the Easter Island statues could only have been erected by super-beings, and the astronomer Carl Sagan has written a laudatory foreword. According to the Harper & Row editor Jeanne Flagg, Mr. Sagan volunteered to write the foreword when Mr. Story sent him a request for some information, because he was so glad someone was taking time to investigate von Däniken's contentions. In a similar way, Mr. Hyerdahl volunteered a long statement on Easter Island because of his unhappiness with von Däniken's theories about it. Which all goes to show that sometimes amateurs can charge in where experts are too aloof to tread.

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Let Canadians Unveil Dated 'Monument'

BARNES

JGH Rudl van

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ography does bear the mark of a major craftsman.

It is also necessary to consider the ballet within the context of the Canadian repertory, which is very short on modern works, a situation that must be giving the company's new artistic director, Alexander Grant, considerable anxiety.

The Canadians certainly dance it effectively enough. To be honest, Frank Augustyn as the Boy is not so poignantly agonized as Lawrence Rhodes a few years ago, but he is good enough in all competence, stricken and despairing. Patricia Oney and Hazard Surmacyan were appropriately gross as the parents, and Karen Kain and Clinton Rothwell both gave sharp-etched characterizations as the girl in the hero's life and the young man who supplants her.

For most of the audience, probably the major event of the evening was not the season's first performance of "Monument for a Dead Boy," but Rudolf Nureyev's delayed seasonal debut as James in Bournonville's "La Sylphide." Mr. Nureyev—who will be dancing every performance with the Canadians this weekend except tonight—

should have danced James in the first week of the season, but because of an injury accepted what he felt was the easier assignment of Hans van Manen's "Four Schumann Pieces." However, this Wednesday he looked in fine fettle. Adversity often brings out the best in him.

As the hraw Highlander who falls in love with a sylph—a course of action that is almost always a mistake—Mr. Nureyev is the epitome of balletic Romanticism, wild-eyed yet classically immaculate. Veronica Tennent was his beautifully intense temptress, and Tomas Schramsek danced well and acted attractively as Gurn, James's rival for the true-love he deserts for more ephemeral matter. George Crum, the company's musical director, conducted the old Danish music with his customary strength and sensibility.

The program was completed with a repeat of "Four Schumann Pieces," which seems more engaging the oftener it is seen and shows Mr. Nureyev off to most excellent advantage in a role that Mr. van Manen custom-tailored for Anthony Dowell.

their skeletal-shaped hoop skirts in a trio from "Vaudeville of the Elements."

"Trio" derives its name from its three onstage pyramids and the tendency to use the dancers in trios three times a; once, the sides of the open pyramids are made of lucite mirrors and the dancers between often have their shapes or limbs multiplied in the reflection.

Most of the time they are deluged by a cascade of colored designs that are projected upon the stage. But occasionally they do rhythmic little dances and squiggly solos. There is an apocalyptic ending, but not before the combination of strobe lights and ingenious side-stepping of the dancers seems to make the whole stage move laterally.

"Foreplay" is another matter, a group encounter with comic overtones. Suzanne McDermaid and Mr. Teeters sloop the show as the little girl and the unresponsive mannequin with whom she flirts. They are tremendous.

The Van Vooren Sound Is a Treat for the Eyes

Monique Van Vooren has come to the Rainbow Grill

with an act that lacks for nothing in the way of slick surface qualities. She has four singers who go "doo-wah, doo-wah" behind her. The accompanying quintet also includes a tuba to provide an oompah beat when she flounces around in a black feather boa.

Her program includes songs by Jacques Brel and Stephen Sondheim and an impersonation of Marlene Dietrich. And Miss Van Vooren herself is poured into a stunning backless gown that is slit up one side to her waist, primarily for leg display in the Dietrich bit, but also as a peek-a-boo effect throughout her performance. With all this, however, the

hlonde, Belgian-born singer has difficulty getting beyond superficial effects. There are times when a song is buried under the sheer busyness of the arrangement — on a potentially attractive song, "Never, Never, Never"—and at other times when the lyrics pile up in such a way that simply getting through them seems to be a triumph — "Could I Leave You" from "Follies."

At her best, Miss Van Vooren has a dark tanga voice that is ideally suited to her Dietrich impressions in which she can pose to excellent effect. But she also has an austere manner that tends to give an air of undue solemnity to even her attempts at lighter moments.

JOHN S. WILSON

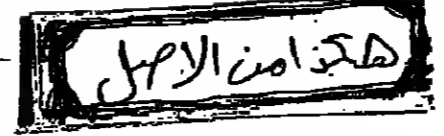
CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Edited by WILL WENG

- | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|
| ACROSS | DOWN |
| 1 Back compliments | 1 Dark purple |
| 5 Hide away | 2 Presently |
| 10 Vestments | 3 Joust |
| 14 Quantity | 4 Ship part |
| 15 Dispatch | 5 "—nuff!" |
| 16 Aim | 6 Sailors |
| 17 Musical steak | 7 Movie dog |
| 18 — nous | 8 Checks |
| 21 Pacific island | 9 Supermen |
| 22 Moisture | 10 Have — at it |
| 23 Untried | 11 Kind of mouth |
| 25 Family Prefix | 12 Low |
| 27 Grill's partner | 13 Did to |
| 28 Eaduit | 14 British P.M. |
| 33 Drudges | 15 Gertrude's son |
| 37 A.E.C.'s concern | 16 Whitman |
| 39 Idle | 24 Metrical feet |
| 41 Act with a capital A | |
| 42 Poetic nip | |
| 45 — Gay | |
| 46 Upon | |
| 47 Same, in marginal notes | |
| 48 Comeback | |
| 50 Vehicle | |
| 52 Draft initials | |
| 53 Want | |
| 55 Scottish river | |
| 57 Drowse | |
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| 63 Kind of rail | |
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| 32 Pastries | |
| 34 Blank suits | |

politian Baedecker

Turtle Bay to Sutton Place



Pop Life Robert Palmer

GOLDBERGER

One mile near the East ... Turtle Bay to Sutton Place ...

Turtle Bay

around the area at Turtle Bay ... the neighborhood that ...

with its fashionable grocers ... florists and bookshelves ...

Four blocks up, at 242 East ... 52d Street, is another private ...

Wander back down First ... Avenue a few blocks, at its ...

U.N. Plaza

At 49th Street, stop for ... a moment and ponder the ...

The No. 1 United Nations ... Plaza complex is the best ...

Beekman Place ... Next, go east of First ...

Next, go east of First ... Avenue on 49th Street, which ...

At the end of East 51st ... Street, where Beekman Place ...

Return to the bustle of ... First Avenue, but slip away ...

River House

Return to the bustle of ... First Avenue, but slip away ...

Just beyond Sutton Square ... is one of the neighborhood's ...

The Sutton and Beekman ... neighborhood is one of the ...

Sutton Place

From 52d Street, return ... again to First Avenue and ...

Sutton Place is a sort of ... grown-up Beekman Place ...

La Petite Marmite, 10 ... Mitchell Place (826-1084); ...

Billy's, 948 First Avenue, ... near 52d Street (EL 5-8920), ...

But the vista of Sutton ... Place is dramatic from the ...



A photographer's impressions; people and places along the East Side

Stretch Jersey Is Nikolais's Bag

KISSELGOFF

advice on how to ... stretch jersey ...

dance needed to get away ... from an expression of the ...

"I don't like to think that ... I made into the scenery," she ...

Miss McDermid, who ... joined the company in 1970 ...

As an example, Miss ... McDermid pointed to the ...

to extend himself beyond his ... physical limitations and be ...

"When I'm in a Nikolais ... piece, I'm not coming out as ...

"To be honest, if I only ... had to dance in a bag, the ...

"There are challenges to ... performing in a bag as well, ...

from the "exposed" couple. ... "I've always wanted to be ...

Referring to another bag ... dance, "Boumnoo," to be ...

For dancers, one of the ... most rewarding aspects of ...

A review of the Nikolais ... Dance Theater appears on ...

REGGAE, the sinuously lulling ... Jamaican pop music that ...

But now that Mr. Marley's ... "Rastaman Vibration" album ...

What's more, Columbia and ... one of its subsidiary labels, ...

The casual listener may well ... wonder how to separate the ...

"Night Food" includes some ... unusually good lyrics and ...

"Reggae Got Soul" (Island), ... the latest release by Toots ...



The Burning Spear, reggae vocal trio, performing Sunday at the Rochdale Community Auditorium in Jamaica.

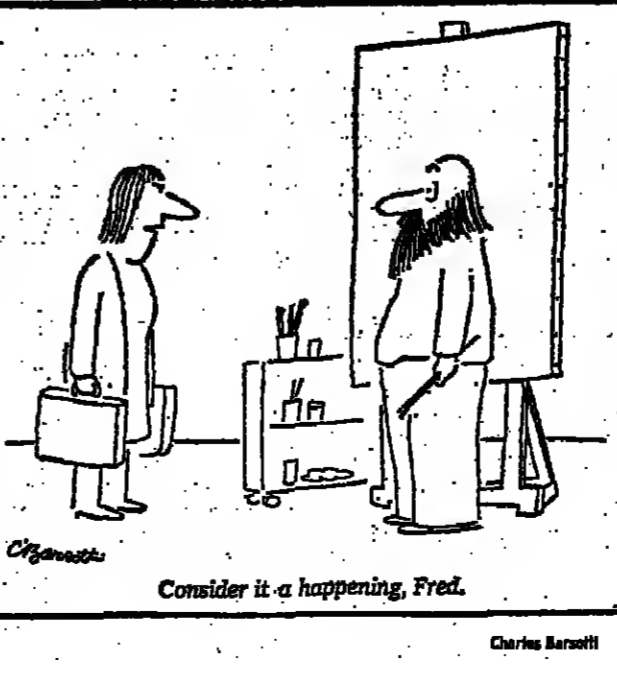
New York performances. The ... group's leader, Toots Hibbert, ...

Verard Johnson, an alto saxophonist ... whose commanding sound, ...

In the liner notes to "The ... Gospel Saxophone of ...

"Many people don't believe ... this by listening to me ...

"I had taken the saxophone ... up, and even though I ...



Consider it a happening, Fred.

WEEKENDER GUIDE Continued

Continued from Page C1

Every day in every weather there are joggers going round and round on it. There were joggers making this circuit long before they were called joggers; at that time there were those who called them eccentrics. But jogging has come into its own and there is some concern about track conditions at the reservoir. According to one runner, the allamuch and wild cherries are encroaching on the roadway and in some places the 10-foot wide narrows almost to half. To clear this up, the Road Runners of New York, a jogging outfit, and the Neighbors of Central Park, a new group, mostly runners, are meeting at 10 A.M. on Saturday at the Engineers Gate, 90th Street and Fifth Avenue. From there they will go to the nearby northeast portion of the track and work on clearing away the undergrowth which has become overgrowth. Everyone is invited, no admission. Bring your own pruning tools, if you have any. They've already done about half a mile and there will be more to come. If it rains, come back Sunday. Information: 787-8635.

SOUND VOYAGE

For those restless wanderers who find the lure of a cruise irresistible, if only for a day, New England Steamship Lines, (203) 345-4507, offers a daily all-day sailing from Connecticut to Long Island and back. The Yankee Clipper sails each morning from Haddam (I.S. 95, Exit 69, north on Route 9 to Exit 7, follows signs) at 9 A.M. She also picks up passengers at Old Saybrook at 10:10 before crossing the Sound. Fridays through Mondays, she touches at Sag Harbor, other days at

Greenport. There is a three-hour layover on Loog Island during which the tourists may shop or buy lunch or just walk around the town. Many take bicycles along with them and pedal along the shore. Returns to Old Saybrook about 4:30 P.M. Haddam, about 6. You can buy snacks aboard, if you wish. Fare: \$9.50; 12's and under, \$4.90.

Sunday

STATEN ISLAND PEDAL

Better prepare yourself on Saturday for this Sunday event. It's a Staten Island-by-dark bike ride, another one of the Middle of the Night Tours sponsored by the Friends of the Parks (UN-1-8696). Nocturnal cyclists are advised to meet at 1:30 Sunday morning in front of Manhattan's City Hall. From there, it will be a clear track to South Ferry to catch the Staten Island boat. Once ashore at Saint George's, Staten Island's main port of entry, for ferries, you'll pedal all over the place, through the new arts complex at Snug Harbor and points south, to Richmond Town. Restoration, where you'll picnic (bring enough money for something to eat, 25 cents for the ferry and 50 cents for the Staten Island Rapid Transit train that will return you to the ferry). If you want to rent a bike, call, well in advance, the Pedal Pusher, 879-8740.

GERMAN FESTIVAL

The North Germans, people from near the Baltic and the North Sea, have their own customs and speak their own dialects—it's a bit different from

regular German as the variant spelling they use for the Plattsdeutsche Volksfest-Vereen, would indicate. The festival starts Sunday at Schuetzen Park, 324 Street and Kennedy Boulevard in North Bergen, opposite Manhattan's West Side in New Jersey. It will continue on next Saturday and Sunday. From noon to midnight all three days. The private park, which has three buildings on it will be going full tilt with parades, variety shows, pop and folk music and, from 6 P.M. on each day, dancing. You can buy lots to eat, from sauerbraten to potato pancakes. Free parking. Admission: \$2.50; under-18's free, with adult. Information: 201-865-8668.

ELIZABETHAN CONCERT

The Greenburgh Nature Center in Westchester is on a 32.5-acre estate located a year ago by the town and employed since then in projecting the beauty of nature and the arts. There are trails and lawns and, in the main house, exhibitions. On Sunday evening at 7:30, the mood will be reminiscent, not of nature, but of music. On the grounds, the Performing Arts Society, Elizabethan music (if it rains, come on Monday). The society is Westchester's professional opera company and the 24 choir members will sing along with Tiki Freeman and Elizabeth Hughes as featured soloists, and with harpsichord accompaniment. Elizabethan, for the occasion, also includes works of Henry Purcell. Admission: \$2; 18's-and-under, free, if accompanied by adult. Take Central Avenue (Route 101), north of Yonkers, to Dronowich Road, one mile north of Ardsley Road intersection. Information: (914) 723-3470. RICHARD F. SHEPARD

For Children

Teatown Lake

TEATOWN LAKE RESERVATION, 36-acre wildlife and conservation preserve owned and operated by the Brookline Junior Garden, includes picnic grounds, meadows, hemlock and larch groves, a walking trail, a 200-acre 129-Valleywood outdoor exhibits and nature education programs for youngsters, with picnicking near the lake. Reservation is one mile west of the Tappan Parkway on Seton Valley Road in Coxsack, N.Y. Trails always open, including open from 9 A.M. to 5 P.M. on Friday and Saturday (also Tuesday through Thursday); free. (914) 762-572.

Music and Dance

BLASKAR, a Middle Eastern dance, an original designed for young audiences, 11 A.M. and 2 P.M. on Friday, at the Webster School Country Club, 600 West 20th Street, New York, N.Y. Free. (212) 461-4522.

Fiesta of Animals and Arts

LATIN AMERICAN FIESTA-OF ANIMALS AND ARTS, two-day program by the Bronx Zoo, Saturday and Sunday, devoted to music, dance, art and arts, a playa early at Bird Court, 21st and 105th Street, Bronx. Cost: \$2.50. Information: 212-264-4177.

Stories, Puppets, Magic

STORY HOUR, by Mrs. Helen Fisher, librarian at the New York Public Library, 415 East Houston Street, co-sponsored by the Academy of Jewish Music, 11 West 53rd Street, will feature stories, puppets and magic. Free. (212) 677-3000.

Films

ALL HABA GOES TO TOWN, (1927, 87 mins.) with Eddie Cantor and Tom Terrill, noon, Saturday, and "Tom Terrill" (1927, 77 mins.), noon, Sunday. Films for Young People, at the 42nd Street Y, 42nd Street and Lexington Avenue, 11 West 42nd Street. Admission: 75 cents for children, 50 cents for adults. Information: 212-677-3000.

Exhibitions and Museums

CENTURY OF TWO CENTURIES, an exhibition of art and objects created by 100 students in Jewish schools for the Annual Children's Art Exhibition of the Board of Jewish Education of Greater New York. The two-day show, at the Board of Jewish Education Building, 20 West 20th Street, is on view 11 A.M. to 5 P.M. on Saturday, (also through Thursday). Free. (212) 677-3000.

Plays

RUMPLESTILTSKIN, by the Fantasy Theater Ensemble, 11 A.M. and 2 P.M. on Friday, at the Webster (L.I.), 600 West 20th Street, New York, N.Y. Free. (212) 461-4522.

major dolls, toys, trade shows, portraits and silhouettes. Museum of American Art, 125 West 53rd Street, 10:30 A.M. to 5:30 P.M. on Friday, Saturday and Sunday. Children 12 and under, free. (212) 461-4522.

THE PEOPLE

THE PEOPLE, a play about the star rivets and rivet workers of the American Rivet Industry, in the auditorium of the Hall of Science of the City of New York, 10 A.M. to 4 P.M. on Friday, 10 A.M. to 5 P.M. on Saturday and Sunday, 1 to 5 P.M. on Sunday. Free. (212) 677-3000.

WILDLIFE NATURAL SCIENCE CENTER

WILDLIFE NATURAL SCIENCE CENTER, has a collection of freshwater, hard-water, and salt-water fish, birds, reptiles, amphibians, and mammals. The center is located at the New York Public Library, 415 East Houston Street, New York, N.Y. (212) 677-3000.

A.M. to 5 P.M. Children 12 and under, free. (212) 461-4522.

BRUCE MUSEUM

BRUCE MUSEUM, a historical and art museum, has a collection of art objects from the 18th and 19th centuries. The museum is located at the Bruce Museum, 100 North Broadway, Westchester County, N.Y. (914) 762-572.

SAILING

SAILING ABOARD THE T-1, a 100-foot schooner, is on a cruise from New York Harbor to Sag Harbor, N.Y. on Friday, Saturday, and Sunday. Information: 787-8635.

Events and Openings

Friday

Film

GUS, a Walt Disney production directed by Vincent McEverry, at neighborhood theaters.

Music

MOSTLY MOZART FESTIVAL, Alice Tully Hall, Lincoln Center, 8 P.M. SCHAFFER MUSIC FESTIVAL, Welton Rink, Central Park, 8 P.M. and 10 P.M. LIGHT OPERA OF MANHATTAN, East-side Playhouse, 234 East 74th Street, 8 P.M. THE GOLDMAN BAND, Damrosch Park, Lincoln Center, 8 P.M. A SPANISH FIESTA, music and dancing, South Street Seaport, Pier 15, 7:30 P.M. RAVI SHANKAR, Indian classical music, Cathedral of St. John the Divine, 127th Street and Amsterdam Avenue, 8 P.M. FAMIA ALL STAR CONCERT, Latin music, Madison Square Garden, 8:30 P.M. SUMMERGARDEN, ROBERT "ONE-MAN" JOHNSON, country music, Museum of Modern Art, West 53rd Street, 8 P.M. STELLA JOHNSON and FRIENDS, jazz musicians, 132d Street between Fifth and Madison Avenues, 7 P.M.

Dance

AMERICAN BALLET THEATER, New York State Theater, "La Bayadere," "Al-Misliyah," "Le Sacre de la Rose," "The Rite of Spring." CLARK CENTER FESTIVAL: THEATER DANCE COLLECTION, City University Graduate Center, 33 West 42d Street, 8 P.M. MARGOT COLBERT, Theater for the New City, 113 West 11th Street, 8 P.M. NATIONAL BALLET OF CANADA, Metropolitan Opera House, "The Sleeping Beauty," "The Rite of Spring." NIKOLAIS DANCE THEATER, Beacon Theater, Broadway at 74th Street, "The Elements of the Elements," "Mausoleum of the Elements," "The Elements of the Elements." DANCEBUTLE: BOTTOM OF THE BUCKET, Bill Dance Theater, 174th Street between Broadway and Southern Boulevard, Bronx, 8:30 P.M.

THOMAS HOLT DANCE ENSEMBLE AND GEORGE STEVENSON DANCE COMPANY, American Modern Dance Theater, 114 West 14th Street, 8:30 P.M. CAROLYN LORD, Construction Company Dance Studio, 52 La Guardia Place, 8 P.M. BALLETT NISPANCO OF NEW YORK, 101st Street, 130 East 101st Street, 8 P.M. JOSE LIMOR DANCE COMPANY, Harrison High School, 400 West Street, Harrison, New York, 8:30 P.M.

Saturday

Music

MOSTLY MOZART FESTIVAL, Alice Tully Hall, Lincoln Center, 8 P.M. NEW YORK PHILHARMONIC IN THE PARKS, Van Cortlandt Park, Bronx, 8 P.M. SCHAFFER MUSIC FESTIVAL, Welton Rink, Central Park, John Sebastian, 4:30 P.M. AN EVENING OF SCENES FROM THE OPERA, Damrosch Park, Lincoln Center, 8 P.M. COUNTRY GENTLEMEN BLUEGRASS BAND, Channel Gardens, Raczville Center, 4:30 P.M. LIGHT OPERA OF MANHATTAN, East-side Playhouse, 234 East 74th Street, 8 P.M. THE GOLDMAN BAND, Damrosch Park, Lincoln Center, 8 P.M. SUMMERGARDEN, ROBERT "ONE-MAN" JOHNSON, country music, Museum of Modern Art, West 53rd Street, 8 P.M. THE PAN AM 99th STREET JETTS, 99th Street, South Street Seaport, Pier 15, 7:30 P.M.

Dance

AMERICAN BALLET THEATER, New York State Theater, "La Bayadere," "Al-Misliyah," "Le Sacre de la Rose," "The Rite of Spring." CLARK CENTER FESTIVAL: THEATER DANCE COLLECTION, City University Graduate Center, 33 West 42d Street, 8 P.M. NATIONAL BALLET OF CANADA, Metropolitan Opera House, "The Sleeping Beauty," "The Rite of Spring." NIKOLAIS DANCE THEATER, Beacon Theater, Broadway at 74th Street, "The Elements of the Elements," "Mausoleum of the Elements," "The Elements of the Elements." DANCEBUTLE: BOTTOM OF THE BUCKET, Bill Dance Theater, 174th Street between Broadway and Southern Boulevard, Bronx, 8:30 P.M.

Sunday

Music

MOSTLY MOZART FESTIVAL, Alice Tully Hall, Lincoln Center, 8 P.M. LIGHT OPERA OF MANHATTAN, East-side Playhouse, 234 East 74th Street, 8 P.M. SEETHOUSE SOCIETY, Intermediate School, 23rd Street between Madison and Madison Avenues, 4 P.M. THE GOLDMAN BAND, Damrosch Park, Lincoln Center, 8 P.M.

Dance

NATIONAL BALLET OF CANADA, Metropolitan Opera House, "The Sleeping Beauty," "The Rite of Spring." THOMAS HOLT DANCE ENSEMBLE AND GEORGE STEVENSON DANCE COMPANY, American Modern Dance Theater, 114 West 14th Street, 8:30 P.M. CLARK CENTER FESTIVAL: THEATER DANCE COLLECTION, City University Graduate Center, 33 West 42d Street, Program 1, 8 P.M.

Exxon Corporation joins in sponsoring the 12th season of New York Philharmoni Free Parks Concerts.



This week: THOMAS SCHIPPERS conducts a program of Bernstein's Overture to "Candide," Bartók's Concerto for Orchestra, and Brahms's Symphony No. 4.

- Tuesday, August 10, in Sheep Meadow, Central Park
- Wednesday, August 11, in Marine Park, Brooklyn
- Thursday, August 12, in Crocheron Park, Queens
- Saturday, August 14, in Van Cortlandt Park, The Bronx

All concerts begin at 8:30.

For weather bulletin and rain postponement date, call 999-1234.

With support from the National Endowment for the Arts; the New York State Council on the Arts; New York City's Department of Cultural Affairs, and the Herman W. Ge

Chips Fly at Loggers Meet

By HAROLD FABER

Lumberjacks from all over New York State will gather Sunday in the tiny north woods community of Stony Creek, N.Y., to compete in various events, including cutting through a log in the briefest possible time.

Stony Creek (population 350) is in Warren County on the western edge of the Adirondack Mountains, about 15 miles west of Lake George. There 30 professionals will attempt to overcome the lead of the current champion, Lewis Sowle of Galway, a logger who is now 48 years old and still, as he says, "the top dog of the lumberjacks." For weeks, the loggers, all members of the New York State Lumberjacks Association, have been traveling around the circuit in rustic, upstate areas, competing in six logging events for points toward the association's championship. After 22 competitions, the logger with the most points will be declared the association's champion for 1976.

Goes On Rain or Shine

At present, there are only two serious contenders for the title: Mr. Sowle, who holds a lead of four points over his nearest competitor, Richard Slingerland of Altamont, a former logger who is now a garage mechanic. Mr. Slingerland is also president of the association.

Rain or shine, the Stony Creek competition, sponsored

by the Stony Creek Volunteer Fire Company and Ambulance Squad, will get under way at 1 P.M., with an admission fee of \$1 for each spectator. It is expected to last until almost 6 P.M., after which the fire company will put on a spaghetti dinner for \$3 a person.

Lynn Day, a state forest ranger and chairman of the Stony Creek competition, said he expected about 1,000 spectators, which would be the biggest crowd ever for a lumberjack competition in the area.

"One of the nice things about our competition is that people can get close to the events and watch the chips fly," Mr. Day said. "There are no grandstand seats. It's really an on-site view." For spectators, the most exciting event in the competition, according to some of the lumberjacks interviewed, is the horizontal cutting of an 8 inch by 8 inch log, in which the logger stands on the log and chops it through between his feet.

Last week in Ghent in Columbia County, Mr. Sowle won the event in 12.1 seconds, with Mr. Slingerland second.

"One of the peculiarities of this event is that 98 percent of the loggers use an Australian racing ax, which is heavier and has a bigger blade than American axes," Mr. Slingerland said.

But the most difficult competition for the lumberjacks, according to Mr. Sowle, is the log-rolling contest, which

is not the familiar log rolling in which one logger attempts to throw another into the water.

On the ground, two-logger teams roll a log 40 feet in one direction, hitting two stakes at the same time, and then turn around and roll it back to the starting point, again hitting two stakes simultaneously. In the Ghent competition, Robert Bosco and Walter Bezio finished first with a time of 25.6 seconds.

Among the other events is speed-cutting in which the loggers use what they call "mighty modified" chainsaws, souped up to cut much faster than the ordinary farm and garden type. They can cut through an 8-by-8 log in less than five seconds.

But two men, using a 6-foot-long crosscut saw in another of the events do not take much longer. Mr. Sowle and a partner have done it in 7.7 seconds. And with a bow saw, one man can cut through the same thickness in under 13 seconds.

In Stony Creek, Mr. Day said that the winner of the contest in the town would receive \$500 plus the Dudley C. Hoffman Memorial Trophy given in honor of a former summer resident of the area by his son-in-law, William Wall of Pompton Plains, N.J.

Those wishing to attend should know there are no accommodations in Stony Creek itself. But the Warren County Information Center in Lake George (518) 792-9951, says there's no problem about overnight accommodations, even on weekends, in the Lake George or Warrensburg areas or in the Lake Luzerne area on Route 9N, just south of Stony Creek. An accommodations guide is available at the Warren County Municipal Center in Lake George. And everybody says don't wait until after the contest to look for lodgings; make a reservation before you go.

How to Get There

The only way to get to Stony Creek, N.Y., is by car—and it's a long trip, at least four hours from Times Square. Take the Gov. Thomas E. Dewey Thruway to Interchange 24 at Albany and go north on the Adirondack Northway (Interstate 87). At Exit 23, just north of Lake George, go west to Warrensburg on Route 418, then on County Routes 2 and 3 to the four corners of Stony Creek.

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BILLION SALE
NOTES IS MADE
BY U.S. TREASURY

Orders Force Agency
It Amount to One
Billion to \$300,000

YIELD RATE IS 8%

Yields to Premium
Proportion, Reducing
Yield to 7.81%

JOHN H. ALLAN
The Treasury announced
that it had sold
\$3 billion of its new 8 per-
cent notes after it
announced an outpouring of
the new securities.
As a result of
the heavy demand
for the notes, the
Treasury awarded
no more than
\$300,000 to any
one bidder.

Notes, trading on a
fixed basis, moved to
an upward yesterday
after the yield to
7.81 percent.
The Treasury raised
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The Treasury raised
money to finance its
plan it expected when
the notes were announced.
The note sale
was the size of the mid-
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The Treasury raised
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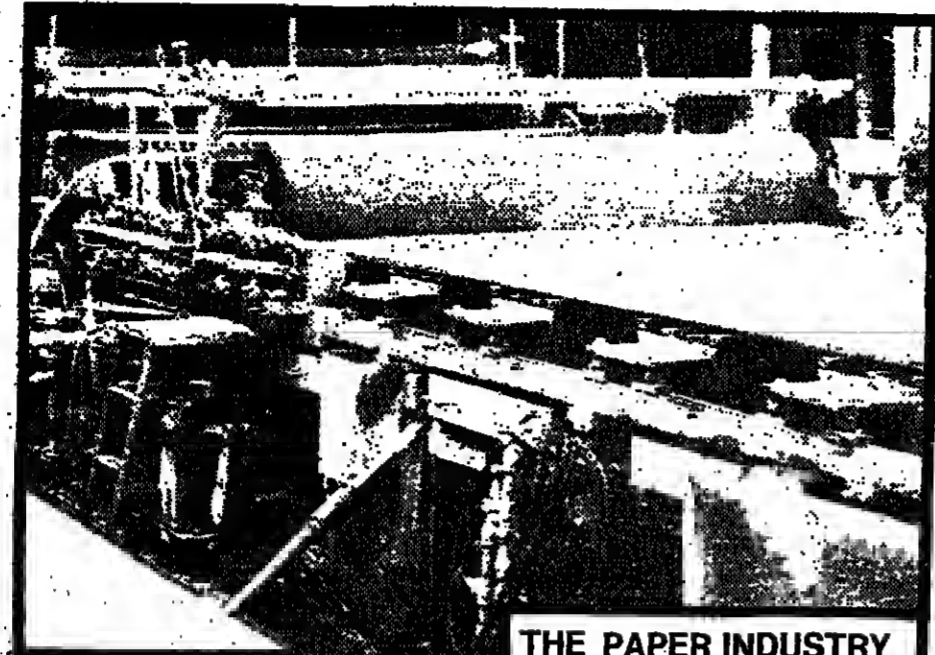
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Business Trends

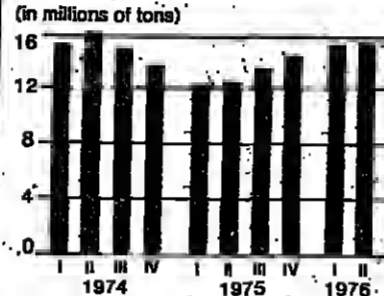
Paper—Following the Economy's Rise



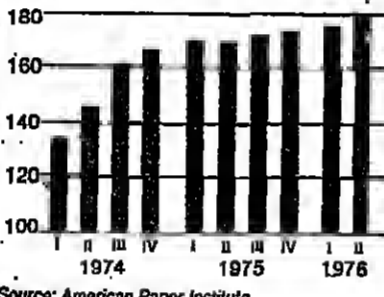
Paper-making machine at Nekoosa Papers' plant in Port Edwards, Wis., was built in 1893 and after several modernizations is still being used.

THE PAPER INDUSTRY

Production of Paper and Paperboard (in millions of tons)



Price Index (1967=100)



Source: American Paper Institute

By STEVEN RATNER
Special to The New York Times

PORT EDWARDS, Wis.—The contrast is startling. Last spring, the paper mill that straddles the Wisconsin River here hungered for customers; the giant paper machines operated on a reduced schedule; the pulp-making department shut down altogether for a time, and 175 workers were laid off.

Today, the same mill is humming and all of the laid-off employees have been recalled to run the machines 24 hours a day, seven days a week in an attempt to keep up with burgeoning orders.

What has happened at this mill, which is owned by Nekoosa Papers Inc., a division of the Great Northern Nekoosa Corporation, is typical of the paper industry's most severe experience with the boom-and-bust cycle since World War II.

In 1974, the five major companies, as a group, reported record profits of \$642 million. A year later, net income fell by 21 percent. This year profits will challenge and probably exceed the record set in 1974.

Production exceeded similarly, declining by 13.5 percent in 1975, but it is expected to more than rebound to a record total of 12.1 million tons this year.

"Profits so far this year are excellent," said Thomas P. Clephane, a paper analyst and vice president at Oliphant & Company. "I don't see any particular problems, other than a slight inventory buildup over the past few months. In fact, any number of companies should report record earnings."

For the second quarter, International

Paper reported earnings up 76 percent; Crown Zellerbach, up 52 percent; St. Regis, up 65 percent, and Westvaco, up 91 percent. For all of 1977, Mr. Clephane predicts a 6 percent increase in production and a 21 percent jump in profits.

The paper industry tends to follow the general economy closely—growing over the long term slightly faster than the gross national product. This is because the use of paper is more or less tied to economic conditions; more business means more output and more cardboard boxes for ship-

Continued on Page D8

FRANKLIN SIMON,
OTHER RETAILERS
SAY, IS FOR SALE

President of Chain's Parent
Company Calls Reports
'Completely Untrue'

By ISADORE BARMASH

Franklin Simon, the 65-store women's apparel specialty chain based in New York, is being offered for sale by its parent company, the City Stores Company, which has suffered continuing losses since 1972, authoritative trade sources indicated yesterday.

The reports, however, were vehemently denied by Morris Goldstein, City Stores' president. He called them "completely untrue."

But industry sources said that the Franklin Simon chain had recently been offered to other concerns as part of an effort by City Stores to restructure its organization and consolidate its operations. Franklin Simon, which has annual sales of about \$50 million and operates in 12 states, has had weak profits, the sources said.

Among the companies to which the chain has been offered are Gamble-Skogmo Inc. and the Dayton Hudson Corporation, two large diversified retailers in Minneapolis, it was reported.

Also said to be for sale is City Stores' W. & J. Sloane furniture chain, which has more than 40 stores in New York City and in nine states and Washington, D.C. Mr. Goldstein, however, also denied the Sloane reports.

Results Compared

City Stores is said to be more willing to sell the Franklin Simon chain than Sloane's because the furniture chain, which recently appointed a new management, has shown signs of improved sales and earnings. City Stores, which is owned by the Bankers Securities Corporation, a Philadelphia-based holding company, also operates 39 Matco stores, including Matco Blanche in New Orleans, and Lit Brothers in Philadelphia.

City Stores, however, has been plagued by deficits, although they have been reduced in more recent years. In the first fiscal quarter, ended May 31, the company narrowed its loss to \$2.4 million from a loss of \$2.8 million in the like 1975 quarter. Sales rose to \$86.6 million from \$82.6 million.

In the fiscal year ended Jan. 31, the concern reduced its loss to \$3.9 million from \$5.5 million. In the second quarter, ended March 31, the company had a loss of \$280,000, and in 1974 it had a loss of \$5.6 million.

Mr. Goldstein said that the company had adequate cash and that only a few days ago it had due "several million dollars" due on bank loans.

Continued on Page D3

July Retail Sales Off

Retail sales in New York City in July fell below last year in a trend of slackened shopping that also kept the nation's largest chains to smaller gains and even declines compared with July 1975.

In New York, seven of the city's largest retailers had an average sales decline in July of 1.4 percent, compared with the corresponding 1975 month while stores in the metropolitan area were on the average

Continued on Page D3

Chrysler Dividend

The Chrysler Corporation's board of directors announced yesterday a quarterly dividend of 15 cents a common share to be paid on Sept. 10 to shareholders of record Aug. 18. This is the first dividend Chrysler has paid since the fourth quarter of 1974. Page D8.

Exchanges Moving Nearer Dual Listing

Big Board Plans Action as Amex Lifts Bars

The New York and American Stock Exchanges took further steps toward dual listing of stocks.

Directors of the New York exchange moved toward the repeal of the rule barring members from trading any Big Board stock that is also listed on the Amex by voting to put the repeal proposal on the agenda for their Sept. 2 meeting.

It is expected that the board will approve and that the general membership will follow suit when it receives the proposal in late September.

At the Amex, the membership voted 371 to 34 to do away with the dual-trading restriction, the so-called "New York City rule."

Varo Inc. is expected to be the first dual-listed stock beginning on Aug. 23, after a decision yesterday by another dual-listing prospect, the Buttes Gas



Mohammed Yehaneh, right, the Iranian Finance Minister, at opening of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries yesterday in Vienna. Article is on page D8.

Duffy-Mott Ex-President
Is Indicted by U.S. Jury

By ARNOLD H. LUBASCH

Donald M. Klock, former president of the Duffy-Mott Company, was indicted yesterday on charges of fraudulently obtaining \$400,000 from the company and failing to report it on his income tax returns.

According to the 14-count indictment, which a Federal grand jury filed in the District Court in Manhattan, Mr. Klock arranged for false and fictitious invoices that caused the company to pay for a wide range of goods and services for his personal use.

The company's money was allegedly used for building a home with a swimming pool for Mr. Klock in Palm Beach, Fla., furnishing and repairing four homes that he maintained in New York and Florida, providing him with two Cadillacs and paying for numerous gifts to his relatives.

Retired as Chief in 1971, Duffy-Mott produces apple juice, apple sauce and other food products.

The indictment said that the alleged scheme to misuse company funds began in 1967 and continued until the end of 1971.

Continued on Page D5

Inmont Says Units Abroad
Made Dubious Payments

By GENE SMITH

The Inmont Corporation said yesterday that its subsidiaries in unidentified foreign countries had made questionable payments totaling approximately \$7 million from Jan. 1, 1971 to date.

The company, which manufactures chemical specialty products, printing inks and coatings and is based in New York, made the disclosure in an amended prospectus for its saving plan filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and dated yesterday.

Inmont said that its board of directors appointed a special committee of seven of its outside members in March to conduct a special investigation into possible political contributions or illegal or improper payments.

The prospectus indicated that the investigation was expected to be completed and a full report submitted to the committee in about 30 days. The final results will then be reported to the S.E.C.

Continued on Page D7

WORLD OIL DEMAND
GROWS, RENEWING
OPEC'S STRENGTH

Upsurge in Market Reflects
West's Economic Pickup
and Drought in Europe

OUTPUT OF CRUDE RISES

Question Arises: How Long
Before Producers Impose
a New Price Increase?

By CLYDE H. FARNSWORTH
Special to The New York Times

PARIS, Aug. 5—The world is moving into a new phase of oil-price politics. Once again, as during the final months of 1973 when prices quadrupled, market power is shifting dramatically to the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries.

The main force behind the strong pickup in demand for OPEC oil is the economic recovery that has been under way over the last six to 12 months in the United States, Western Europe and Japan.

Europe's recent drought, which has caused a shortfall in hydroelectric power, is another factor.

OPEC production figures reflect the higher demand. Production has been rising over year-earlier levels since last February. In the March-May period OPEC production was running at 29 million barrels daily, or 12 percent above the average in the similar three months of 1975.

With more oil in world commerce, the tanker market has also turned more active. Since June long-depressed charter rates for voyages out of the Persian Gulf have risen by 4 percent.

Corporation Affairs

Action Planned to Bar Uniroyal in U.S. Deals

The Federal Department of Labor announced yesterday that it intended to begin proceedings to bar Uniroyal, one of the biggest tire and rubber concerns, from holding existing or future Federal contracts on the ground that the company had failed to provide equal employment opportunities for female and minority workers.

acre tract near Bay City, Texas, which it described as having "excellent potential as a site for a chemical plant."

While citing the site's potential for a chemical plant, R. J. Hughes, Uniroyal's vice president for chemicals and plastics, said that the company had no immediate plans for the property.

Van Dyk-3M Talks Dr. Maxwell Pollack, president of the Van Dyk Research Corporation said yesterday that his company had resumed talks with the Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing Company on a possible merger.

Utility Petition

The Southern California Edison Company said it had petitioned the State Supreme Court to declare illegal a decision by the California Public Utilities Commission last April requiring Edison to refund \$140 million in revenues gained through fuel-cost adjustments.

The commission, by a three-to-two decision, said that the fuel revenues exceeded the actual increase in fuel costs during the last four years and should be refunded over the next three years through further rate adjustments.

Union Carbide Deal

The Union Carbide Corporation announced that it had purchased yesterday a 2.241-

Dollar Up Overseas; Gold Down

BRUSSELS, Aug. 5 (UPI)—The dollar scored a big gain in Paris today and closed higher on most other European money markets except in Milan.

Gold fell on both bullion markets, closing in London at \$112.375 an ounce against \$113.375 and in Zurich at \$112.65 against \$113.35.

On the other exchanges, the dollar closed in Zurich at 2.4775 Swiss francs compared with 2.4733 in Brussels at 40.385 Belgian francs against 40.365 and in Amsterdam at 2.6965 guilders against 2.6945.

Rail Hopper Cars The Burlington Northern Railroad of St. Paul, Minn., said it was spending about \$14 million for 500 new covered-hopper cars to help meet the demand of agricultural producers.

Sun Modernization The Sun Petroleum Products Company of Philadelphia said it will spend \$12 million to modernize its refinery in Corpus Christi, Texas. It said that the improvement was expected to be completed in late 1977.



Rubber being processed in Malaysia. The country is pressing for the signing of a world rubber pact, similar to the one for tin, to stabilize world prices. The agreement would also include a buffer-stock system.

Business in Malaysia Seeking Commodity Price Stabilization

By DAVID A. ANDELMAN, Special to The New York Times

KUALA LUMPUR, Malaysia—Malaysia is pressing a variety of price stabilization schemes for commodities that are its principal sources of national income and the foundation of the nation's future development.

Having recently convinced the tin producers, particularly Bolivia, to approve the fifth world tin agreement, Malaysia is now pressing for the signing later in August of a similar world rubber compact, with a buffer stock system. And in June, it also announced plans to form a palm oil exchange in Kuala Lumpur.

A statistical overview of Malaysia's economy. It includes a map of Southeast Asia with Malaysia highlighted. Key statistics include: Gross National Product 1975 estimate at \$8.6 billion, a 7.1% increase over 1974; Reserves of \$1.74 billion; and a population of 11.9 million.

While this buffer stock is less than 3 percent of the world's annual natural rubber output of some 3.5 million tons, Mr. Hitam pointed out that "rubber is a very sensitive market."

Earlier this year a major snag in Malaysia's expanding oil palm industry developed when United States soybean producers began demanding a quota or tariff on palm oil which they claimed was undercutting the price of domestic soybean oil.

Amtrak Fare Cut Set Amtrak announced that it would sharply reduce its special excursion fares for unlimited train travel beginning Sept. 5. The rail corporation said that with the reductions, its 14-day USA-Rail pass will cost \$165, compared with the present \$250 rate.

Skelly Oil in Pact The Skelly Oil Company of Tulsa, Okla., said it had signed a nine-year agreement with the Alabama Power Company to supply it with a minimum of 3.6 million pounds of uranium oxide, beginning in 1979.

Amex Prices Dip as Volume Eases; NASDAQ Off 0.28 Volume dwindled and so did the market value index on the American Stock Exchange yesterday, after two sessions of higher prices.

Trading remained suspended for the second day in Ryserson & Haynes shares pending an announcement by the company. Late yesterday it said that its two major lenders had verbally agreed to extend the debt requirements.

Options contracts traded on the Chicago Board Options Exchange totaled 57,029 yesterday, down sharply from 81,234 the previous day. On the Amex volume was 18,390, compared with 28,944.

Basic Money Supply Drops; Loans

By TERRY ROBARDS

The nation's basic money supply declined sharply in the latest statement week and business loans at leading New York City banks moved up in one of their rare increases so far this year.

The Fed said that M-1, or currency in circulation plus checking account balances, had dropped \$1.2 billion to an average of \$304.8 billion in the week ended July 28.

Meanwhile, commercial and industrial loans at New York's biggest banks edged upward by \$34 million in one of their eight increases out of 31 weeks so far in 1976.

Since midyear, business loans have declined \$913 million and in the last 12 months they are down \$5.69 billion.

The central bank also reported that commercial paper, representing an alternate form of business borrowing, fell \$291 million in the week ended July 23.

The Fed has been trying to maintain growth rates in the money supply, meanwhile, that will encourage economic growth while discouraging inflation.

M-1's growth rate, on a seasonally adjusted annual rate basis, has amounted to 4 percent in the latest statistical quarter year, or 13 weeks.

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The number three producer, the Kaiser Aluminum and Chemical Corporation, said late yesterday that it would be doing nothing to say at this time regarding pricing.

In making its price announcement yesterday, Reynolds said the increases were justified from the standpoint of continually rising costs and persistently unsatisfactory margins over recent years.

The company noted that its tonnage shipments of aluminum in the first six months had run 40 percent higher than last year ago, and it was now operating at close to 90 percent of its primary capacity.

The Formica Corporation, a subsidiary of the American Cyanamid Company announced yesterday an increase of 8 percent on its base panel prices.

The Federal Reserve State Reserve Report Reserve Report in Billions

Table showing Reserve Report in Billions. Columns include Category, Last Week, and Year Ago. Rows include All Credit, Monetary Base, Reserves Available, Total Reserves, and Business Loans.

Higher Prime Donald C. Platt of the Chemical Bank said in an interview that the rate was likely to rise 8 percent by the end of the year.

At the same time, a modest fall in the rate is expected later this year, upward pressure rates. Most bank forecasts when it comes to the rate of interest.

The New York Fed's weekly resume of short-term interest rates in general, however, showed a series of declines. The rates on three-month Treasury bills, 90-day to 119-day

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\$7.6 Billion Sale of 1 Is Made by U.S. Tr

Continued from Page D1 New Bonds The Fed has been trying to maintain growth rates in the money supply, meanwhile, that will encourage economic growth while discouraging inflation.

Simon Comments In commenting on the note sale William E. Simon, Secretary of the Treasury, stated that "a critical element of debt management policy must be to insure that the Treasury's financing activities are consistent with the objective of stable, properly functioning financial markets."

Reynolds Metals Raises Prices for The Reynolds Metals Company decided yesterday to follow the nation's top aluminum producer, the Aluminum Company of America, in raising its prices for primary unalloyed aluminum ingot by 4 cents to 48 cents a pound.

Price new pricing became effective yesterday, while Reynolds will cover all new orders as of today.

Like Alcoa, Reynolds, the nation's number two aluminum maker, said that appropriate price increases would also be made on alloyed ingot and extrusion ingot, while prices of mill products and fabricated products are being reviewed and customers will be notified of increases on many of those products as well.

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Market Place

Pros and Cons of Dual Listing

By ROBERT METZ

On Aug. 23, shares of Inc., a Garwood, Tex. electronics manufacturer, will be listed on the New York Stock Exchange while retaining its current listing on the American Stock Exchange.

Other ramifications of this Big Board-Amex listing, a veteran market observer says will be the first in a series of considerable. It is expected to foster competition between the nation's strongest securities exchanges.

Yesterday, the American Exchange membership overwhelmingly approved to permit dual listing of the Big Board set in machinery to bring a vote on the issue in September.

The two exchanges, the New York Stock Exchange, would appear to have just to gain by dual listing since the biggest commissions have traditionally left Amex for the prestige of the Big Board listing as soon as they have become qualified to do so.

Amex spokesman said in response to a question yesterday that about half the companies that are to become listed on the Big Board had been approved and asked to maintain a dual listing. This cost the average company about \$3,500 a year in fees.

Yesterday, the Buttes Gas & Oil Company, which had urged by its Amex specialist, Andrew Segal of Segal Inc., to gain a dual listing, said Buttes would drop its listing when its shares are trading on the Big Board next week.

Mr. Segal, who has been outspoken advocate of listing, said yesterday the competition he had posed for the New York Stock Exchange specialist had led to a better deal for Buttes investors.

He argued that attempts to force two specialists to compete for the same stocks on the New York Stock Exchange have not proved successful. What happens, he said, is that a stronger specialist buys a weaker one.

He is not going to be a specialist if one specialist is next to another. The Big Board specialist competition from me—I have the expertise to do it seems to me that would serve the public," he said.

Mr. Segal, who was co-chairman of the Amex Board of Directors, said that Amex had moved to the New York Stock Exchange and sometimes found they were lost in the crowd. If the Big Board specialists loaded up on the major companies in the deals, he may not

have enough capital to take the necessary positions in the new and usually smaller listings.

It is understood that Weiss, Pack & Greer, Big Board specialists, are the leading candidate to handle Buttes Gas. Among that firm's stocks are Air Products and Chemicals, the Dow Chemical Company, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Marshall Field & Company, Reliance Group and the Southern California Edison Company.

Other observers felt that a dual listing would unnecessarily complicate life for the brokerage houses. Ninety percent or more of the Big Board members are also members of the Amex.

But if the brokers were forced to try a specialist on both the American Stock Exchange and the Big Board before executing an order, the price might move away from the customer in the interim.

Another critic of the idea felt that it was coming too soon. He agreed to speak if not identified.

"By forcing it at this moment it is difficult to give the idea a fair chance. There is no adequate machinery so that an order can be introduced simultaneously in both markets," he said.

On the other hand, another observer commented that if there were two specialists—one Big Board and one Amex—and one of the two was not doing a good job, the word would get around quickly.

At that point the better specialist would begin to get the business and the other would either improve or lose out.

Simon Chain Is Reported Up for Sale

Continued from Page D1

even with last year's sales, a survey showed.

While most results continued to be up over last year, a dozen of the nation's largest retail chains yesterday reported smaller sales gains in July than they had in earlier months of the year. Several, however, had declines from last year. The results ranged from a 4.2 percent reduction at Vornado Inc., which operates the Two Guys chain, to an increase of 24.3 percent at the S-S. Kresge Company, operator of the K Mart discount stores.

Sears, Roebuck & Company, the country's largest retailer, had a 5.5 percent sales gain in July, with volume totaling \$1.18 billion compared with \$1.12 billion in July 1975. In 26 weeks, sales rose 8.4 percent to \$7.3 billion from \$6.7 billion.

Closings Hurt Sales

While in New York several store openings on July 5, the official Independence Day, helped the month's decline from being larger, Sears's chairman, Arthur M. Wood, said yesterday that Sears's closings that day adversely affected the month's sales total.

The S. S. Kresge Company said its July sales rose to \$777 million from \$464 million while sales in 26 weeks were up 22 percent to \$3.67 billion from \$3.01 billion.

The J. C. Penney Company had a 6.1 percent higher sales in July, with volume reaching \$563 million up from \$529 million in the corresponding 1975 month.

The F. W. Woolworth Company reported 13.5 percent higher sales in July to a total of \$353 million up from \$311 million the year before.



Entrance to Franklin Simon on 34th Street off Fifth Avenue. Chain is reportedly for sale.

O.E.C.D. Sees New Business Investment Boom in U.S.

Special to The New York Times

PARIS, Aug. 5—The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development said today that financial conditions were favorable for a new business investment "boom" in the United States, which should help power continuation of significant output and employment growth over the next 12 months.

The O.E.C.D., an economic monitoring agency of Western nations, said in its annual review of the American economy that the recovery over the last year had been stronger than it expected and provided assistance to other countries struggling to get out of the worst postwar recession.

A major contributing factor in the recovery, it said, was President Ford's tax cut last spring, which raised income of businesses and households by about 2 percent.

The O.E.C.D. secretary once a year examines the economies of the 24 member nations, embracing the bulk of the non-Communist industrialized world. Its report on the United States was approved by a special review committee last month and published today.

Criticisms in Review

The conclusions are followed with more than usual interest because of the American position as a market for other countries' exports and as an influence on world price levels. Overall, the American economy is half as big as that of the entire O.E.C.D. area.

While giving generally good grades to Washington economic managers, the review was not without its criticisms.

The O.E.C.D. experts said that although the United States continued to press internationally for further trade liberalization, and had rejected requests for protection from a number of domestic industries, it had nevertheless taken protectionist measures in a few specific cases.

"Even though their scope is small, an important question of principle is involved," the O.E.C.D. declared. Among other things, the United States has now threatened to raise customs duties on imports of French cognac because the European Economic Community will not permit entry of more American chickens. A battle over chicken quotas broke out between the United States and the Common Market during the last decade.

The O.E.C.D. was also critical of what it said was American inaction on energy. "Although a comprehensive energy program was proposed by the Administration in January 1975, progress toward enacting the program has been very slow, and there are strong doubts about the effectiveness of what has so far been implemented," the study said.

The report spoke of the "disappointment" of other countries to the slow American progress toward ratifying an agreement to set up what has been known as the O.E.C.D. safety net. This is a fund that would lend money to Western countries having difficulty paying their oil bills. The O.E.C.D.

decided upon the fund last year.

To support the conclusion about an investment boom, the O.E.C.D. economic staff noted that as a result of rapidly rising profits and other more technical factors the self-financing ratio of corporations rose "rather spectacularly" until the third quarter of last year, matching the record rate of the mid-1960s.

And since then, it added, the ratio has shown little tendency to decline. Meanwhile, the lending potential of the banks has also increased. In other words, with plenty of money available and robust economic activity, companies should be induced to plow more into plant and equipment.

The O.E.C.D. said the Administration's main objective in the immediate future was "to insure continued progress with respect to both employment and inflation, although this progress toward ratifying an agreement to set up what has been known as the O.E.C.D. safety net. This is a fund that would lend money to Western countries having difficulty paying their oil bills. The O.E.C.D.

which has characterized many previous cyclical episodes." In the 12 months to midyear 1976, the O.E.C.D. said the total output of goods and services in the United States, after inflation may have risen by more than 7 percent, against the initial O.E.C.D. forecast of around 5 percent.

"A steady rise of real G.N.P. at an annual rate of around 6 percent is expected to continue" at least through the summer of 1977, the report added.

The assessment is roughly in line with that of the Administration in Washington. The O.E.C.D. is less sanguine in its discussion of inflation where it sees some acceleration in coming months because food and energy prices are turning up again.

"But in the absence of a sharp upsurge in commodity prices, inflation should remain well below last year's rate," the report said.

In its analysis of the collective bargaining situation, the O.E.C.D. noted that between the fourth quarter of 1973 and the first quarter of 1975 there had been a decline in real compensation per employee of almost 6 percent.

Sohio Unit Seeks Notes To Cover Pipeline Costs

By VARTANIG G. VARTAN

The Standard Oil Company (Ohio) said yesterday that negotiations had begun for a private placement of as much as \$500 million to help finance increased costs in the trans-Alaska pipeline project.

The prospective borrower is Sohio/B. P. Trans Alaska Pipeline Capital Inc., which is 68 percent owned by Sohio interests and 32 percent owned by a subsidiary of the British Petroleum Company.

Together, these interests own 49.16 percent of the Trans Alaska Pipeline System, which is scheduled to start flowing oil to the United States at the rate of 600,000 barrels daily by next July.

In a private placement, as contrasted with a public financing, institutional buyers commit themselves to securities that never trade on the public market. This financing route increasingly is being used by corporations.

Last November, a private financing of \$1.75 billion—the largest private placement in Wall Street annals—was completed with Sohio/B. P. as the borrower.

At that time, 76 institutional lenders, led by the Prudential Insurance Company with a purchase of \$250 million that was a key element in the financing, committed themselves to buy 10 1/2 percent notes due in 1993 and 1998.

More than a dozen other large insurance companies were among the leaders, along with public pension funds. The trust departments of several top New York banks also bought the notes for pension and profit-sharing funds under their management.

It is this same group of lenders that Sohio/B.P. will tap for more money—it hopes for the entire amount it seeks—in the new offering already commenced in the private placement market.

The notes in this offering are believed to carry the same maturities as those in last November's blockbuster. However, the rate is expected to be below 10 1/2 percent, but how much lower is not known.

In both private placements, the agent assembling the deal has been the investment banking firm of Morgan Stanley & Company.

Yesterday, in Cleveland, Sohio said that because of higher forecasted costs a proposal is being made to the present private note holders to modify certain covenants, or agreements, applicable to Sohio which happens to be the original oil company started by John D. Rockefeller.

One of these proposed modifications would increase the level of permitted borrowings written into the original placement agreement to develop and bring to market Sohio's North Slope production in Alaska.

Recently, Alyeska Pipeline Service Company, builder of the pipeline system, said that cost estimates had increased by 10 percent, to \$7.7 billion, which will include \$55 million for correcting faulty welds. Furthermore, Sohio said yesterday that the cost estimate for developing the western portion of the Prudhoe Bay field on the North Slope had risen by approximately \$350 million since late 1975.

OPEC Insists West Pay 60% of Food Fund's Goal

VIENNA, Aug. 5 (AP)—The

finance ministers of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries met today to discuss aid to developing countries against a background of controversy with Western industrialized nations over how much aid should be given.

OPEC said it was prepared to give \$400 million to the International Fund for Agricultural Development in Rome if the West would pay the remaining \$600 million to meet the goal of \$1 billion.

An OPEC spokesman, Hamid Zaheri, said this division of the fund was "quite fair." He said OPEC countries so far had donated 2 to 3 percent of their gross national product to development aid while the West's share had been only 1 percent.

The industrial countries, Mr. Zaheri said, have so far pledged \$530 million to the fund. Mr. Zaheri added that he did not think OPEC would make up the \$70 million gap.

Iran's Finance Minister, Mahammed Yehaneh, told newsmen at the heavily guarded meeting that OPEC would not pay the \$400 million to the fund if the West failed to come up with \$600 million. He said the OPEC contribution was conditional on the West's meeting its quota.

If the fund fails to reach the goal of \$1 billion, it could not legally go into operation unless the goal is lowered.

OPEC's contribution to the fund would be half of the \$900 million the oil cartel has pledged to contribute to developing countries. The other \$400 million is to be given directly by OPEC to needy countries in the form of long-term, interest-free loans.

The \$800 million was set aside for 1976 by the OPEC finance ministers at their meeting in Paris last January. The current meeting was called to put finishing touches on this project. Oil prices were not discussed.

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Notice of Exchange Offer to Holders of
4 1/2% Convertible Subordinated Debentures due 1992 of
Cooper Laboratories, Inc.

Cooper Laboratories, Inc. ("Cooper") is offering to the holders of its 4 1/2% Convertible Subordinated Debentures due 1992 ("Old Debentures"), subject to the terms and conditions contained in the Prospectus dated August 5, 1976, to exchange 10 1/2% Subordinated Debentures due 1992 ("New Debentures") of Cooper for Old Debentures in the ratio of

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Subject to the terms and conditions of the Exchange Offer, Cooper is obligated to accept all Old Debentures validly tendered prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer. All tenders are irrevocable.

As more fully described in the Prospectus, the Old Debentures are convertible into Common Stock of Cooper currently at a conversion price of \$39.00 per share. The New Debentures will not be convertible.

Holders of Old Debentures who wish to tender should follow the procedures set forth in the Prospectus and Letter of Transmittal. Copies of the Prospectus and Letter of Transmittal may be obtained from the Exchange Agent, as well as from White, Weld & Co. Incorporated or other qualified dealers, or from Georgeson & Co.

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United States Trust Company of New York
Corporate Trust and Agency Services
Twentieth Floor
130 John Street
New York, New York 10038

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Recovery Is Viewed By Salomon Partner

Henry Kaufman, general partner of Salomon Brothers, declared yesterday that the current economic recovery in the United States had a long way to go before it began to wane. "The recovery," he told a meeting of the School for Bank Administration at the University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wis., "will not terminate in 1978 as some have concluded."



Henry Kaufman

Mr. Kaufman suggested that business strategy was now marked by a "new conservatism" and that a number of forces were now exerting favorable influences on the economy. Among the forces cited by the Wall Street economist were: improved household and institutional liquidity and the anti-inflationary posture of the Federal Reserve.

"The seeds of economic contraction," said Mr. Kaufman, "are sown when business and credit standards are aggressively liberalized, when a speculative froth seizes imaginations and when confidence in the future runs extremely high. This is not the situation today. The new forces affecting business and finance are going to keep us in the right direction for a long time although eventually human

frailties will again assert themselves."

Plans for a "global payments union" for developing countries will be discussed later this month at a meeting of nonaligned states at Colombo, Sri Lanka. Razak Abdel-Meguib, Egyptian deputy minister of planning, said yesterday at a news conference in Geneva. Designed to help developing countries develop and finance their own trade, the plan was prepared by Mr. Abdel-Meguib who viewed the proposed payments union as a means of reducing the dependence of developing countries on "hard currencies" to meet their needs for imported products.

Mr. Abdel-Meguib said the project would cut the payments deficit of the developing countries that otherwise, he added, would rise from the \$40 billion recorded last year to more than \$110 billion by 1980.

Under this plan a central institution would be established to pinpoint potentially profitable trade flows between developing countries. The central institution would include a clearing-house arrangement to facilitate financing of this trade, including the provision of short-term credit.

During the course of oral arguments in Washington yesterday a Federal appeals judge suggested that a \$1.5 billion increase in natural gas prices—authorized by the Federal Power Commission on July 27—be permitted to go into immediate effect with producers required to make refunds if the increase is subsequently reduced by the F.P.C. The suggestion was made by Judge Harold Leventhal but the appeals court adjourned without deciding what action to take on the current order blocking imposition of the increase.

DOUGLAS W. CRAV

2 Exchanges Are Nearer Dual Listing

Continued from Page D1

A Garland, Tex., electronics producer, would be permitted to trade on a dual basis in anticipation of the repeal of the Big Board restriction in September.

In a related matter, William M. Batten, chairman and chief executive officer of the New York Stock Exchange, made public a letter he is sending to companies listed on the exchange.

In the letter, Mr. Batten voices the exchange's opposition to "in-house crossing" upon which the Securities and Exchange Commission is seeking comment.

In-house crossing would permit a broker to match and execute customers' buy and sell orders in his own office and without exposing the orders to existing public bids and offers on the floor of the exchange.

Mr. Batten pointed out that the exchange's rules do not permit the practice and argued that a change in the rules "could disadvantage listed corporations."

He argued that a "proliferation" of transactions to brokers' offices could have an "accumulating damaging impact" on the securities pricing mechanism—"making it difficult for corporate officers and shareholders to obtain a continuously accurate picture of price movements in their stocks."

He said these prices could vary from one broker's office to the next—"depending upon each broker's particular relationship with each customer"—and that it would become difficult for a corporation to know if different closing prices reflected supply and demand.

Store Sales Advance
Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5—The Department of Commerce reported today that department store sales last week were an estimated \$1.10 billion up 8 percent from the year-earlier \$1.02 billion. Total retail store sales were about \$12.52 billion, up 11 percent from last year's \$11.29 billion.

Stock Market Indicators

THURSDAY, AUGUST 5, 1976

N.Y.S.E. Index				S&P Index				Consolidated Trading for N.Y.S.E. Issues							
High	Low	Close	Chg.	High	Low	Close	Chg.	Volume	High	Low	Close	Chg.			
117.71	115.91	116.29	+0.38	143.20	142.25	143.10	+0.85	1,234,000	117.71	115.91	116.29	+0.38			
Up-Down Volume				Amex Index				O.T.C. Most Active							
Advances	Declines	Unchanged	Not Reported	High	Low	Close	Chg.	Name	Volume	High	Low	Close			
4,065	2,508	7,543	684	102.51	102.59	102.59	+0.08	Medtronic	142,000	25.50	25.00	25.50			
Odd Lot Trading				NASDAQ Index				O.T.C. Market Diary							
Partitions of 145,101 shares; sales of 514,148 shares including 783 shares sold short.				Index				Name							
The Dow Jones Stock Averages				Index				Name							
30 Industrials				117.71				117.71				117.71			
15 Utilities				102.51				102.51				102.51			
45 Stocks				217.87				217.87				217.87			

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*This represents the net annual interest income, after annual expenses, divided by the public offering price. It varies with changes in either amount. Public Offering Price Per Unit at August 5, 1976.

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This announcement is under no circumstances to be construed as an offer to sell or as a solicitation of an offer to buy any of these securities. The offering is made only by the Prospectus. Copies of the Prospectus may be obtained in any State in which this announcement is circulated from only such of the undersigned or other dealers or brokers as may lawfully offer these securities in such State.

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 - Reynolds Securities Inc.
120 Broadway, New York 10005
Tel: (212) 556-6894
 - Additional Underwriters
 - Shearson Hayden Stone Inc.
767 Fifth Avenue, New York 10022
Tel: (212) 350-0781
 - White, Weld & Co.
Incorporated
One Liberty Plaza
91 Liberty St., New York 10006
Tel: (212) 285-3762

Consolidated Trading for N.Y.S.E. Is

1976 Stocks and Div. Sales				1975 Stocks and Div. Sales			
High	Low	Close	Chg.	High	Low	Close	Chg.
117.71	115.91	116.29	+0.38	117.71	115.91	116.29	+0.38
NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE COMPOSITE INDEX				NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE VOLUME			
Year to Date				12-MONTH TREND			
15,533,700				15,533,700			
3,396,277				3,396,277			

1976 Stocks and Div. Sales				1975 Stocks and Div. Sales			
High	Low	Close	Chg.	High	Low	Close	Chg.
117.71	115.91	116.29	+0.38	117.71	115.91	116.29	+0.38
NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE COMPOSITE INDEX				NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE VOLUME			
Year to Date				12-MONTH TREND			
15,533,700				15,533,700			
3,396,277				3,396,277			





Associated Press, United Press International
The shutdowns have come about because of miners' impatience with grievance procedures. A program started jointly by the Bituminous Coal Operators Association, by Joseph P. Brennan, left, and the United Mine Workers, headed by Arnold R. Miller, in cooperation with James F. Searce, the director of the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, seeks to train miners to use the grievance machinery that has brought stable relations to other American industries.

The Labor Scene

Line Workers and the Grievance Process

A. H. RASKIN

The nation's coal miners have spent 24 days in a strike, and are now promising to push for benefits by vote of the delay from rank-and-file to the absence of a clause empowering a strike whenever satisfaction is not being set.

The principal problem has been the tendency of lower level officials on both sides to pass disputes on to corporate and union headquarters for disposition, with the result that grievances susceptible of ready resolution at the pit are blown into formal arbitration proceedings, expensive in time and money and frustrating to the impatient miners.

The training program, started on a minute scale a year ago, has had an enthusiastic reception by all sections of the sharply divided union and by the coal companies.

The demand for Federal mediators to train the trainers in both camps has been so brisk that Mr. Searce and two aides, William P. Fogarty and John J. Fogarty, appealed to President Ford's Energy Resources Council this week for supplementary funds to help underwrite the courses.

One union district has established a \$200,000 budget of its own to pay for lost wages and to meet the travel expenses of its enrollees.

Mr. Miller, the union president, calls the program "long overdue and badly needed" and says he is well pleased with its early results. His chief internal critic, Mike Tribovich, the U.M.W. vice president, is equally enthusiastic though he is not sanguine that the current wildcat strike will be the last such eruption.

For the mine operators, the program represents—in the words of the president of the Bituminous Coal Operators Association, Joseph P. Brennan—a road away from anarchy, a way to bury the "anything goes" antagonisms traditional in the mines.

A less hopeful note is the probability that delegates to the U.M.W. convention opening in Cincinnati on Sept. 23 will be urged by many locals to mandate inclusion in the next contract, in December 1977, of a clause giving locals the right to strike over grievances.

Mr. Tribovich, who fought side by side with Mr. Miller against the old dictatorial regime in the mine union but who is now an implacable foe, says he is convinced that the number of strikes would be cut in half if the only basis for shutting down a mine was a secret ballot among all local members.

The anti-Miller forces are not likely to stop with a demand for authorization of local strikes, a demand the operators can be expected to resist even if it means a crippling nationwide tie-up at the end of next year.

According to Mr. Tribovich, those who share his belief that it is time for a change in the U.M.W. high command will seek to win convention approval of a motion to retire Mr. Miller by paying him his full salary for the unexpired part of his five-year term.

However, any such ouster maneuver would be illegal, in the view of Joseph L. Rauh Jr., the Washington lawyer, who represented Mr. Miller, Mr. Tribovich and the other insurgents in the successful lawsuit that upset a rigged union election and paved the way for the 1972 Government-supervised referendum that installed them in office.

A Federal court order guarantees a five-year term, expiring in December of next year, for all the incumbents, Mr. Rauh says.

The chaos in the coal fields and the prospect of bitter wrangling at the convention have provided much ammunition for establishment-minded unionists not only in the U.M.W. but in labor generally.

Specifically, the woes besetting Mr. Miller and the ardent support given him by such long-time crusaders for increased union democracy as Mr. Rauh are certain to be used against insurgents in the mine union's giant offshoot, the 1.4-million-member United Steelworkers.

Edward Sadowski, director of that union's big Chicago-Gary district, who won election two years ago after Mr. Rauh had helped him void a stacked initial vote, is planning to run against two pro-administration presidential candidates in the steel union's quadrennial election next February.

Mr. Rauh acknowledged certainty that the Miller parallel would be used as an argument against the Sadowski candidacy but he was no less certain that it would not prove controlling.

"If Ed Sadowski can't be elected on the record he has made in the steel union's biggest United States district, Walter Reuther [the late president of the United Auto Workers] couldn't have made it either," Mr. Rauh said. "Ed Sadowski is the best thing that's happened in labor since Reuther."

Oil Demand Is Renewing OPEC Role

Continued from Page D 1

bia refused to compromise. Using the same threat, it imposed on OPEC an extension of a nine-month price freeze.

Although Saudi Arabia's influence in oil pricing so far has been applied in the direction of moderation, there are doubts as to how long such policies, which are unpopular with many OPEC members and strain its unity, will continue.

"Saudi Arabia is more likely to be allowing real oil prices to rise gradually by 1980 and more quickly during the late 1980's," Mr. Levy commented.

Although its oil reserves are as great as those of all the other OPEC nations together, Saudi Arabia is already producing oil at near its self-imposed production limit of 8.8 million barrels daily. This is nearly three times more than is needed to cover its external obligations.

Last year Saudi Arabia recorded an impressive surplus of \$17.5 billion—petrodollars that for the most part were invested in Western markets.

Erosion of Prices

Even though Saudi Arabia doesn't need the income, the erosion of oil prices since January 1975 has made it increasingly difficult for the country to justify using its vast oil reserves to hold down prices.

For one thing, the 13 OPEC nations, taken as a whole, went into deficit in their balance of payments in the first quarter of this year, according to figures just released by the International Monetary Fund.

Despite the surpluses of countries with relatively small populations, such as Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Libya, the overall deficit in the bloc was \$277 million in the first quarter of this year, in contrast to surpluses of \$4.64 billion to last year's fourth quarter, and \$3.47 billion in this year's first quarter.

Because of their vast needs for capital, most OPEC members have now become borrowers in international financial markets. Venezuela and Qatar are among the latest reported to be seeking credits.

Influenced by Talks

The politics of oil pricing has been further influenced by the conference on international economic cooperation—the dialogue in which developed and developing countries are discussing ways to improve world economic structures.

Western nations entered the dialogue mainly in hopes of getting more orderly arrangements for oil prices and supplies.

Had they taken radical oil-pricing moves, the oil nations, as part of the third world, would have risked ruining chances for agreements on points sought by nonoil-producing developing countries—points such as commodity stabilization and debt rescheduling.

The conference is now deadlocked. The West so far has been unwilling to make the kind of concessions demanded of it by the third world, especially on the debt issue. But diplomatic activity continues in an effort to determine whether the conference will resume in the fall.

It is uncertain what impact all this will have on future price policies.

Gains in Nonoil Bloc

But one thing seems clear. If reviving economic growth improves conditions in Western nations and if commodities continue their rising price trends, helping the developing countries that produce them, then the oil producers will be the only major group left out.

Citibank sees the trade balance of nonoil developing countries improving this year by some \$6 billion and by a further \$6 billion in 1977.

New oil reserves are being developed outside the OPEC area—in Alaska, the North Sea and more recently, India. But such specialists as Charles A. Heller, a petroleum economist, expect it will take five to 10 years before any of this activity begins having an effect on the oil market.

Duffy-Mott Ex-President Indicted by a U.S. Jury

Continued from Page D 1

trying to persuade the grand jury to give false testimony to Internal Revenue Service.

Mr. Klock, who was indicted on each charge and a maximum total of \$70,000.

Mr. Schattan, the who presented the grand jury, said the charge in the indictment against Mr. Klock more than \$90,000 in income from a company in addition to the \$100,000 allegedly obtained by Duffy-Mott.

The key charge against Mr. Klock, who was earning about \$100,000 a year, alleged that he arranged to prepare "false" invoices, causing Duffy-Mott to issue checks that he used for cooperation.

A statement issued yesterday by American Brands said that any losses suffered by Duffy-Mott were covered by insurance.

Exchange
Thursday's closing prices of stocks and bonds at 3:30 p.m.

Goldman Sachs
Investment Banking
55 Broad St., New York

SPERRY
SPERRY RAND CORPORATION

Oil Demand Is Renewing OPEC Role

Continued from Page D 1

bia refused to compromise. Using the same threat, it imposed on OPEC an extension of a nine-month price freeze.

Although Saudi Arabia's influence in oil pricing so far has been applied in the direction of moderation, there are doubts as to how long such policies, which are unpopular with many OPEC members and strain its unity, will continue.

"Saudi Arabia is more likely to be allowing real oil prices to rise gradually by 1980 and more quickly during the late 1980's," Mr. Levy commented.

Although its oil reserves are as great as those of all the other OPEC nations together, Saudi Arabia is already producing oil at near its self-imposed production limit of 8.8 million barrels daily. This is nearly three times more than is needed to cover its external obligations.

Last year Saudi Arabia recorded an impressive surplus of \$17.5 billion—petrodollars that for the most part were invested in Western markets.

Erosion of Prices

Even though Saudi Arabia doesn't need the income, the erosion of oil prices since January 1975 has made it increasingly difficult for the country to justify using its vast oil reserves to hold down prices.

For one thing, the 13 OPEC nations, taken as a whole, went into deficit in their balance of payments in the first quarter of this year, according to figures just released by the International Monetary Fund.

Despite the surpluses of countries with relatively small populations, such as Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Libya, the overall deficit in the bloc was \$277 million in the first quarter of this year, in contrast to surpluses of \$4.64 billion to last year's fourth quarter, and \$3.47 billion in this year's first quarter.

Because of their vast needs for capital, most OPEC members have now become borrowers in international financial markets. Venezuela and Qatar are among the latest reported to be seeking credits.

Influenced by Talks

The politics of oil pricing has been further influenced by the conference on international economic cooperation—the dialogue in which developed and developing countries are discussing ways to improve world economic structures.

Western nations entered the dialogue mainly in hopes of getting more orderly arrangements for oil prices and supplies.

Had they taken radical oil-pricing moves, the oil nations, as part of the third world, would have risked ruining chances for agreements on points sought by nonoil-producing developing countries—points such as commodity stabilization and debt rescheduling.

The conference is now deadlocked. The West so far has been unwilling to make the kind of concessions demanded of it by the third world, especially on the debt issue. But diplomatic activity continues in an effort to determine whether the conference will resume in the fall.

It is uncertain what impact all this will have on future price policies.

Gains in Nonoil Bloc

But one thing seems clear. If reviving economic growth improves conditions in Western nations and if commodities continue their rising price trends, helping the developing countries that produce them, then the oil producers will be the only major group left out.

Citibank sees the trade balance of nonoil developing countries improving this year by some \$6 billion and by a further \$6 billion in 1977.

New oil reserves are being developed outside the OPEC area—in Alaska, the North Sea and more recently, India. But such specialists as Charles A. Heller, a petroleum economist, expect it will take five to 10 years before any of this activity begins having an effect on the oil market.

الاصحاح الثاني

This announcement is neither an offer to sell nor a solicitation of an offer to buy these securities. The offer is made only by the Prospectus.

NEW ISSUE

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- Shields Model Roland Securities Incorporated
- William D. Witter, Inc.
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- Spencer Trask & Co. Incorporated
- UBS-DB Corporation
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- Baker, Weeks & Co., Inc.
- Dominion Securities Harris & Partners Inc.
- The Nikko Securities Co. International, Inc.
- Pictet International Limited
- Wood Gundy Incorporated
- Bruns, Nordeman, Rea & Co.
- Elkins, Stroud, Suplee & Co.
- Moore & Schley, Cameron & Co.
- New Japan Securities International Inc.
- Richardson Securities, Inc.
- First Harlem Securities Corporation
- Hamerslag, Kempner & Marks
- Ross Stebbins Schellbach, Inc.

August 6, 1976

Consolidated Trading for New York Stock Exchange Issues

Main table containing stock market data with columns for Stock and Div. Sales, High/Low, P/E, and various market indicators. Includes sub-sections like 'Continued From Page D 4' and 'Sales Figures are Official'.

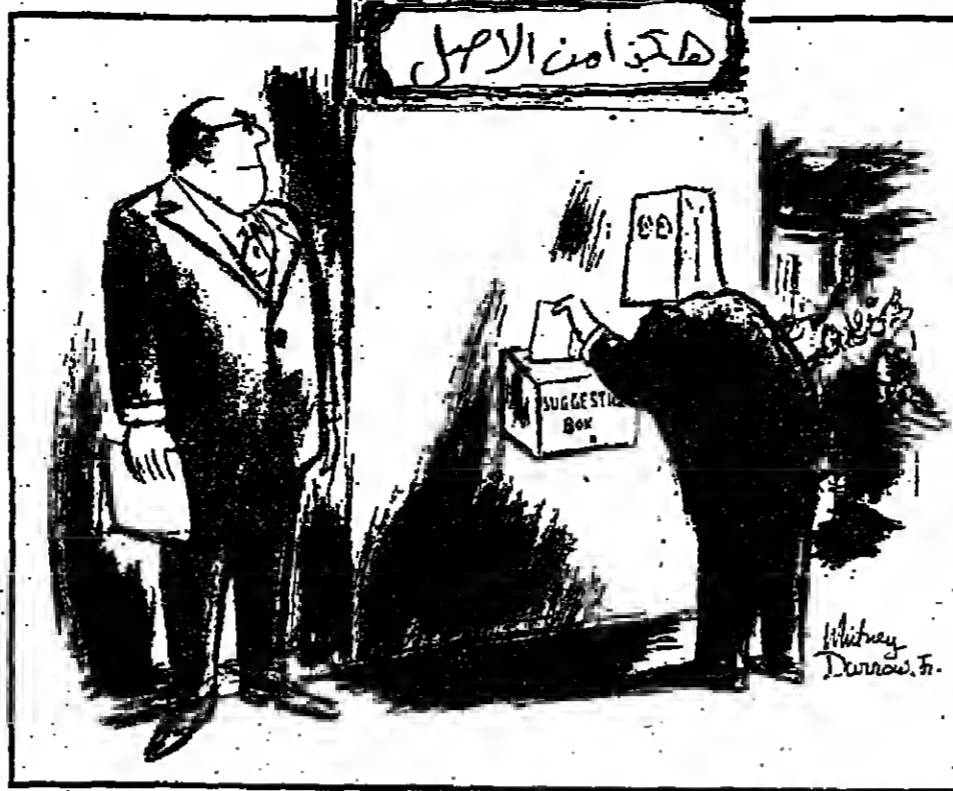
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دکتران الاجل

Management

Continued from Page D1
manager of employee
ational programs at
well Inc. "If your maxi-
is \$10 or \$10,000, you'll
e same number of sub-

them during and shortly after
World War II. Mass produc-
tion industries, where ma-
terial and operating savings
can be compounded, have
been, and still are, the great-
est beneficiaries of these
systems.



Drawing by Whitely Darrow Jr., ©1972, The New Yorker Magazine Inc.

Companies Report Sales and Earnings

Table with multiple columns listing company names (e.g., AMERICAN ELECTRIC CORP., ALUMINA INDUSTRIES INC., AMERICAN AIRLINES INC.) and their financial data for 1976 and 1975, including sales, net income, and earnings per share.

quately rewarded for a
suggestion they made. As a
result of this action, which is
still in litigation, United sus-
pended its entire plan last
November.

The most effective systems
state specifically in booklets
or other employee literature
all of the rules. These details
include how the award will
be computed (17 percent of
the savings is the national
average), what the minimum

and maximum payouts will
be (many companies start at
about \$20 and go up to be-
tween \$5,000 and \$10,000)
and whether the estimated
cost savings in the second
and future years will also
be rewarded.

Since suggestion systems
are usually not an aspect of
collective bargaining, corpo-
rations can normally estab-
lish or amend them at will
and establish any evaluation
criteria. There has been little,
if any, union opposition to
suggestion plans, and some
companies place a union
member on the suggestion
committee to obtain better
worker identification with
the concept.

"Suggestion systems are a
barometer of employees' at-
titudes toward the company,"
said the suggestion ad-
ministrator of a large cor-
poration. "If they know that
ideas will not go on a direct
line to the incinerator, they'll
participate more and every-
one will benefit."

Tradition Maintained On Corporate Boards

Despite the highly pub-
licized elections of women,
minorities and educators to

Units Cited By Inmont In Payouts

Continued From Page 43

total sales related to the \$7 mil-
lion payments amounted to
"approximately \$150 million—
approximately 27 percent of
the sales of subsidiaries in for-
eign countries and approxi-
mately 7.5 percent of the
company's consolidated sales,
which exceeded \$2 billion in
the five years."

Inmont acknowledged in the
respectus that "certain
present and former officers and
directors had information—
varying from quite limited to
fairly extensive—concerning
ertain of those questionable
payments" but that steps have
been taken to prevent all im-
proper payments in the future.
It added:

"Management believes that
all such payments have been
stopped... [and] that termi-
nation of payments will not
have a material adverse effect
on the company's financial
position or future earnings."

Tax Factors Weighed
The company added that it
did not believe any United
States tax deficiency would re-
sult from the payments and the
foreign tax liabilities were
being studied but no foreign
tax deficiencies were expected
either.

Although it did not identify
the countries where payments
were made, Inmont's annual re-
port showed that principal
foreign offices of the company and
its subsidiaries are in Canada,
Brazil, Britain, France, West
Germany, Hong Kong, Italy,
Japan, Malaysia, Mexico, the
Philippines, Singapore, South
Africa and Venezuela.

The committee's makeup was
not disclosed. The Inmont board
has 12 members. William R.
Barrett Sr., president and chief
executive, William R. Perdue
Jr., executive vice president
and Herbert B. Woodman, for-
mer chairman are the inside
members. The committee called
on independent counsel to con-
duct the investigation and on
Price Waterhouse & Company,
its independent auditors, to as-
sist in its work.

General Dynamics Profit Jp by 12.4% to a Record

By CLARE M. RECKERT

The General Dynamics Cor-
poration, the diversified aero-
space producer, reported yes-
terday a record second-quarter
profit with an increase of 12.4
percent. Half-year earnings also
reached a new high-reflecting
the increased business in its
varied fields, such as shipbuild-
ing, space, electronics and
natural resources.

Although other major aircraft
builders are not so diversified
as General Dynamics, the Boe-
ing Company realized a profit
increase of 35.5 percent and the
McDonnell Douglas Corpora-
tion a 42.9 percent rise for the
second quarter. Only the Lock-
heed Aircraft Corporation re-
ported a decline, which was
24.2 percent for the quarter.

The second-quarter net in-
come of General Dynamics
amounted to \$29.1 million, or
\$2.66 a share, including \$6.2
million, or 57 cents a share, re-
ceived in settlements of prior
claims against the United
States Navy in connection with
the production of standard mis-
siles at the Pomona division.

In the 1975 quarter, net in-
come was \$25.9 million, or
\$2.45 a share, including \$10.8
million, or \$1.02 a share, from
the Navy in final settlement of
claims related to ship construc-
tion at the Quincy Shipbuilding
division. The quarter's sales
went up 8.1 percent, to \$637.5
million from \$589.7 million in
the 1975 June quarter.

16.9 Percent Rise in Half
For the six months, earnings
were up 16.9 percent to \$46.4
million, or \$4.25 a share, from
\$39.7 million, or \$3.76, last
year. Sales were \$1.21 billion
against \$1.1 billion a year ago,
a gain of 10 percent.

David S. Lewis, chairman,
said the company's coal mines,
where problems of worker
productivity continue, showed
no improvement. The Strom-
berg-Carlson Telecommunications
subsidiary also continues
to be disappointing, he said, add-
ing that the independent tele-
phone industry is slow in recov-
ering from the recession, with
orders for new equipment just
picking up.
General Dynamics continues
to accrue no earnings on 688-

Commodity Price Index Off 5.4 From Week-Ago Level

The commodity spot market
price index of foodstuffs and
industrial materials fell to 207.4
from 212.8 last week.
The index compiled by the
Bureau of Labor Statistics
stood at 198.7 on Aug. 5, 1975.

The following table gives the
index and its components using
1967=100 as a base:

Table showing commodity price index components for August 1975, including foodstuffs, industrial materials, and other categories.

Business Records

Table listing business records for various companies, including names, addresses, and phone numbers.

Advertisement for the Japan Fisheries Association. The main headline reads 'What's 200 Miles? Between Friends?'. The ad discusses the 200-mile fishing zone, the impact of the Japanese diet, and the need for international cooperation in fisheries. It includes contact information for the Japan Fisheries Association in Tokyo, Japan.

Business Trends

Continued from Page D1

ping the output and vice versa.

Indeed, the reason for paper's roller coaster ride over the last two years is a microcosm of the national economy's ups and downs.

"Fundamentally, we keep up with the general economy," said Norma Pace, chief economist and senior vice president at the American Paper Institute.

These days, demand for paper products is so strong that industry officials have begun to worry that as the business recovery continues to gather strength, paper companies will find themselves reaching production limits.

According to Lawrence Ross, vice president of research at Mitchell, Hutchins, Inc., in 1976 the paper industry will operate at about 90.5 percent of capacity.

The impact of the growth in demand is heightened by the fact that growth of production capacity has slowed.

Historically, the paper industry has added new capacity at a rate of about 4.5 percent a year. But in the early 1970's, a combination of low return on investment and escalating costs of adding production slowed this growth rate to about 2.5 percent.

Moreover, the largest part of this growth is being achieved, "incrementally," by upgrading existing equipment and occasionally adding a new machine, rather than by building a new mill.

Right now, only one new mill is under construction and none is planned.



A dam at the Neokosa Paper plant in Port Edwards, Wis., diverts water from the Wisconsin River for use in the paper-making process and for hydroelectric generators.

Despite the fact that strong price increases achieved during 1974 have pushed the industry's rate of return on invested capital up above the average for all manufacturing companies for the first time in recent years, the cost of new capacity has risen so markedly that companies say that mammoth new mills are still not justified.

"Our own company is poised, ready and eager to expand when the market will support it at a higher price," said Samuel A. Casey, chairman of Great Northern Neokosa.

Mr. Casey estimated that a Neokosa plant in Ashdown, Ark., completed in 1968 for \$50 million, would require \$150 million to duplicate today.

Part of this is because of strict environmental controls, which, according to the companies, have been responsible for a 25 percent cost increase. The cost of complying with air-pollution and water-pollution standards is unusually high for paper because the industry is said to be a heavy polluter, dumping billions of gallons of waste water and releasing millions of tons of emissions.

For example, the St. Regis Paper Company plans to spend about \$95 million for capital investment this year, down slightly from 1975. Of this, the company calculated that \$23.6 million would go for

maintaining existing capacity, \$24.5 million would be spent on pollution and safety controls and \$46 million would be devoted to new capacity.

The state of the industry's fortunes are perhaps typified by Great Northern Neokosa's plant here. Eight block-long paper-making machines fill the old brick factory—but only three of them were built in the 20th century, the most recent in 1966. The machines undergo constant tinkering, to the point where the only original equipment on one, built in 1893 for the world's fair in Chicago, is the steel baseplate. The machine's output, however, has gone from 250 feet a minute to 900 feet a minute.

Historically, we've been able to consistently increase the productivity of these machines," said Patrick J. Hasset, vice president for manufacturing operations at Neokosa, "but there's no guarantee that it will go on."

About the newest piece of equipment in this town of 2,300 is the pollution-treatment equipment—\$20 million worth of towers, pipelines and treatment tanks to eliminate emissions and clean 45 million gallons of water used each day in the paper-making process.

Another reason for the hesitation on new plants is that no one in the paper business has figured out how to avoid the business cycle. Companies can only justify

new mills whose costs can run to the hundreds of millions of dollars, if they are going to run unstop. At the Neokosa mill here, for example, the production manager must account in writing for every minute that one of the paper machines is shut down.

Now, in bad years, the companies able to achieve price increases they feel are essential. In 1975, prices increased by only 1 percent, according to A.P.I. figures, although they jumped by nearly 27 percent in 1974 and have been on the rise once again in 1976.

In addition, the major paper companies have begun to diversify. For some, this means unrelated projects in chemical, petroleum or real estate to try to counter the cycle of paper earnings. For others, diversification has marked a growing realization that paper is under pressure from substitute products, largely plastic but occasionally metal.

Back in 1955, most bread was wrapped in waxed paper," said George J. Kneeland, chairman of St. Regis. "Today, the wrapping is plastic film, but we're a packaging company and we stayed right in it."

Ironically, the problem of adding capacity bodes well for the paper companies. Inevitably, tight supply means higher prices and higher prices mean higher profits.

New York Stock Exchange Bond Trading

Table of New York Stock Exchange Bond Trading, including sections for INTER-AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK, WORLD BANK, CORPORATIONS BONDS, and American Exchange Bond Trade.

15c Dividend Is Declared By Chrysler

Special to The New York Times

DETROIT, Aug. 5 — The Chrysler Corporation's board of directors today declared a quarterly dividend of 15 cents a share and company officials said the action showed that the company expected to continue its comeback from record 1975 losses.

The dividend, announced at a board meeting in New York, had been expected but it was at the low end of estimates by Wall Street analysts. Chrysler stopped paying a 35 cent dividend after the fourth quarter of 1974 while on its way to a deficit of \$258 million last year.

The company cut expenses, changed top management, and introduced some new popular compact cars. It began its comeback last winter and earned a near record \$72 million, or \$1.30 a share, in the first quarter of this year.

Earnings Per Share Payoff But under the terms of a \$463 million line of credit it was prohibited from resuming the dividend until 1976 earnings topped \$21 million.

The General Motors Corporation and the Ford Motor Company also had record earnings this year and are restoring dividends cut during last year's slump. G.M. has raised its dividend 85 cents from 60 cents and Ford is again up to 80 cents from 60 cents.

Chrysler's dividend is payable Sept. 10 to shareholders of record Aug. 16.

The No. 3 auto maker has paced the Big Three's new-car sales rebound this year. Its deliveries are up 40 percent compared with G.M.'s 39 percent increase and Ford's 28 percent gain.

Chrysler Market Share Chrysler has now 15.6 percent of the domestic market, compared with 14.9 percent last year. A major reason given by analysts for its improvement is the popularity of the new Plymouth Volare and Dodge Aspen compacts.

The firm has no new lines to introduce this fall when the 1977 model year begins, but next March it expects to introduce two new small luxury cars the Dodge Diplomat and Chrysler LeBaron — slightly larger and fancier versions of the Volare and Aspen models.

A year from now it will be preparing to introduce new subcompact size Plymouth and Dodge cars to be built at its Belvidere, Ill., plant. The cars

Business Briefs

U.S. Cites Oil-Import Rise, Low Output

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5 (AP)—Domestic oil production at 8.1 million barrels a day already has dropped to the lowest level in more than a decade while imports are expected to climb to 41 percent of consumption this year, the Federal Energy Office said today.

In a midyear report, the agency's administrator, Frank G. Zarb, also projected a significant increase in petroleum demands for 1976, compared with droppings in consumption in both 1974 and 1975. Second-period figures showed a rise of 4.1 percent over the same three months last year, with an increase of 4.3 percent for motor gasoline alone.

Mr. Zarb announced, as expected, the removal of price controls on Sept. 1 from a number of specialty items that account for about 6 percent of all petroleum products.

U.N. Economic Body Regrets Deadlock

Special to The New York Times

GENEVA, Aug. 5 — The United Nations Economic and Social Council expressed today "concern and disappointment" over what it termed the "deadlock" reached at the Paris Conference on International Economic Cooperation. In a resolution adopted at the final sitting of its 31st session, the council also regretted the "lack of concrete results" thus far in the so-called "North-South dialogue" in Paris between 27 industrialized and developing countries.

Consumer Credit Rise Slowed in June

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5 (UPI)—Americans increased their debts significantly in June, but the expansion in consumer credit was not so large as in the previous month, the Federal Reserve Board said today. The nation's central bank said consumer credit rose \$1.33 billion in June, somewhat lower than May's revised \$1.47 billion. The May increase was the largest expansion in consumer debt since October 1973.

A reduction in auto credit growth was responsible for the slowing in consumer debt expansion, the board said. It added that extensions of consumer credit increased nearly 4 percent in June to a record of \$15.6 billion. However, liquidations posted a large advance, resulting in the overall slowdown. Consumer credit measured by the Fed covers debt for short terms, such as 30 to 90 days, and installment loans up to seven years. Consumer debt and employment often move in concert.

Rise in Auto Output Due This Week

Special to The New York Times

DETROIT, Aug. 5 — American auto plants are expected to build 101,826 cars this week, up 15 percent from 88,494 last week because several plants reopened after vacation or model changeover shutdowns. This week's output will also be 2.2 percent ahead of the 99,658 cars built in the corresponding week last year, according to the trade paper Automotive News.

Output this year totals 5,256,501, up 40.5 percent from 3,742,246 cars built at this point last year. Six Ford Motor Company plants resumed work this week after vacation. The American Motors Corporation reopened its three Wisconsin plants after a five-week shutdown for inventory adjustment and model changeover. Seven other plants started 1977 production this week, Automotive News said.

and also pave the way for it to become a major supplier of parts for the V.W. Rabbit. Chrysler has eliminated some losing subsidiaries such as its Airtemp Division and has reached agreement with the British Government for it to underwrite losses by Chrysler-United Kingdom subsidiary, expected to total about \$80 million this year.

Dow Drops 5.60 Points; Trading Off

Continued from Page D1

billion in the week. This is considered bullish by those watching that indicator since it means that the Fed will not have to tighten its credit policy.

Losers on the New York Stock Exchange yesterday outnumbered advances by 766 to 573. A total of 51 issues registered new 1976 highs while 13 stocks made new lows.

Turnover on the Big Board dropped to 15.53 million shares from 20.65 million on Wednesday.

Ignatius Teichberg, vice president of Gruntal & Company, commented that despite the present erratic market action, "a move out of the market's doldrums could occur shortly." He commented that portfolio managers will not continue to ignore the present favorable economic factors such as a reduction in the inflation rate, the cut in labor costs, rising corporate earnings and stabilized low interest rates.

Nine of the 15 most actively traded issues yesterday declined, 3 rose and 3 were unchanged. The volume leader was Dow Chemical which fell 1 3/4 to 44 on a turnover of 264,000 shares, including several small blocks of 10,000 shares or more.

Chrysler Corporation, which made the active list, fell 1/4 to 20 3/4. The company resumed yesterday its dividend policy by declaring a 15 cents a share dividend. The company last paid a dividend of 35 cents a share in December, 1974.

The biggest loser of the day was TeleType, which made the active list and fell 4 1/2 to 69 1/2. There was no corporate news to account for the decline in the stock.

The bulk of the Dow Jones average decline came from losses in four issues including Chrysler. The three other stocks were Eastman Kodak, down 2 3/4 to 95 1/4; Dupont 1 1/2 to 136 3/4; and Procter & Gamble 1 1/2 to 93.

The strongest issue in the Dow average was Esmark which rose 1 to 31 1/2.

Highs and Lows Thursday, August 5, 1976

Table of Highs and Lows for various stocks on Thursday, August 5, 1976.

Handwritten note: "The value is 1.50" with a scribble.

Other U.S. Stock Exchanges

Table with columns for Stock, High, Low, Close, Chg. Includes sections for MIDWEST, PACIFIC, and BOSTON.

Foreign Stock Exchanges

Table with columns for Stock, High, Low, Close, Chg. Includes sections for TORONTO, LONDON, AMSTERDAM, BRUSSELS, JOHANNESBURG, MILAN, FRANKFURT, BUENOS AIRES, PARIS, SYDNEY, and TOKYO.

Advertising

TV Awaits Sensational Sidney

By PHILIP H. DOUGHERTY

When it comes to being the most discussed TV feature, 'Mary Hartman, Mary Hartman' may be in for some competition in the fall if Sensational Sidney and Fabulous Frances take to the TV airwaves as planned.

At the moment few people outside the Long Island area are aware of Sidney Schwartz and his wife, who run the Bloomcrest Fabric Discount Center in Baldwin, but since they're planning to add television to their newspaper advertising schedule, viewers throughout the market may soon become aware of Long Island's most prolific writer of public love letters.

For the last seven years, half of every Bloomcrest ad that has run in Newsday and the Long Island section of the New York Times has been devoted to letters addressed to 'Dear wife of mine, Fabulous Frances' from Sensational Sidney.

'You are a courageous woman who fuses business, family and marriage into a lustful loving triangle,' he writes, or 'You have captured the total woman, beauty, excitement and adventure of loving with a wealth of mine, Fabulous Frances' from Sensational Sidney.

'When you love a woman you have to tell the world about her,' he said during a telephone interview the other day.

Mr. Schwartz, who is 57 years old (his wife is 46), reports that the public loves his letters. A marriage counselor, he said, once asked him to read them to a graduate student who runs a company called Advertisers from Cliff Cove home.

Mr. Schwartz, who is 57 years old (his wife is 46), reports that the public loves his letters. A marriage counselor, he said, once asked him to read them to a graduate student who runs a company called Advertisers from Cliff Cove home.

David's Lemonade Helps Identify



Any executive who is contemplating, or has been through, a corporate identity program should enjoy a Corporate Identity Manual created by Fulton & Partners for the nonexistent David's Lemonade stand.

The logotype is simply 'David's Lemonade' in childish letters (the book, in fact, contains the entire alphabet in a 'new typeface') and the mark is the drawing of a lemon in the official color 'Crayola Yellow.'

The booklet is the 15th of a series of publications called Folio that are done by the Sanders Printing Company to show off its talents. Each has been created by a different company on different subjects at the invitation of Sanders.

Copies of David's manual may be obtained from the printer or from Fulton & Partners at 717 Fifth Avenue. But not from David.

And, after all of the publicity, maybe the Carter family might be interested. Good identity programs, after all, do help business.

After the non-Mexican license terminates the arrangement, the U.S.T.A. insists that the law violates the 'spirit and letter' of the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property.

The U.S.T.A. insists that the law violates the 'spirit and letter' of the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property. The U.S.T.A. insists that the law violates the 'spirit and letter' of the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property.

The U.S.T.A. insists that the law violates the 'spirit and letter' of the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property. The U.S.T.A. insists that the law violates the 'spirit and letter' of the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property.

News Power. Compared to your average top-rated TV show, the three news magazines net nearly twice as many households that spent \$2,000 or more last year on vacation travel. And dollar for dollar, we lead the way.

We are pleased to announce the appointment of MATTHEW P. HAYMAN Senior Vice President FINANCIAL TRUST COMPANY Investment Management Company

Listing of Prices of Commodity Futures

Table with columns for Commodity, Price, Change. Includes sections for WHEAT, CORN, SOYBEAN OIL, POTATOES, PLATINUM, COPPER, GOLD, and SILVER.

Sugar Prices Off Sharply

On French Crop Report

By ELIZABETH M. FOWLER

Prices of sugar futures dropped sharply on the New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange yesterday, following a report about better-than-expected yields for French sugar beets.

Through a pound, has cut expectations for the grain harvest in France, has also affected sugar beets there.

About a week ago the Dutch Government reported that sugar-beet yields in the Netherlands were better than had been forecast. The Netherlands has effective irrigation, so this news, although surprising, did not indicate to many traders that the French sugar beet crop might also fare better.

However, France had some good rains in late July, which might have helped. One trader, alluding to the general tendency to be pessimistic, commented, 'Everybody overkills a crop.'

If the French sugar beet crop really is better than expected, the French grain crop may also be larger, some traders reasoned.

Weakness in the soybean-oil market influenced a sideways move in prices for soybeans yesterday on the Chicago Board of Trade. After some erratic ups and downs, the September delivery closed at \$6.21 1/4 a bushel, little changed from \$6.20 1/4 on Wednesday.

Cash Prices

Table with columns for Commodity, Price, Change. Includes sections for Wheat, Corn, Soybeans, and other grains.

Open Interest

Table with columns for Commodity, Open Interest, Change.

Foreign Stock Index

Table with columns for Country, Index, Change.

Money

NEW YORK (AP) - Money rates for Thursday.

GIVE PLEASURES GIVE FRESH AIR FUND

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American Stock Exchange Transactions: Consolidated Summary of Yesterday's Trading

Main table of stock transactions for Thursday, August 5, 1976. Columns include stock symbols, prices, and trading volumes. The table is organized into sections: A-C, D-F, G-I, J-L, M-O, P-R, S-T, U-V, W-X, Y-Z.

Results of Trading in Stock Options

Table showing results of trading in stock options for Thursday, August 5, 1976. It is divided into three main sections: American Stock Exchange, Chicago Board, and Philadelphia Options. Each section lists various option contracts with their respective prices and trading volumes.

Looking for more Health Care, Hospital or Medical job opportunities to choose from? Look in The Week! Review (Section 4) every Sunday. Look in the "About Education" feature every Wednesday. Look in the Classified Pages every day of the week. The New York Times

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Over-the-Counter Quotations

THURSDAY, AUGUST 5, 1976

Quotations supplied through NASDAQ as of 4:00 P.M. Quotes do not include retail markup, markdown or commissions. Volume represents shares that changed ownership during the day. Figures include only transactions affected by NASDAQ market-makers but may include some duplication where market-makers traded with each other.

Table of stock quotations with columns for Bid, 100s Bid, Asked, and Ctr. Includes various company names and their corresponding prices.

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AUTHORITY BONDS table listing various bond issues, their terms, and prices.

U.S. Government and Agency Bonds table listing government securities and their prices.

OTHER BONDS table listing various corporate and municipal bonds.

MUTUAL FUNDS table listing various mutual fund investments and their performance.

Supplementary O-T-C table listing additional over-the-counter securities.

Supplementary O-T-C table listing additional over-the-counter securities.

Ecumenical Group Cites Progress on Communion

By KENNETH A. BRIGGS

Special to The New York Times

ADELPHI, Aug. 5—An ecumenical group of scholars and church leaders, citing the progress in ecumenical dialogue, predicted today that the receiving of communion by non-Christians will be achieved in the next few years.

The group, which includes members of the Roman Catholic, Anglican, Lutheran, Methodist, Presbyterian, and United Methodist churches, met here for a week-long conference on the subject of the Eucharist.

John P. Hotchkiss, a Presbyterian minister and ecumenical officer for the National Council of Churches, said that the progress in ecumenical dialogue has been such that the receiving of communion by non-Christians will be achieved in the next few years.

Hotchkiss declared that "these are not the issues on which Christians of West parted company, On the Eucharist we did." "Therefore it is, to my mind, the greatest impact on our future," Father Hotchkiss said, "just as disagreement here had the greatest impact on our past."

Result of Research

Joint committees of scholars, consisting of the legacy of distrust and differing practices, have uncovered several major articles of basic contention. Their research has indicated that the conflicts were more a matter of misunderstanding than based on solid biblical or theological grounds.

A particularly divisive issue has centered on the manner in which Christ was believed to be "present" in the Eucharistic elements of bread and wine.

Catholics, Orthodox and some Anglicans have generally taken the view that Christ's "real presence" transformed the elements into Christ's actual body and blood.

The bulk of Protestant and Anglican, on the other hand, have tended to take a less supernatural view, leaning toward the interpretation that Christ was spiritually, though not actually, within the elements.

The ecumenical group is expected to issue a report on its findings in the next few weeks. The report is expected to be a landmark document in the history of ecumenical dialogue.



Miguel Cardinal Miranda y Gomez, with mitre, saying mass outside Independence Hall in Philadelphia.

EX-OFFICIAL'S TIES TO MOTEL STUDIED

Former F.B.I. Aide Said to Have Invested With Man Now Facing Fraud Trial

By JOHN M. CREWDSOM

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5—The Justice Department's internal investigation team is studying a reported financial relationship between John P. Mohr, a former top official of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and a Virginia real estate developer accused of defrauding the Small Business Administration, according to department sources.

The developer, Joseph C. Palumbo, was indicted by a Federal grand jury in Richmond last week along with Samuel R. Calabrese, his cousin, whom Mr. Palumbo has been accused of obtaining through fraud and that Mr. Calabrese had not been a partner in the enterprise.

Before he retired, Mr. Mohr was the F.B.I.'s top administrative official, with authority over purchasing and at least two independent sources of bureau funds, all of which have come under scrutiny from the Justice Department's Office of Professional Responsibility.

That office is investigating possible kickbacks to bureau executives from a number of private companies. It is also looking into possible misappropriation of the funds of the bureau's recreation association, over which Mr. Mohr had control, and of funds of the bureau's \$18-million-a-year medical insurance program.

The insurance program is administered by the Special Agents Mutual Benefits Association, of which Mr. Mohr was once president, and for which he served as a paid consultant after his retirement from the bureau.

One of Mr. Mohr's associates said that he believed Mr. Mohr's \$10,000 investment in the model, the Family Inn of Florence, S.C., had come from his own funds. He said that Mr. Mohr had "inherited a substantial amount of money."

This associate said that Mr. Mohr became involved in the Palumbo venture after learning of it from his son-in-law, a student at the University of Virginia who was a client of Mr. Palumbo's Richmond insurance agency.

Several sources said that, to their knowledge, the motel project had not been financed with any of the S.B.A. money that Mr. Palumbo has been accused of obtaining through fraud and that Mr. Calabrese had not been a partner in the enterprise.

Asked whether Mr. Palumbo was believed to have links to organized crime that extended beyond his relationship with his cousin, one Federal official replied, "It depends on who you talk to," and another said there may be more connections.

According to one source familiar with the scope of the inquiry, Mr. Mohr, who retired from the F.B.I. as an assistant to the director in 1972, invested \$10,000 in a South Carolina

Crime Figure Who Aided Plot on Castro Is Missing

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5—John Roselli, the organized crime figure whose last year acknowledged his role in the Central Intelligence Agency's plots against the life of Prime Minister Fidel Castro of Cuba, has disappeared from his home in the Miami area.

Tom Wadden, his lawyer, said today that Mr. Roselli left home in his sister's automobile eight days ago after assuring her that he would return for dinner that evening.

Mr. Wadden said that the auto, a 1975 Chevrolet, was subsequently discovered by Mr. Roselli's brother-in-law at the Miami Airport. There was "nothing strange" about the car, and Mr. Roselli's golf clubs were in the trunk, Mr. Wadden said.

Asked whether any evidence had been found that the 60-year-old Mr. Roselli might have left the country by plane, Mr. Wadden said that his client did not hold a United States passport because of a deportation order, which he is appealing.

It is possible, however, to board an airplane bound for certain countries, such as Mexico and the Bahamas, without first displaying a valid passport.

Testified for Senate

Mr. Roselli, a stocky, silver-haired former member of the Chicago crime organization once headed by Al Capone, testified last year before the Senate Select Committee on Intelligence about his role in making arrangements for at least two attempts on Mr. Castro's life in 1960 and 1961.

He worked on that project with Sam Giancana, Capone's successor, who was murdered in his home in Oak Park, Ill., in June 1975, only a few days before Mr. Roselli's Senate testimony.

Justice Department officials here said today that they had found no firm indication that Mr. Giancana's death was related to the Castro plots, and they discounted the likelihood that Mr. Roselli's disappearance might be linked to his appearance before the committee a year ago.

After learning that Mr. Roselli had disappeared, Mr. Wadden said, he telephoned Senator

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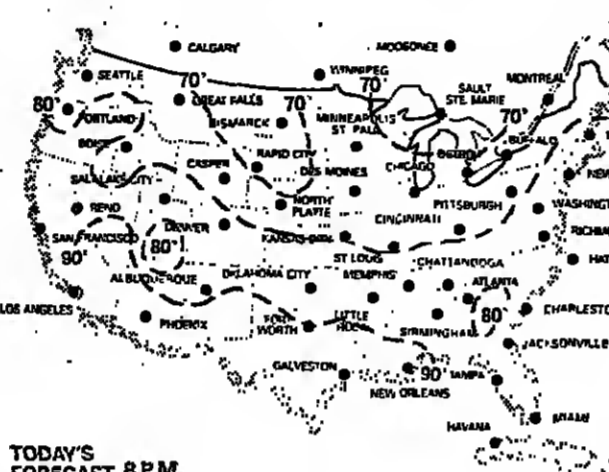
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Weather Reports and Forecast



TODAY'S FORECAST 8 P.M. AUGUST 6, 1976

City	Temp	Wind	Bar
NEW YORK	70-78	SW 12	30.04
CHICAGO	68-76	SW 12	30.04
LOS ANGELES	72-80	SW 12	30.04
HONOLULU	72-80	SW 12	30.04
MIAMI	72-80	SW 12	30.04
PHOENIX	72-80	SW 12	30.04
DENVER	72-80	SW 12	30.04
SALT LAKE CITY	72-80	SW 12	30.04
PORTLAND	72-80	SW 12	30.04
SEATTLE	72-80	SW 12	30.04
ALBUQUERQUE	72-80	SW 12	30.04
EL PASO	72-80	SW 12	30.04
HOUSTON	72-80	SW 12	30.04
MEMPHIS	72-80	SW 12	30.04
INDIANAPOLIS	72-80	SW 12	30.04
CINCINNATI	72-80	SW 12	30.04
COLUMBIANA	72-80	SW 12	30.04
KANSAS CITY	72-80	SW 12	30.04
ST. LOUIS	72-80	SW 12	30.04
SPRINGFIELD	72-80	SW 12	30.04
CHATTANOOGA	72-80	SW 12	30.04
ATLANTA	72-80	SW 12	30.04
JACKSONVILLE	72-80	SW 12	30.04
MIAMI	72-80	SW 12	30.04
FT. LAUDERDALE	72-80	SW 12	30.04
ORLANDO	72-80	SW 12	30.04
MIAMI BEACH	72-80	SW 12	30.04
MIAMI GARDENS	72-80	SW 12	30.04
MIAMI LAKES	72-80	SW 12	30.04
MIAMI SPRING	72-80	SW 12	30.04
MIAMI VILLE	72-80	SW 12	30.04
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Fair skies occurred yesterday throughout the Northeast and Middle Atlantic States. Showers and thundershowers developed ahead of a cool air mass from the lake region through the middle Mississippi Valley into the Central Plains States; a few thundershowers were scattered along the Gulf Coast. Sunny and seasonable conditions dominated the Southern Plains States, central and southern Rockies and California. In addition to rain in the Pacific Northwest, partly cloudy skies covered the rest of the country.

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Notes on People

Beard Is Down to 270 After a 2-Month Diet

James A. Beard reported from his Greenwich Village home that he has lost 35 pounds and now weighs 270 pounds for his 6 feet 3 inch height. The 73-year-old Oregon-born food writer and gourmet cook was put on a salt-free, 600-calories-a-day diet when he entered a San Francisco hospital June 9, suffering from phlebitis and a heart condition. Released a month ago, he returned here Wednesday but announced that cooking classes in his kitchen, including classes taught by others, would be suspended until further notice.

In 1964 by 32 minutes. She crossed from Dover to the French coast in 9 hours 3 minutes. Last year Miss Bischoff, exhausted after 9 hours 25 minutes, gave up a mile from the French coast.

At a change-of-command ceremony in Gaeta, Italy, Adm. Frederick C. Turner stepped down yesterday as commander of the United States Sixth Fleet and Adm. Harry D. Train was sworn in.

Stanford University announced yesterday the appointment of Fernando Flores, just released after three years in a Chilean prison, as a research associate in computer science. Mr. Flores, a member of the Cabinet of the late President Salvador Allende Gosses, developed a computer-based economic information system covering the entire Chilean economy.

Expressing his intention to become a Buddhist monk, the former Prime Minister of Thailand, Thanom Kittikachorn, has asked permission to return from exile in Singapore.

The former field marshal was one of three military leaders who lost their posts in the student-led 1973 uprising. His deputy, Phrasas Charasathien, is now in Taiwan and his son, Narong Kittikachorn, is believed to be in Europe.

The Arab League's secretary-general, Mahmoud Riad, was back in Zurich yesterday after receiving medical treatment in the south of France for several days. Mr. Riad went originally from Cairo to Switzerland because a detached retina and internal bleeding in one eye, and is to receive further care there.

In France he met with Foreign Minister Jean Sauvagnargues concerning the Lebanese civil war and with Said Kamal, deputy head of the political department of the Palestine Liberation Organization.

On a visit to Cherry Hill, N. J., this week, Muhammad Ali said he and his family planned to move back to the Philadelphia suburb. The heavyweight champion said he would live in a high-rise apartment there until he found a house.

"I'm going to put Cherry Hill back on the map," he said.

LAURIE JOHNSTON

In Libreville, as President Albert-Bernard Boogo of Gabon danced briefly to the drumbeats, President Valery Giscard d'Estaing of France stepped from his plane to the sound of dozens of bands playing "Boogo is Giscard's Friend, Giscard is Gabon's Friend." The song, composed by President Boogo's son, Alphonse, had been a hit for days in advance of the French President's arrival for a three-day state visit.

The estranged wife of Robert Todd Lincoln Beckwith, the last surviving great-grandchild of Abraham Lincoln, will appeal the divorce Mr. Beckwith was granted on the ground of her adultery, her lawyers announced in Washington yesterday.

After three years of litigation, Mr. Beckwith, 71, was awarded the divorce Wednesday on the basis of medical testimony that a therapeutic vasectomy after surgery six years before their 1968 marriage had left him sterile.

Mrs. Beckwith, 35, the former Annemarie Hoffman, gave birth to Timothy Lincoln Beckwith in 1969. A blood test for the boy was ordered last April, but the mother, living with him in Germany, delayed complying. No test result was mentioned in yesterday's proceedings.

An earlier court ruling said that "the child will not be bound on the issue of paternity" from any claim to the Lincoln estate, which is estimated at \$1 million. Mr. Beckwith, described by his lawyer as "a gentleman of no occupation," had no children by his previous wife, who died in 1965.

Tina Bischoff, 17, of Columbus, Ohio, broke the world record for a one-way swim of the English Channel yesterday, beating the mark set

Defendants in Mosque Shooting Ask Judge to Vacate Gag Order

By DENA KLEIMAN

Defense lawyers in the case played for the jury. Yesterday, at the defense's request, an additional 14 minutes, apparently documenting what had been happening at the mosque, was heard.

"Two cops shot at this location, get an ambulance here, K," a voice identified only as coming from an unknown police unit says, according to a transcript of the tape obtained by The New York Times.

"An ambulance is on the way," a central police radio dispatcher answers. The recording includes contradictory evaluations from the police of the need for additional assistance at the mosque, as well as a report about "a perpetrator still trapped in a building in possession of the patrolman's gun."

James Harmon, the assistant district attorney in charge of the case, has said that Mr. Dupree took Officer Cardillo's gun and shot him with it. Saad El-Amin, one of the defense attorneys, has maintained that Mr. Dupree is innocent, and that during the trial he would show the policeman's killer really is.

Yesterday was also a day marked by an appearance before the start of the session of Muhammad Ali, who sat quietly in the front row. The boxing champion drew a crowd of spectators, some of whom asked for his autograph or wanted to shake his hand. As the jurors filed into the courtroom, they whispered to each other and pointed in his direction.

"I came to see my brother get justice," Mr. Ali said to a few reporters. "He's a deeply spiritual, righteous man, a peaceful man, a Muslim." When Mr. Dupree, who is out on bail, entered the courtroom, Mr. Ali embraced him.

LEGAL

Newspaper Publication

Notice of Publication of Summary of Grant Application of the State of New York for the Special Grants to the Governor for Financial Assistance under Title I of the Comprehensive Employment and Training Act of 1973

The State of New York has prepared a plan for fiscal year 1977 funding under Title I, Subpart 2, of the Comprehensive Employment and Training Act of 1973 (CETA). The purpose of this grant is to provide vocational education services for prime sponsors, special programs and services for rural areas outside of major labor market areas, information and technical assistance for public agencies in the State, the development of model training and employment programs, and staff support to the State Manpower Services Council. The grant allotment is \$12,291,758. Activities are proposed as follows:

Activity	Number of Persons to be Served	Funds
Vocational Education Projects	6,100	\$6,781,509
State Manpower Services Council	3,610	\$5,425,208
		\$1,085,042

A copy of the complete grant application will be on file for public inspection with the Manpower Services Council, Room 562, Building 12, State Office Campus, Albany, New York between the hours of 9:30 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. Monday through Friday from August 2, 1976 to September 1, 1976.

It will also be on file for public inspection in the field offices at 333 E. Washington Street, Room 606, Syracuse, New York; 2 World Trade Center, Room 73-40, New York City; and 65 Court Street, Room 403, Buffalo, New York.

Telephone questions will be answered at 515-457-1190. Official comments shall be made in writing to the New York State Department of Labor, Philip Ross, Industrial Commissioner at Room 563, Building 12, State Office Campus, Albany, New York 12240.

Introducing Fact. The low gas, low 'tar.'

Chances are, you've never heard gas and cigarettes mentioned together before. Just 'tar' and nicotine.

According to some critics of smoking, gases are part of the controversy too.

You see, smoke is mostly gas. Different kinds of gas. And despite what we tobacco people think, these critics say it's just as important to cut down on some of the gases as it is to lower 'tar' and nicotine.

No ordinary cigarette can do it. But Fact can.

Fact is unique; the first cigarette with a revolutionary Purite filter. And Fact reduces gas concentrations at the same time it reduces 'tar' and nicotine.

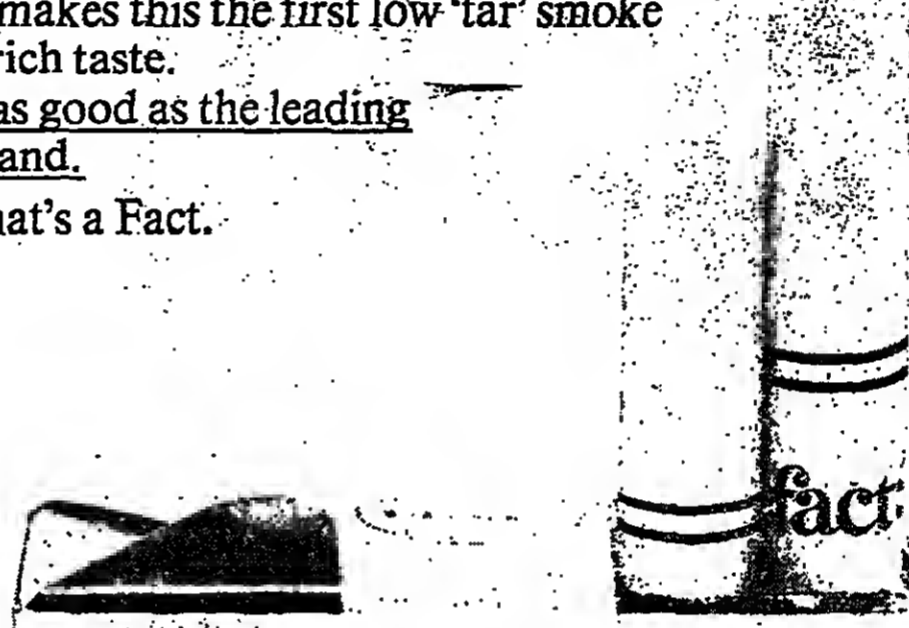
Meaning you get low gas and low 'tar.' Together.

But that's not all.

Take a minute to read our pack. It tells you how Purite makes this the first low 'tar' smoke with good, rich taste.

Taste as good as the leading king-size brand.

And that's a Fact.



20 CLASS A CIGARETTES

fact:

Fact is the first cigarette with Purite granules, the selective filtering agent.

Selective.

That means it reduces things that taste bad in smoke.

Without removing the things that taste good.

So, for the first time, you get a taste you can like in a low 'tar' cigarette.

And that's a fact.

Available in regular and menthol.

Fact: The low gas, low 'tar.'

Warning: The Surgeon General Has Determined That Cigarette Smoking Is Dangerous to Your Health.

Regular, 13 mg. "tar," 1.0 mg. nicotine, Menthol, 12 mg. "tar," 0.9 mg. nicotine, av. per cigarette, by FTC method.

صلى الله عليه وسلم